

FOOTNOTES TO THE ARL ACADEMIC LAW LIBRARY STATISTICS, 2005-06

Footnotes may also include errata and corrections to data not previously reported from prior years. Numbers in parentheses refer to columns in Library Data Tables and to Questionnaire numbers.

QUESTION

NUMBER

FOOTNOTE

ALABAMA

- 19 Includes bibliographic utilities, memberships, and literature searching.

BOSTON COLLEGE

- 15.d Includes NELLCO Legal scholarship Repository e-mail notification service for items newly deposited in scholarly repository (\$296), MARC records purchased for MOML (\$15,000), and membership fees for LOCKSS and Portico (\$3,082).
- 22 2004-05 figure was erroneous, inadvertently double-counting resource expenditures. Current figure reflects actual expenditures in this category.

BRIGHAM YOUNG

All figures are for the calendar year ending December 31, 2005.

- 12 This figure includes both audio and film/video items and cannot be separated.
- 39 All Law enrollment numbers are embedded in the Main Library figures.

CALIFORNIA, DAVIS

- 1.b Figure reflects additional volumes purchased; volumes withdrawn decreased due to less weeding of the collection.
- 2 Cancellation of added copies, little used sets last year allowed increased purchase of new titles.
- 4 Figure reflects additional volumes purchased; volumes withdrawn decreased due to less weeding of the collection.
- 15.a Figure reflects funds from cancelled titles allocated to monographs.
- 17.c Figure reflects fewer vacancies and less temporary help needed.
- 22 Figure reflects increased electronic resources purchased.
- 24 Figure reflects a new server for online catalog.
- 25 Figure reflects greater use of intercampus free delivery services, Tricor.
- 34 Figure reflects more items requested this reporting period.
- 35 Figure reflects fewer items borrowed from others for this reporting period.

CHICAGO

- 1.b Withdrew 77,494 volumes that were duplicative or available in electronic form and in the university library.
- 2, 15a Committed more money in 2005-06 than 2004-05, but did not receive the books before June 30 because the project work delayed book selection and orders.
- 12 Claimed outstanding orders.
- 17.c Figure reflects expenses related to Project, to select and process books for storage and to withdraw duplicative and out-of-scope volumes.
- 23.a Increase is the result of the Law Library's ability to now accurately reflect its expenditures.
- 24 Increase is the result of an overall upgrade in hardware.
- 26.b Figure reflects personnel related to Project to select and process books for storage and to withdraw duplicative and out-of-scope volumes.
- 26.c Figures reflect personnel related to Project to select and process books for storage and to withdraw duplicative and

QUESTION

NUMBER

FOOTNOTE

out-of-scope volumes.

34, 35 Figures represent items, not requests.

COLORADO

Volumes held June 30, 2004-05 revised to 289,494.

COLUMBIA

34 Includes 5,372 requests from fee-based service.

CONNECTICUT

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 335,621 to include 21,700 from Making of Modern Law purchase.

CORNELL

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 540,156 to reflect additional e-book counts (Making of Modern Law; and items in earlier years from LLMC Digital and Manas Media).

1.b.i Includes a small number of e-books (LLMC Digital and Manas Media).

17.a Includes professional staff and exempt staff.

17.b Excludes exempt staff. Includes hourly staff and non-student staff.

26.a Includes professional staff and exempt staff.

EMORY

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 216,056.

15.d Includes: Legal research and other online resources (\$210,558), and bibliographic utilities (\$14,200).

19 Includes: Fringe benefits (\$226,579), contract staff (\$74,422), and miscellaneous (\$32,108).

FLORIDA

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 319,955.

FLORIDA STATE

28 Figure is included in the main library data.

GEORGE WASHINGTON

15.b Increase due to year-end funds used to pay for some 2006-07 subscriptions at the end of the 2005-06 fiscal year. Also, inflation was a factor.

15.c Decrease due to a one-time purchase of some large microform sets in 2004-05, which were included here.

21 In 2005-06, the Law Library made one-time purchases of two large databases (Making of Modern Law, and Supreme Court Records) for \$180,000.

HARVARD UNIVERSITY

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 1,723,645.

35 Decrease is a result of access to digital resources.

HAWAII

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 126,674 to reflect gift volumes inadvertently omitted in 2003-04.

HOUSTON

When compiling statistics for this report, law library staff noted a discrepancy between the current volume count and figures reported previously. After extensive study, they determined that a mistake had been made several years ago. That error is corrected; volumes held June 30, 2005 has been revised to 220,639 because of different

QUESTION

NUMBER

FOOTNOTE

reporting requirements for the American Bar Association statistics.

- 2 Both UH Law Library and the Main Library had a significant increase in number of monographic volumes purchased.
- 6 The increase in the number of microform units held by the UH Libraries is due to a change in the way the Law Library reported its statistics. Previously, Law had used the definition required for the American Bar Association (fiche = number of units divided by 6, microfilm = number of reels x 5). The number reported this year reflects the definition used by ARL and was calculated by reverse-engineering the figures reported to ABA.

HOWARD

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 207,653.

- 24 Figure reflects fewer computer hardware purchases.

IOWA

- 2 Figure is estimated; titles are not separated by monograph/serials, only by dollar amount.
- 17.a Does not include salary of Associate Dean for Research.
- 17.c Law library does not include 2 RAs and 5 LOF students paid by law school Dean's account.
- 19 Law Library includes postage, phones, supplies, equipment.
- 31 Law Library bases on two weekly surveys taken each year and then multiplied.

KANSAS

- 1.b.i Library monograph expenditures were significantly cut in 2005-06.
- 4.a Includes the number of serials received in PDF format from Hein Online.
- 15.a Library monograph expenditures were significantly cut in 2005-06.

LOUISIANA STATE

- 10 Change due to maps being recounted in 2006.

MIAMI

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 423,750 to include 21,811 e-books not included in prior years.

- 17.a Excludes law library director's salary.

MICHIGAN

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 699,148 to include 21,811 e-books.

- 1.b.i Includes 2,684 e-books.
- 15.d Includes: ILL (\$480) and Preservation (\$56,091)
- 32, 33 Includes reserves.

MICHIGAN STATE

- 12 Counts based on item (or copy), not on number of units within each copy.

MONTREAL

Volumes held May 31, 2005 revised to 177,354 in order to correct past miscalculations.

NEBRASKA

- 7-9 Figures unavailable for Law Library.

OHIO STATE

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 560,969.

QUESTION

NUMBER

FOOTNOTE

- 23.b OhioLINK funds are provided for the entire university and are not broken down by individual library.

OREGON

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 193,629 to include 21,811 titles from MOML.

- 2 Includes 21,811 titles loaded from MOML.
21 Figure reflects the 1st of 4 payments for MOML.
25 Most ILL expenses for Law are not separate from the Main Library.
34, 35 Cannot be separated from the main library figure.

QUEEN'S

All statistics unless otherwise stated are as of April 30, 2006.

- 26a, 26b Figures are as of November 2005.

RUTGERS, CAMDEN

- 10-13 Audiovisual Materials figures cannot be disaggregated. Total audiovisual is 122.

RUTGERS, NEWARK

- 10-13 Audiovisual Materials figures cannot be disaggregated. Total audiovisual is 1,164.
17a, 26a Reduction of 2 professionals due to Law School reorganization.
17b, 26b Reduction of 6 support staff from 2004-05, as those data were incorrectly reported; 2004-05 figure revised to 15. 3 positions removed due to Law School reorganization, and 2 hourly support staff removed.
17c, 26c Reduced by 4 student employees due to lack of funds.

SASKATCHEWAN

- 4a-b Figures were not provided in previous years.

SYRACUSE

- 12 Previously reported in bibliographic units.

TEMPLE

- 1.b.i Higher number of volumes reflects increase in library funding.
4.b Increase reflects inclusion of government documents.
15a, 15b Increases are a result of an increase in funding.
15.c Includes a one-time purchase of a backfile and audio visual materials due to an increase in funding from the University Library.
15.d Reflects spending on bibliographic utilities in 2005-06 upon a closer reading of the instructions.
19 Reflects an increase in funding from the Law School and from the University Library system.
21 Figure reflects a one-time purchase.

TEXAS TECH

All figures are as of August 31, 2006.

TULANE

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 374,691, reflecting the first accurate count since Hurricane Katrina.

VANDERBILT

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 475,804 to include 9,111 volumes from 18th Century Collections Online.

QUESTION

NUMBER

FOOTNOTE

15.c Some expenditures included here were previously reported as Miscellaneous (15d).

24 The Law School provides much not reported here.

WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS

1.a Does not include e-books.

4.b Cannot distinguish between serials purchased and received.

31 Law Library does not track reference transactions.

WESTERN ONTARIO

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 179,750 due to an automated count from the system which does not include unlinked items previously counted as part of the manual count. These items will be linked over time.

8, 12, 13 Law Library is no longer counting computer files separately from the Main Library.

35 Requests for materials from other libraries are handled centrally.

YALE

Volumes held June 30, 2005 revised to 857,353.

33 Includes 6,252 from ELI Express.