

ARL ACADEMIC
LAW LIBRARY STATISTICS
2010–2011

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ASSOCIATION OF RESEARCH LIBRARIES
WASHINGTON, DC
2013

ARL Academic Law Library Statistics 2010–2011

The tables presented in this publication are not indicative of performance and outcomes and should not be used as measures of library quality. In comparing any individual library to ARL medians or to other ARL members, one must be careful to make such comparisons within the context of differing institutional and local goals and characteristics.

Published by the
Association of Research Libraries
Washington, DC 20036
www.arl.org

ISSN 1538-8999
ISBN 1-59407-899-8 / 978-159407-899-6 print
ISBN 1-59407-900-5 / 978-1-59407-900-9 online

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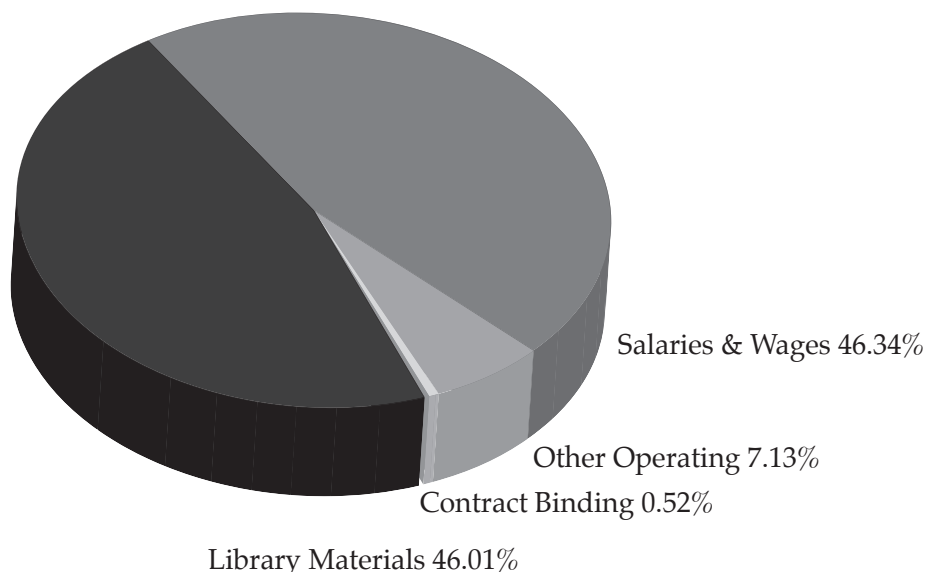
CONTENTS

Highlights: ARL Academic Law Library Statistics 2010–2011	5
Data Tables 2010–2011	7
Collections: Volumes and Monographs	8
Collections: Current Serials Purchased.....	11
Collections: Current Serials Not Purchased	14
Collections: Other Materials	17
Expenditures: Materials	20
Expenditures: Staff	23
Electronic Resources Expenditures	26
Personnel and Public Services.....	32
Rank Order Table 1: Volumes in Library	38
Rank Order Table 2: Volumes Added (Gross)	39
Rank Order Table 3: Current Serials (Total).....	40
Rank Order Table 4: Total Library Expenditures.....	41
Rank Order Table 5: Total Staff.....	42
Rank Order Table 6: Total Electronic Resources Expenditures.....	43
ARL Statistics Questionnaire 2010–2011	44
ARL Statistics Worksheet 2010–2011	52
Footnotes	57
ARL Member Libraries as of January 1, 2012	69

HIGHLIGHTS: ARL ACADEMIC LAW LIBRARY STATISTICS 2010–2011

- Out of 115 ARL university libraries, 74 responded to this survey.¹
- Law libraries reported median values of 370,485 volumes held and 6,457 gross volumes added. Also, these libraries employed the full-time equivalent of 1,987 staff members in the fiscal year 2010–2011.
- Responding libraries reported total expenditures of \$216,677,517.² As seen in the graph below, salary expenditures made up the largest portion of the total, with approximately 46% of aggregated expenses falling under a salaries-related category.
- Law libraries reported a total of \$25,469,277 in electronic materials expenditures, or a median of almost 28% of their total materials budgets. This includes a total of \$22,185,942 in electronic serials expenditures.

EXPENDITURES IN ARL ACADEMIC LAW LIBRARIES 2010–2011



1 Eighty-two ARL university libraries included data for a law library in the 2010–2011 *ARL Statistics*. Among them, Alberta, British Columbia, Calgary, Laval, McGill, Manitoba, Ottawa, Pittsburgh, SUNY-Buffalo, and Wayne State did not complete this survey. Colorado completed this survey but did not include law library data in the *ARL Statistics*. Rutgers has two administratively independent law libraries, which respond separately to this survey; they are aggregated together in the *ARL Statistics*.

2 This figure includes Canadian universities, whose expenditures were converted to U.S. dollars at the rate of 1.0014 Can\$ = 1 US\$, the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the *Bank of Canada Review* for the period July 2010–June 2011.

DATA TABLES
2010–2011

COLLECTIONS: VOLUMES AND MONOGRAPHS

	Notes	Volumes In Library 1	Volumes Added (Gross) 1b.i	Volumes Added (Net) 1b	Titles Held 2	Monographs Purchased (Volumes) 3
ALABAMA	+	339,001	443	-425	149,426	1,829
ARIZONA	+	237,337	3,570	1,967	145,739	796
ARIZONA STATE	+	280,917	5,062	2,840	.	546
BOSTON	+	845,741	9,182	6,856	600,167	3,445
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	256,687	5,142	-1,385	117,228	2,560
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	365,728	6,457	5,984	142,890	1,584
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		721,058	6,745	5,396	.	.
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		307,988	4,323	3,867	108,513	2,410
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	61,169	46,760	46,760	51,378	1,031
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	592,266	15,308	14,093	.	3,388
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	312,353	5,617	4,183	109,114	967
CHICAGO	+	625,690	13,687	11,873	289,800	4,316
CINCINNATI	b+	227,886	6,399	-30,706	101,170	5,015
COLORADO		360,728	6,826	-2,240	84,633	1,573
COLUMBIA	+	975,060	15,151	14,364	468,919	2,531
CONNECTICUT	bG+	340,606	5,054	3,520	89,306	1,687
CORNELL	+	453,732	5,280	1,983	.	.
DUKE		512,080	10,902	9,393	228,228	.
EMORY	+	252,260	1,669	132	158,825	1,600
FLORIDA		325,797	4,198	-18,185	.	2,116
FLORIDA STATE	+	421,517	13,359	3,337	96,388	725
GEORGE WASHINGTON		388,817	11,207	7,835	363,273	5,660
GEORGETOWN	b	921,523	7,358	5,700	636,878	6,991
GEORGIA		643,496	5,876	5,073	403,330	695
HARVARD	bG+	1,817,527	16,270	16,270	910,717	8,200
HAWAII	+	119,827	1,895	-13,796	41,963	503
HOUSTON	b+	554,954	11,006	5,799	123,231	1,234
HOWARD	b+	232,188	7,555	7,462	34,582	2,739
ILLINOIS, URBANA		645,948	8,080	7,284	311,890	830
INDIANA	G+	448,848	6,640	1,514	599,123	3,957
IOWA	+	857,946	19,341	6,506	970,546	17,518

COLLECTIONS: VOLUMES AND MONOGRAPHS

	Notes	Volumes In Library 1	Volumes Added (Gross) 1b.i	Volumes Added (Net) 1b	Titles Held 2	Monographs Purchased (Volumes) 3
KANSAS	G+	261,326	2,501	2,089	101,842	825
KENTUCKY		265,566	1,635	775	131,801	1,413
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	585,258	132,685	121,452	243,853	5,815
MIAMI	b	438,790	12,535	3,869	131,255	1,567
MICHIGAN	+	786,209	27,903	24,607	380,171	20,336
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	168,785	4,632	2,048	70,997	11,730
MINNESOTA	b+	795,478	16,429	9,738	.	2,414
MISSOURI	b+	421,208	12,690	11,752	248,738	2,151
MONTREAL	+	187,449	2,557	2,073	75,096	1,039
NEBRASKA	+	433,691	5,971	5,840	128,801	122
NEW MEXICO	b	248,174	7,489	1,574	248,174	2,039
NEW YORK	b+	782,036	3,010	2,530	697,000	2,200
NORTH CAROLINA	+	370,485	13,724	-4,207	86,173	919
NORTHWESTERN	+	603,543	6,264	5,245	.	869
NOTRE DAME	b+	368,074	6,116	4,832	258,928	.
OHIO STATE	b+	438,519	9,961	6,608	234,275	3,028
OKLAHOMA		224,508	2,962	2,943	180,022	887
OREGON	b+	209,381	2,762	2,240	100,786	1,567
PENNSYLVANIA		661,712	10,462	7,197	415,959	2,499
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	265,922	9,691	-34,604	133,457	3,857
QUEEN'S	+	229,933	2,892	2,617	.	858
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	331,419	4,350	3,066	123,146	627
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	378,336	3,439	2,770	170,100	1,106
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	167,488	2,418	2,082	42,766	796
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	559,256	10,146	8,824	109,796	596
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		330,532	4,877	4,377	107,015	953
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	438,405	6,363	3,745	.	925
SYRACUSE	+	231,377	5,115	2,983	108,317	2,494
TEMPLE		465,815	9,129	9,129	117,986	3,611
TENNESSEE	b+	366,795	5,123	-814	152,631	547
TEXAS	+	806,474	9,090	-18,845	423,506	2,298

COLLECTIONS: VOLUMES AND MONOGRAPHS

	Notes	Volumes In Library 1	Volumes Added (Gross) 1b.i	Volumes Added (Net) 1b	Titles Held 2	Monographs Purchased (Volumes) 3
TEXAS TECH	G+	277,834	8,009	5,061	157,825	788
TORONTO	G+	228,262	2,885	2,347	.	1,047
TULANE	+	346,632	5,928	5,850	176,028	1,175
UTAH	+	271,327	5,965	5,288	146,207	881
VANDERBILT	G+	489,143	7,980	3,501	144,213	1,605
VIRGINIA	+	607,284	8,882	-2,587	.	6,080
WASHINGTON	+	462,555	10,936	9,981	179,568	.
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	466,149	6,059	2,828	214,186	1,787
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	193,735	304	-178	60,824	1,386
WISCONSIN	+	.	.	.	.	.
YALE	b+	1,294,682	22,008	21,508	557,167	8,772
YORK	+	364,771	8,654	6,545	362,879	48,289

+ - See Footnotes

. - Unavailable, not applicable or no data supplied

G - Government documents not included in serials counts

b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	Volumes In Library 1	Volumes Added (Gross) 1b.i	Volumes Added (Net) 1b	Titles Held 2	Monographs Purchased (Volumes) 3
Mean	455,767	9,985	5,369	234,818	3,505
Median	370,485	6,457	3,867	147,817	1,603
High	1,817,527	132,685	121,452	970,546	48,289
Low	61,169	304	-34,604	34,582	122
Sum	33,270,993	728,893	391,933	14,558,745	238,344
n	73	73	73	62	68

COLLECTIONS: CURRENT SERIALS PURCHASED

	Notes	Current Serials Total 5	Current Serials Purchased 5a	Current Serials Purchased Electronic 5a.i	Current Serials Purchased Print 5a.ii
ALABAMA	+	3,415	3,190	975	2,215
ARIZONA	+	21,155	20,991	20,129	862
ARIZONA STATE	+	.	.	.	.
BOSTON	+	6,998	6,321	4,180	2,141
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	0	0	.	.
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	7,345	7,125	4,088	3,037
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		7,711	7,700	.	7,700
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		5,561	4,819	1,978	2,841
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	16,510	16,484	15,933	551
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	.	.	.	.
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	3,012	2,750	1,134	1,616
CHICAGO	+	8,682	8,682	613	8,069
CINCINNATI	b+	0	0	.	.
COLORADO		4,804	4,701	1,484	3,217
COLUMBIA	+	8,814	8,496	5,303	3,193
CONNECTICUT	bG+	9,794	7,204	5,299	1,905
CORNELL	+	.	.	.	.
DUKE		8,214	7,852	5,327	2,525
EMORY	+	24,985	24,810	22,796	2,014
FLORIDA		8,159	8,159	.	8,159
FLORIDA STATE	+	4,286	4,009	3,292	717
GEORGE WASHINGTON		37,253	37,210	35,530	1,680
GEORGETOWN	b	13,946	13,547	10,271	3,276
GEORGIA		27,535	27,535	25,514	2,021
HARVARD	bG+	9,593	8,728	0	8,728
HAWAII	+	5,821	3,090	2,547	543
HOUSTON	b+	2,524	2,329	45	2,284
HOWARD	b+	6,088	1,571	245	1,326
ILLINOIS, URBANA		2,174	2,078	48	2,030
INDIANA	G+	11,740	11,059	2,421	8,638
IOWA	+	15,805	12,644	1,749	10,895

COLLECTIONS: CURRENT SERIALS PURCHASED

	Notes	Current Serials Total 5	Current Serials Purchased 5a	Current Serials Purchased Electronic 5a.i	Current Serials Purchased Print 5a.ii
KANSAS	G+	5,887	5,887	4,412	1,475
KENTUCKY		5,038	4,749	4,247	502
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	6,170	6,158	5,863	295
MIAMI	b	13,516	13,487	12,951	536
MICHIGAN	+	5,571	3,533	.	.
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	20,933	20,933	19,364	1,569
MINNESOTA	b+	.	.	.	.
MISSOURI	b+	2,675	2,589	1,385	1,204
MONTREAL	+	3,378	3,286	2,748	538
NEBRASKA	+	5,396	4,386	1,576	2,810
NEW MEXICO	b	1,098	1,076	802	274
NEW YORK	b+	8,897	5,322	272	5,050
NORTH CAROLINA	+	10,144	8,851	4,548	4,303
NORTHWESTERN	+	4,297	4,297	.	.
NOTRE DAME	b+	49,027	46,912	45,725	1,187
OHIO STATE	b+	11,009	10,831	8,929	1,902
OKLAHOMA		9,719	9,488	8,269	1,219
OREGON	b+	2,564	2,451	2,012	439
PENNSYLVANIA		6,915	5,479	1,939	3,540
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	22,064	22,064	18,301	3,763
QUEEN'S	+	.	.	.	.
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	5,330	4,589	3,994	595
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	4,044	4,044	3,615	429
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	2,134	2,013	1,549	464
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	6,068	5,708	4,283	1,425
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		9,063	7,188	2,502	4,686
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	13,973	13,730	8,535	5,195
SYRACUSE	+	5,374	5,244	2,351	2,893
TEMPLE		5,290	4,842	3,631	1,211
TENNESSEE	b+	3,178	2,759	1,714	1,045
TEXAS	+	5,429	3,278	2,246	1,032

COLLECTIONS: CURRENT SERIALS PURCHASED

	Notes	Current Serials Total 5	Current Serials Purchased 5a	Current Serials Purchased Electronic 5a.i	Current Serials Purchased Print 5a.ii
TEXAS TECH	G+	6,195	5,340	4,515	825
TORONTO	G+	1,753	1,730	46	1,684
TULANE	+	7,519	7,470	5,153	2,317
UTAH	+	4,605	4,515	494	4,021
VANDERBILT	G+	2,102	2,102	56	2,046
VIRGINIA	+	39,088	37,348	34,359	2,989
WASHINGTON	+	3,670	2,960	2,500	460
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	12,310	8,886	7,075	1,811
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	1,331	1,210	42	1,168
WISCONSIN	+	.	.	.	.
YALE	b+	34,773	34,647	32,078	2,569
YORK	+	6,761	6,426	5,550	876

+ - See Footnotes

. - Unavailable, not applicable or no data supplied

G - Government documents not included in serials counts

b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	Current Serials Total 5	Current Serials Purchased 5a	Current Serials Purchased Electronic 5a.i	Current Serials Purchased Print 5a.ii
Mean	9,943	9,256	7,222	2,540
Median	6,478	5,798	3,631	1,904
High	49,027	46,912	45,725	10,895
Low	1,098	1,076	42	274
Sum	656,212	610,892	440,532	162,530
n	66	66	61	64

COLLECTIONS: CURRENT SERIALS NOT PURCHASED

	Notes	Current Serials Not Purchased 5b	Current Serials Not Purchased Consortial 5b.i	Current Serials Not Purchased Freely Accessible 5b.ii	Current Serials Not Purchased Print 5b.iii	Current Serials Not Purchased GovDocs 5b.iv
ALABAMA	+	225	.	.	.	225
ARIZONA	+	164	0	136	28	.
ARIZONA STATE	+	.	.	.	.	.
BOSTON	+	677	0	423	0	254
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	0	.	.	.	.
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	220	.	.	88	132
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		11	.	.	11	.
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		742	.	.	436	306
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	26	0	24	2	0
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	.	.	.	.	.
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	262	0	0	45	217
CHICAGO	+	.	.	.	.	.
CINCINNATI	b+	0	.	.	.	.
COLORADO		103	0	0	0	103
COLUMBIA	+	318	0	0	276	42
CONNECTICUT	bG+	2,590	0	656	162	1,772
CORNELL	+	.	.	.	.	.
DUKE		362	0	160	191	11
EMORY	+	175	0	0	53	122
FLORIDA		.	.	.	.	.
FLORIDA STATE	+	277	.	.	97	180
GEORGE WASHINGTON		43	0	43	0	0
GEORGETOWN	b	399	.	275	124	0
GEORGIA		0	.	.	.	.
HARVARD	bG+	865	0	339	365	161
HAWAII	+	2,731	0	2,366	199	166
HOUSTON	b+	195	0	0	195	0
HOWARD	b+	4,517	0	0	0	4,517
ILLINOIS, URBANA		96	0	70	26	0
INDIANA	G+	681	656	.	25	.
IOWA	+	3,161	0	650	286	2,225

COLLECTIONS: CURRENT SERIALS NOT PURCHASED

	Notes	Current Serials Not Purchased 5b	Current Serials Not Purchased Consortial 5b.i	Current Serials Not Purchased Freely Accessible 5b.ii	Current Serials Not Purchased Print 5b.iii	Current Serials Not Purchased GovDocs 5b.iv
KANSAS	G+	0	0	0	0	0
KENTUCKY		289	0	0	289	0
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	12	0	0	12	0
MIAMI	b	29	0	13	11	5
MICHIGAN	+	2,038	.	.	.	.
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	0	.	.	.	.
MINNESOTA	b+	.	.	.	.	.
MISSOURI	b+	86	.	.	32	54
MONTREAL	+	92	0	0	92	0
NEBRASKA	+	1,010	0	0	132	878
NEW MEXICO	b	22	0	0	0	22
NEW YORK	b+	3,575	.	1,590	610	1,375
NORTH CAROLINA	+	1,293	0	253	1,040	0
NORTHWESTERN	+	0	.	.	.	.
NOTRE DAME	b+	2,115	2,115	.	.	.
OHIO STATE	b+	178	.	.	103	75
OKLAHOMA		231	0	181	50	0
OREGON	b+	113	70	0	43	0
PENNSYLVANIA		1,436	.	629	30	777
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	0	0	0	0	0
QUEEN'S	+	.	.	.	.	.
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	741	.	.	.	741
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	.	.	.	.	.
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	121	0	107	14	.
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	360	0	15	35	310
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		1,875	188	108	1,579	0
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	243	0	0	0	243
SYRACUSE	+	130	0	0	42	88
TEMPLE		448	0	0	76	372
TENNESSEE	b+	419	0	0	0	419
TEXAS	+	2,151	0	0	302	1,849

COLLECTIONS: CURRENT SERIALS NOT PURCHASED

	Notes	Current Serials Not Purchased 5b	Current Serials Not Purchased Consortial 5b.i	Current Serials Not Purchased Freely Accessible 5b.ii	Current Serials Not Purchased Print 5b.iii	Current Serials Not Purchased GovDocs 5b.iv
TEXAS TECH	G+	855	0	748	31	76
TORONTO	G+	23	.	.	23	.
TULANE	+	49	0	0	49	.
UTAH	+	90	0	0	4	86
VANDERBILT	G+	0	0	0	0	0
VIRGINIA	+	1,740	.	.	1,740	.
WASHINGTON	+	710	.	300	185	225
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	3,424	1,604	.	.	1,820
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	121	0	0	121	0
WISCONSIN	+	.	.	.	.	.
YALE	b+	126	.	.	99	27
YORK	+	335	.	138	197	.

+ - See Footnotes

. - Unavailable, not applicable or no data supplied

G - Government documents not included in serials counts

b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	Current Serials Not Purchased 5b	Current Serials Not Purchased Consortial 5b.i	Current Serials Not Purchased Freely Accessible 5b.ii	Current Serials Not Purchased Print 5b.iii	Current Serials Not Purchased GovDocs 5b.iv
Mean	795	927	419	212	585
Median	289	656	217	92	221
High	4,517	2,115	2,366	1,740	4,517
Low	11	70	13	2	5
Sum	45,320	4,633	9,224	9,550	19,875
n	57	5	22	45	34

COLLECTIONS: OTHER MATERIALS

	Notes	Microform Units 7	Government Documents 8	Computer Files 9	Manuscripts and Archives 10	Cartographic Materials 11	Graphic Materials 12	Audio Materials 13	Film and Video 14
ALABAMA	+	826,044	428,896	655	1,605	.	.	655	1,400
ARIZONA	+	732,886	0	596	0	9	111	451	222
ARIZONA STATE	+	749,704	890	1,679	0	0	0	151	633
BOSTON	+	1,748,805	0	64	99	0	0	63	110
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	1,578,583	4,472	1,904	263	0	0	85	510
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	480,238	.	.	0	.	.	1,419	.
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		958,021	0	252	338	1	2,500	95	360
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		793,361	39,433	455	58	20	.	798	185
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	431,015	4,425	999	0	2	0	837	1,657
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	581,875	2,103	830	278	2	22	203	2,412
CHICAGO	+	343,934	0	768	0	0	0	462	1,845
CINCINNATI	b+	761,570	0	0	476	6	0	14	595
COLORADO		1,674,519	0	1,271	92	2	0	436	1,074
COLUMBIA	+	980,653	0	1,601	2,505	35	1	165	342
CONNECTICUT	bG+	1,194,558	0	1,263	.	0	0	779	493
CORNELL	+	.	0	.	102	.	.	98	.
DUKE		1,247,066	0	257	118	4	7	257	724
EMORY	+	618,900	46,301	65	193	5	0	80	383
FLORIDA		1,716,183	.	10	0	0	0	174	792
FLORIDA STATE	+	1,068,743	0	573	0	0	242	1,373	3,701
GEORGE WASHINGTON		1,499,920	0	484	130	.	.	546	575
GEORGETOWN	b	2,649,248	9,385	1,208	4,345	85	501	5,705	1,075
GEORGIA		622,297	937,909	1,611	147	1,502	1	392	644
HARVARD	bG+	.	.	.	.	.	2	0	67
HAWAII	+	1,167,923	0	479	260	0	0	168	406
HOUSTON	b+	1,665,443	0	545	0	0	0	2	159
HOWARD	b+	428,566	0	261	420	0	0	140	579
ILLINOIS, URBANA		989,112	0	295	0	0	0	6	129
INDIANA	G+	1,706,739	0	223	813	0	11,160	934	1,558
IOWA	+	1,927,022	.	4,272	.	3,505	11	1,055	1,717

COLLECTIONS: OTHER MATERIALS

	Notes	Microform Units 7	Government Documents 8	Computer Files 9	Manuscripts and Archives 10	Cartographic Materials 11	Graphic Materials 12	Audio Materials 13	Film and Video 14
KANSAS	G+	556,615	9,069	214	10	4	0	77	219
KENTUCKY		1,325,355	0	5	0	0	0	0	536
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	2,238,265	.	1,106	20	863	37	1,665	1,233
MIAMI	b	1,015,987	0	1,511	0	0	0	1,159	1,075
MICHIGAN	+	1,722,515	0	56	0	0	0	101	132
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	982,461	.	.	.	.	.	387	745
MINNESOTA	b+	2,168,391	0	264	232	5	.	.	.
MISSOURI	b+	599,372	0	.	.	.	.	.	1,624
MONTREAL	+	68,897	0	271	0	0	0	235	110
NEBRASKA	+	186,280	0	0	0	0	0	508	743
NEW MEXICO	b	931,535	0	0	485	0	0	199	320
NEW YORK	b+	96,912	14,997	1,565	.	.	.	2,587	735
NORTH CAROLINA	+	1,066,723	0	1,608	0	0	6	1,277	902
NORTHWESTERN	+	1,085,231	0	590	0	0	0	12	105
NOTRE DAME	b+	1,807,829	0	719	0	0	0	610	1,175
OHIO STATE	b+	1,426,230	0	1,576	3	0	0	928	947
OKLAHOMA		884,208	0	0	0	0	0	1,439	454
OREGON	b+	958,526	0	30	95	35	258	654	759
PENNSYLVANIA		1,167,882	.	384	2,500	.	.	2,780	1,765
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	1,605,054	85,744	649	27	0	.	3	398
QUEEN'S	+	111,224	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	816,325	1,907	0	0	0	0	10	82
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	726,790	134,668	1,417	1,200	0	0	861	335
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	19,770	0	689	0	6	400	312	75
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	1,496,676	0	1,084	.	16	11	892	966
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		620,991	0	1,033	69	69	45	586	767
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	206,555	0	572	0	0	0	1,226	2,504
SYRACUSE	+	1,488,033	0	485	25	234	0	2,033	1,485
TEMPLE		945,004	25,566	757	16	.	.	185	977
TENNESSEE	b+	1,514,868	.	.	0	.	.	.	.
TEXAS	+	1,226,820	0	1,002	4,057	0	0	3,715	3,080

COLLECTIONS: OTHER MATERIALS

	Notes	Microform Units 7	Government Documents 8	Computer Files 9	Manuscripts and Archives 10	Cartographic Materials 11	Graphic Materials 12	Audio Materials 13	Film and Video 14
TEXAS TECH	G+	696,939	0	419	0	0	0	228	1,281
TORONTO	G+	58,823	.	235	0	0	34	117	243
TULANE	+	1,247,656	0	823	1,206	0	588	539	529
UTAH	+	630,851	0	867	0	0	0	868	356
VANDERBILT	G+	757,763	0	0	50	1	0	160	316
VIRGINIA	+	1,287,830	4,807	183	2,895	533	2,836	108	2,053
WASHINGTON	+	1,100,031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	1,481,896	.	940	.	.	.	499	688
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	59,910	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WISCONSIN	+	975,830	0	920	16	0	0	449	899
YALE	b+	321,732	.	.	.	.	.	217	1,962
YORK	+	138,868	.	6,905	.	.	.	.	306

+ - See Footnotes

. - Unavailable, not applicable or no data supplied

G - Government documents not included in serials counts

b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	Microform Units 7	Government Documents 8	Computer Files 9	Manuscripts and Archives 10	Cartographic Materials 11	Graphic Materials 12	Audio Materials 13	Film and Video 14
Mean	999,555	109,411	903	719	302	939	706	854
Median	975,830	12,191	655	193	9	41	443	644
High	2,649,248	937,909	6,905	4,345	3,505	11,160	5,705	3,701
Low	19,770	890	5	3	1	1	2	6
Sum	70,968,381	1,750,572	51,499	25,148	6,944	18,773	45,169	57,234
n	71	16	57	35	23	20	64	67

EXPENDITURES: MATERIALS

	Notes	Monographs 16a	Current Serials 16b	Other Library Materials 16c	Miscellaneous Materials 16d	Total Library Materials 16	Contract Binding 17
ALABAMA	+	122,245	891,602	282,774	0	1,296,621	23,900
ARIZONA	+	115,973	445,469	333,693	2,750	897,885	5,399
ARIZONA STATE	+	32,860	916,579	757	28,218	978,414	644
BOSTON	+	378,475	1,535,390	0	0	1,913,865	18,875
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	108,942	1,408,293	8,246	3,929	1,529,410	2,571
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	55,846	867,332	7,075	1,471	931,724	9,602
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		746,764	1,603,683	603,419	0	2,953,866	57,737
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		193,379	590,795	9,565	.	793,739	18,615
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	174,625	1,023,126	0	5,502	1,203,253	300
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	190,900	1,646,201	.	.	1,837,101	54,820
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	70,277	1,365,709	2,769	8,026	1,446,781	9,935
CHICAGO	+	436,944	1,525,525	8,308	0	1,970,777	32,692
CINCINNATI	b+	39,940	784,585	2,734	10,096	837,355	1,292
COLORADO		103,577	909,782	266,548	427	1,280,334	10,031
COLUMBIA	+	212,700	2,201,823	0	0	2,414,523	47,858
CONNECTICUT	bG+	109,434	1,388,522	2,041	113,343	1,613,340	12,295
CORNELL	+	.	.	.	.	1,417,557	.
DUKE		265,208	1,412,978	10,613	98,124	1,786,923	12,934
EMORY	+	79,012	559,324	8,619	484,064	1,131,019	6,027
FLORIDA		208,363	888,621	107,448	13,513	1,217,945	11,613
FLORIDA STATE	+	53,816	708,974	179,176	56,234	998,200	5,024
GEORGE WASHINGTON		1,082,284	1,824,942	0	0	2,907,226	101,055
GEORGETOWN	b	461,805	2,115,205	70,076	4,581	2,651,667	49,739
GEORGIA		55,220	1,047,089	1,126	30,461	1,133,896	24,222
HARVARD	bG+	816,039	2,544,342	146,693	0	3,507,074	91,324
HAWAII	+	32,884	440,432	1,986	47,829	523,131	457
HOUSTON	b+	98,917	1,025,358	1,000	0	1,125,275	9,950
HOWARD	b+	77,343	529,734	6,364	0	613,441	0
ILLINOIS, URBANA		113,760	963,802	42,826	0	1,120,388	8,774
INDIANA	G+	123,358	939,531	607,959	0	1,670,848	10,269
IOWA	+	607,607	2,482,854	316,132	0	3,406,593	31,384

EXPENDITURES: MATERIALS

	Notes	Monographs 16a	Current Serials 16b	Other Library Materials 16c	Miscellaneous Materials 16d	Total Library Materials 16	Contract Binding 17
KANSAS	G+	58,224	344,770	1,486	0	404,480	4,823
KENTUCKY		7,937	1,002,346	3,651	9,504	1,023,438	0
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	317,152	697,023	792	7,500	1,022,467	1,516
MIAMI	b	125,190	1,576,065	3,404	290	1,704,949	4,738
MICHIGAN	+	207,775	2,543,526	71,871	31,084	2,854,256	39,493
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	173,061	509,811	530,549	21,772	1,235,193	8,773
MINNESOTA	b+	255,138	1,469,563	366,844	669	2,092,214	15,529
MISSOURI	b+	86,324	321,384	132,748	0	540,456	0
MONTREAL	+	108,341	538,647	0	0	646,988	4,979
NEBRASKA	+	11,524	516,802	254,849	14,832	798,007	7,786
NEW MEXICO	b	45,338	353,931	296	0	399,565	2,324
NEW YORK	b+	179,765	2,076,160	.	.	2,255,925	33,000
NORTH CAROLINA	+	184,604	1,574,171	0	1,225	1,760,000	8,406
NORTHWESTERN	+	69,392	544,598	7,939	267,560	889,489	7,040
NOTRE DAME	b+	315,143	678,419	.	.	993,562	8,785
OHIO STATE	b+	244,282	928,280	449,256	41,593	1,663,411	27,639
OKLAHOMA		75,945	514,632	238,806	0	829,383	4,102
OREGON	b+	101,922	593,095	0	18,031	713,048	4,343
PENNSYLVANIA		242,902	956,447	2,367	5,675	1,207,391	29,572
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	123,672	950,750	0	0	1,074,422	7,408
QUEEN'S	+	91,394	802,642	3,066	0	897,102	10,258
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	60,305	517,922	17,361	.	595,588	5,168
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	50,577	637,802	68,350	0	756,729	0
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	118,321	946,553	.	.	1,064,874	6,578
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	170,031	927,003	21,220	54,869	1,173,123	7,660
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		72,570	783,586	209,739	0	1,065,895	19,319
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	62,190	799,877	2,549	35,482	900,098	6,209
SYRACUSE	+	83,732	935,421	390,844	0	1,409,997	10,030
TEMPLE		99,419	1,271,036	28,724	10,634	1,409,813	9,890
TENNESSEE	b+	32,747	443,069	501,795	0	977,611	9,328
TEXAS	+	332,413	1,117,004	906	0	1,450,323	11,476

EXPENDITURES: MATERIALS

	Notes	Monographs 16a	Current Serials 16b	Other Library Materials 16c	Miscellaneous Materials 16d	Total Library Materials 16	Contract Binding 17
TEXAS TECH	G+	58,682	781,272	40,794	177,273	1,058,021	9,505
TORONTO	G+	133,236	949,988	4,147	.	1,087,372	9,949
TULANE	+	142,328	947,778	0	0	1,090,106	11,197
UTAH	+	51,901	632,144	3,220	0	687,265	569
VANDERBILT	G+	79,591	967,696	148	568,372	1,615,807	15,961
VIRGINIA	+	137,166	1,192,794	41,299	56,287	1,427,546	8,185
WASHINGTON	+	96,261	1,038,424	0	0	1,134,685	22,975
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	329,877	821,128	9,471	0	1,160,476	3,963
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	171,736	872,719	0	0	1,044,455	13,326
WISCONSIN	+	90,627	1,115,015	17,332	12,872	1,235,846	7,269
YALE	b+	895,155	1,668,127	20,633	.	2,583,915	28,741
YORK	+	281,222	359,735	426	2,721	644,105	17,922

+ - See Footnotes

. - Unavailable, not applicable or no data supplied

G - Government documents not included in serials counts

b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	Monographs 16a	Current Serials 16b	Other Library Materials 16c	Miscellaneous Materials 16d	Total Library Materials 16	Contract Binding 17
Mean	188,269	1,038,449	111,635	62,411	1,347,156	16,450
Median	115,973	935,421	13,973	14,173	1,134,291	9,935
High	1,082,284	2,544,342	607,959	568,372	3,507,074	101,055
Low	7,937	321,384	148	290	399,565	300
Sum	13,743,610	75,806,758	6,474,830	2,246,813	99,689,567	1,135,072
n	73	73	58	36	74	69

EXPENDITURES: STAFF

	Notes	Salaries & Wages Professional Staff 18a	Salaries & Wages Support Staff 18b	Salaries & Wages Student Assistants 18c	Total Salaries and Wages 18	Other Operating Expenditures 20	Total Library Expenditures 21
ALABAMA	+	770,606	229,180	72,605	1,072,391	115,393	2,508,305
ARIZONA	+	624,518	322,078	6,136	952,732	41,672	1,897,688
ARIZONA STATE	+	472,422	358,877	38,547	869,846	58,667	1,907,571
BOSTON	+	980,576	432,895	68,518	1,481,989	550,060	3,964,789
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	1,211,219	244,873	80,812	1,536,904	100,044	3,168,929
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	867,663	118,946	171,154	1,157,763	209,140	2,308,229
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		1,733,709	1,267,358	382,042	3,383,109	411,374	6,806,086
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		558,388	333,781	14,942	907,111	41,429	1,760,894
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	643,768	336,053	18,898	998,719	95,230	2,297,502
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	§ 1,498,425	§ 839,768	§ 85,245	§ 2,423,438	460,038	4,775,397
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	910,424	406,736	104,443	1,421,603	216,720	3,095,039
CHICAGO	+	968,056	600,797	61,330	1,630,183	1,107,724	4,741,376
CINCINNATI	b+	738,532	28,463	38,971	805,966	187,785	1,832,398
COLORADO		599,750	368,114	61,493	1,029,357	90,584	2,410,306
COLUMBIA	+	1,546,519	710,381	80,425	2,337,325	337,216	5,136,922
CONNECTICUT	bG+	833,395	420,938	103,957	1,358,290	894,719	3,878,644
CORNELL	+				1,205,853	51,383	2,674,793
DUKE		987,020	309,802	34,950	1,331,772	84,020	3,215,649
EMORY	+	725,245	230,462	52,739	1,008,446	605,835	2,751,327
FLORIDA		494,132	356,235	79,900	930,267	76,235	2,236,060
FLORIDA STATE	+	638,117	216,274	83,713	938,104	92,041	2,033,369
GEORGE WASHINGTON		2,055,209	918,097	167,430	3,140,736	428,791	6,577,808
GEORGETOWN	b	2,217,356	1,694,125	353,754	4,265,235	604,498	7,571,139
GEORGIA		510,747	251,689	59,137	821,573	226,326	2,206,017
HARVARD	bG+	3,601,766	1,972,738	59,318	5,633,822	1,851,045	11,083,265
HAWAII	+	460,816	106,840	63,307	630,963	58,905	1,213,456
HOUSTON	b+	592,073	272,096	77,782	941,951	70,480	2,147,656
HOWARD	b+	§ 493,635	§ 294,388	§ 0	§ 788,023	52,956	1,454,420
ILLINOIS, URBANA		708,723	300,412	67,180	1,076,315	0	2,205,477
INDIANA	G+	854,832	236,758	69,538	1,161,128	34,302	2,876,547
IOWA	+	§ 1,535,221	§ 899,997	§ 134,636	§ 2,569,854	129,756	6,137,587

EXPENDITURES: STAFF

	Notes	Salaries & Wages Professional Staff 18a	Salaries & Wages Support Staff 18b	Salaries & Wages Student Assistants 18c	Total Salaries and Wages 18	Other Operating Expenditures 20	Total Library Expenditures 21
KANSAS	G+	416,044	198,128	22,684	636,856	51,750	1,097,909
KENTUCKY		306,247	114,567	48,145	468,959	521	1,492,918
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	562,104	151,131	47,777	761,012	123,696	1,908,691
MIAMI	b	645,005	416,224	48,586	1,109,815	125,601	2,945,103
MICHIGAN	+	1,019,981	795,248	387,124	2,202,353	675,688	5,771,790
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	816,255	147,865	124,831	1,088,951	4,489	2,337,406
MINNESOTA	b+	1,187,712	751,408	153,146	2,092,266	265,931	4,465,940
MISSOURI	b+	450,847	244,784	61,957	757,588	.	1,298,044
MONTREAL	+	366,739	302,954	0	669,692	7,683	1,329,343
NEBRASKA	+	456,357	135,497	48,152	640,006	30,566	1,476,365
NEW MEXICO	b	654,142	259,171	59,556	972,869	164,964	1,539,722
NEW YORK	b+	1,601,873	1,029,192	46,852	2,677,917	200,755	5,167,597
NORTH CAROLINA	+	1,194,678	334,837	76,660	1,606,175	166,216	3,540,797
NORTHWESTERN	+	926,174	455,041	40,584	1,421,799	144,244	2,462,572
NOTRE DAME	b+	843,494	497,356	87,755	1,428,605	195,358	2,626,310
OHIO STATE	b+	627,602	305,267	77,495	1,010,364	44,272	2,745,686
OKLAHOMA		486,795	154,378	49,001	690,174	97,412	1,621,071
OREGON	b+	460,110	198,885	67,752	726,747	72,064	1,516,202
PENNSYLVANIA		1,078,606	798,107	52,521	1,929,234	84,160	3,250,357
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	968,919	179,231	98,699	1,246,849	62,346	2,391,025
QUEEN'S	+	217,060	187,086	56,002	460,148	95,253	1,462,760
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	622,725	518,590	52,733	1,194,048	.	1,794,804
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	820,529	409,167	40,105	1,269,801	133,632	2,160,162
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	265,138	179,392	15,549	460,079	.	1,531,531
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	577,955	336,124	31,064	945,143	162,523	2,288,449
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		833,155	458,286	74,560	1,366,001	238,809	2,690,024
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	327,082	198,181	28,859	554,122	33,244	1,493,673
SYRACUSE	+	\$ 928,235	\$ 483,668	\$ 58,324	\$ 1,470,227	101,692	2,991,946
TEMPLE		914,764	152,249	82,082	1,149,095	202,768	2,771,566
TENNESSEE	b+	480,720	446,769	55,452	982,941	205,552	2,175,432
TEXAS	+	1,008,147	605,192	26,017	1,639,356	463,088	3,564,243

EXPENDITURES: STAFF

	Notes	Salaries & Wages Professional Staff 18a	Salaries & Wages Support Staff 18b	Salaries & Wages Student Assistants 18c	Total Salaries and Wages 18	Other Operating Expenditures 20	Total Library Expenditures 21
TEXAS TECH	G+	558,501	708,968	82,426	1,349,895	483,123	2,900,544
TORONTO	G+	537,425	438,849	59,320	1,035,593	50,873	2,183,787
TULANE	+	§ 618,265	§ 295,587	§ 60,966	§ 974,818	121,182	2,197,303
UTAH	+	390,469	226,424	69,231	686,124	37,326	1,411,284
VANDERBILT	G+	342,407	339,415	28,920	710,742	89,401	2,431,911
VIRGINIA	+	1,077,393	453,340	75,839	1,606,572	226,102	3,268,405
WASHINGTON	+	1,160,543	527,373	104,230	1,792,146	82,966	3,032,772
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	§ 739,451	§ 265,992	§ 54,342	§ 1,059,785	161,105	2,385,329
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	228,184	199,391	9,287	436,861	.	1,494,643
WISCONSIN	+	926,658	268,933	121,805	1,317,396	141,172	2,701,683
YALE	b+	1,509,357	748,710	70,106	2,328,173	528,365	5,469,194
YORK	+	680,418	934,648	46,655	1,661,722	92,831	2,416,580

+ - See Footnotes

. - Unavailable, not applicable or no data supplied

§ - Figure includes fringe benefits

G - Government documents not included in serials counts

b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	Salaries & Wages Professional Staff 18a	Salaries & Wages Support Staff 18b	Salaries & Wages Student Assistants 18c	Total Salaries and Wages 18	Other Operating Expenditures 20	Total Library Expenditures 21
Mean	844,755	437,408	78,818	1,356,754	223,958	2,928,075
Median	725,245	334,837	61,493	1,099,383	123,696	2,413,443
High	3,601,766	1,972,738	387,124	5,633,822	1,851,045	11,083,265
Low	217,060	28,463	6,136	436,861	521	1,097,909
Sum	61,667,126	31,930,756	5,596,052	100,399,787	15,453,091	216,677,517
n	73	73	71	74	69	74

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

	Notes	One-time Electronic Resource Purchases 22	Ongoing Electronic Resource Purchases 23	Total Electronic Resource Purchases 22 + 23	Total Library Materials Expenditures 16	Electronic Resources as a % of Library Materials Budget
ALABAMA	+	72,939	209,835	282,774	1,296,621	21.81
ARIZONA	+	.	.	.	897,885	.
ARIZONA STATE	+	0	336,655	336,655	978,414	34.41
BOSTON	+	99,383	405,759	505,142	1,913,865	26.39
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	63,247	464,844	528,091	1,529,410	34.53
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	67,760	207,899	275,659	931,724	29.59
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		.	.	.	2,953,866	.
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		.	186,212	186,212	793,739	23.46
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	401,725	236,992	638,717	1,203,253	53.08
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	.	.	.	1,837,101	.
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	54,150	377,114	431,264	1,446,781	29.81
CHICAGO	+	52,404	592,891	645,295	1,970,777	32.74
CINCINNATI	b+	35,555	165,060	200,615	837,355	23.96
COLORADO		8,919	248,563	257,482	1,280,334	20.11
COLUMBIA	+	0	455,248	455,248	2,414,523	18.85
CONNECTICUT	bG+	6,889	363,160	370,049	1,613,340	22.94
CORNELL	+	0	161,090	161,090	1,417,557	11.36
DUKE		50,780	295,239	346,019	1,786,923	19.36
EMORY	+	170,083	313,981	484,064	1,131,019	42.80
FLORIDA		65,390	420,230	485,620	1,217,945	39.87
FLORIDA STATE	+	80,000	406,612	486,612	998,200	48.75
GEORGE WASHINGTON		106,434	649,977	756,411	2,907,226	26.02
GEORGETOWN	b	65,351	664,936	730,287	2,651,667	27.54
GEORGIA		.	328,498	328,498	1,133,896	28.97
HARVARD	bG+	4,638	600,512	605,150	3,507,074	17.26
HAWAII	+	0	155,055	155,055	523,131	29.64
HOUSTON	b+	0	270,485	270,485	1,125,275	24.04
HOWARD	b+	0	119,864	119,864	613,441	19.54
ILLINOIS, URBANA		211	303,358	303,569	1,120,388	27.10
INDIANA	G+	84,474	495,747	580,221	1,670,848	34.73
IOWA	+	76,345	239,787	316,132	3,406,593	9.28

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

	Notes	One-time Electronic Resource Purchases 22	Ongoing Electronic Resource Purchases 23	Total Electronic Resource Purchases 22 + 23	Total Library Materials Expenditures 16	Electronic Resources as a % of Library Materials Budget
KANSAS	G+	32,022	263,398	295,420	404,480	73.04
KENTUCKY		0	170,961	170,961	1,023,438	16.70
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	166,775	229,027	395,802	1,022,467	38.71
MIAMI	b	0	322,926	322,926	1,704,949	18.94
MICHIGAN	+	13,111	393,995	407,106	2,854,256	14.26
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	.	479,169	479,169	1,235,193	38.79
MINNESOTA	b+	59,667	398,475	458,142	2,092,214	21.90
MISSOURI	b+	65,200	221,963	287,163	540,456	53.13
MONTREAL	+	22,777	213,216	235,994	646,988	36.48
NEBRASKA	+	0	252,218	252,218	798,007	31.61
NEW MEXICO	b	61,806	195,884	257,690	399,565	64.49
NEW YORK	b+	.	750,934	750,934	2,255,925	33.29
NORTH CAROLINA	+	70,021	231,971	301,992	1,760,000	17.16
NORTHWESTERN	+	40	249,002	249,042	889,489	28.00
NOTRE DAME	b+	250,684	418,656	669,340	993,562	67.37
OHIO STATE	b+	66,250	337,564	403,814	1,663,411	24.28
OKLAHOMA		7,132	238,806	245,938	829,383	29.65
OREGON	b+	0	307,287	307,287	713,048	43.09
PENNSYLVANIA		.	293,987	293,987	1,207,391	24.35
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	.	385,446	385,446	1,074,422	35.87
QUEEN'S	+	.	119,479	119,479	897,102	13.32
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	0	157,238	157,238	595,588	26.40
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	68,350	225,851	294,201	756,729	38.88
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	.	.	.	1,064,874	.
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	74,285	348,355	422,640	1,173,123	36.03
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		0	204,945	204,945	1,065,895	19.23
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	0	156,575	156,575	900,098	17.40
SYRACUSE	+	3,000	387,844	390,844	1,409,997	27.72
TEMPLE		122,410	616,346	738,756	1,409,813	52.40
TENNESSEE	b+	94,375	407,420	501,795	977,611	51.33
TEXAS	+	103,800	276,815	380,615	1,450,323	26.24

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

	Notes	One-time Electronic Resource Purchases 22	Ongoing Electronic Resource Purchases 23	Total Electronic Resource Purchases 22 + 23	Total Library Materials Expenditures 16	Electronic Resources as a % of Library Materials Budget
TEXAS TECH	G+	2,612	160,233	162,845	1,058,021	15.39
TORONTO	G+	34,718	186,546	221,264	1,087,372	20.35
TULANE	+	0	400,195	400,195	1,090,106	36.71
UTAH	+	404	108,062	108,466	687,265	15.78
VANDERBILT	G+	138,410	429,962	568,372	1,615,807	35.18
VIRGINIA	+	45,000	297,591	342,591	1,427,546	24.00
WASHINGTON	+	0	207,267	207,267	1,134,685	18.27
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	102,237	372,086	474,323	1,160,476	40.87
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	0	80,364	80,364	1,044,455	7.69
WISCONSIN	+	29,655	320,442	350,097	1,235,846	28.33
YALE	b+	.	511,262	511,262	2,583,915	19.79
YORK	+	81,917	180,575	262,493	644,105	40.75

+ - See Footnotes

. - Unavailable, not applicable or no data supplied

G - Government documents not included in serials counts

b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	One-time Electronic Resource Purchases 22	Ongoing Electronic Resource Purchases 23	Total Electronic Resource Purchases 22 + 23	Total Library Materials Expenditures 16	Electronic Resources as a % of Library Materials Budget
Mean	71,377	316,942	363,847	1,347,156	30.02
Median	65,276	296,415	332,577	1,134,291	27.63
High	401,725	750,934	756,411	3,507,074	73.04
Low	40	80,364	80,364	399,565	7.69
Totals	3,283,335	22,185,942	25,469,277	99,689,567	
Number of Libraries Reporting	46	70	70	74	70

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

	Notes	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. Library Expenditures 24a	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. External Expenditures 24b	Computer Hardware and Software Expenditures 25	Document Delivery / Interlibrary Loan Expenditures 26
ALABAMA	+	53,544	0	11,799	256
ARIZONA	+	.	.	32,430	149
ARIZONA STATE	+	25,780	0	3,226	1,438
BOSTON	+	47,815	0	65,159	2,979
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	13,454	.	38,944	263
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	0	.	4,029	784
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		.	.	.	.
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		10,648	.	31,148	227
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	13,633	0	14,285	3,269
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	.	.	.	.
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	8,026	0	0	195
CHICAGO	+	81,191	0	91,405	25,925
CINCINNATI	b+	6,897	7,683	65,981	1,375
COLORADO		18,820	0	0	427
COLUMBIA	+	24,844	0	71,022	15,952
CONNECTICUT	bG+	125,651	.	4,413	26,306
CORNELL	+	.	.	.	.
DUKE		11,928	0	16,673	5,944
EMORY	+	42,714	0	0	1,128
FLORIDA		6,916	.	4,395	0
FLORIDA STATE	+	0	19,345	5,859	299
GEORGE WASHINGTON		124,706	.	49,261	37,490
GEORGETOWN	b	170,463	0	13,662	25,905
GEORGIA		4,730	.	58,122	254
HARVARD	bG+	358,984	28,424	187,650	.
HAWAII	+	47,829	0	0	0
HOUSTON	b+	55,696	0	0	4,805
HOWARD	b+	35,722	0	9,370	0
ILLINOIS, URBANA		.	.	5,862	.
INDIANA	G+	14,845	0	166	2,990
IOWA	+	26,936	0	4,350	1,730

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

	Notes	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. Library Expenditures 24a	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. External Expenditures 24b	Computer Hardware and Software Expenditures 25	Document Delivery / Interlibrary Loan Expenditures 26
KANSAS	G+	0	8,385	15,817	15
KENTUCKY		0	2,500	0	40
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	41,157	3,427	7,263	1,305
MIAMI	b	22,424	0	70,724	409
MICHIGAN	+	6,938	0	117,274	13,095
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	16,436	.	.	2,154
MINNESOTA	b+	11,379	0	6,399	2,424
MISSOURI	b+	5,942	.	2,672	652
MONTREAL	+	.	.	.	.
NEBRASKA	+	5,397	0	8,885	0
NEW MEXICO	b	16,005	21,791	0	727
NEW YORK	b+	67,092	.	61,348	2,317
NORTH CAROLINA	+	.	.	2,632	568
NORTHWESTERN	+	28,330	0	52,488	7,791
NOTRE DAME	b+	0	94,145	58,547	4,343
OHIO STATE	b+	30,270	.	0	0
OKLAHOMA		12,619	0	5,419	834
OREGON	b+	12,962	0	783	0
PENNSYLVANIA		.	0	95,151	280
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	.	22,061	3,915	0
QUEEN'S	+	.	.	.	.
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	42,377	0	.	2,500
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	6,792	0	17,521	4,873
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	.	.	.	.
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	8,023	523	4,075	3,342
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		5,666	0	11,213	6,875
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	7,512	0	27,970	40
SYRACUSE	+	12,077	0	26,063	4,353
TEMPLE		0	10,634	87,177	468
TENNESSEE	b+	15,707	0	42,123	518
TEXAS	+	6,022	0	305,794	0

ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

	Notes	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. Library Expenditures 24a	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. External Expenditures 24b	Computer Hardware and Software Expenditures 25	Document Delivery / Interlibrary Loan Expenditures 26
TEXAS TECH	G+	13,502	0	237,014	994
TORONTO	G+	.	.	72,989	0
TULANE	+	50,022	0	3,166	3,141
UTAH	+	25,406	0	0	734
VANDERBILT	G+	19,990	0	406	0
VIRGINIA	+	20,000	1,999	43,460	12,534
WASHINGTON	+	54,843	0	1,513	1,549
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	35,406	0	26,770	6,227
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	.	0	.	.
WISCONSIN	+	10,000	0	19,509	1,406
YALE	b+	80,500	.	41,583	3,213
YORK	+	9,167	.	38,979	1,182

+ - See Footnotes

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b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. Library Expenditures 24a	Bibl. Utilities, Networks, etc. External Expenditures 24b	Computer Hardware and Software Expenditures 25	Document Delivery / Interlibrary Loan Expenditures 26
Mean	36,941	18,410	41,176	4,564
Median	18,820	9,510	18,515	1,438
High	358,984	94,145	305,794	37,490
Low	4,730	523	166	15
Sum	2,031,736	220,917	2,305,853	250,993
n	55	12	56	55

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

	Notes	Professional Staff (FTE) 27a	Support Staff (FTE) 27b	Student Assistants (FTE) 27c	Total Staff (FTE) 27	Staffed Service Points 28	Library Service Hours 29
ALABAMA	+	10	7	5	22	2	100
ARIZONA	+	12	11	1	24	2	99
ARIZONA STATE	+	6	11	3	20	2	111
BOSTON	+	12	12	6	30	3	102
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	16	7	4	27	3	106
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	12	4	22	38	4	105
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		19	24	16	59	.	.
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		8	9	2	19	2	67
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	7	9	1	17	3	84
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	16	15	4	35	2	95
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	12	11	6	29	2	.
CHICAGO	+	10	15	4	29	2	82
CINCINNATI	b+	12	1	3	16	2	95
COLORADO		8	10	3	21	2	102
COLUMBIA	+	21	20	5	46	2	104
CONNECTICUT	bG+	11	11	5	27	3	89
CORNELL	+	10	8	.	18	2	70
DUKE		13	9	6	28	3	104
EMORY	+	11	7	2	20	2	96
FLORIDA		7	12	8	27	2	98
FLORIDA STATE	+	10	7	4	21	6	70
GEORGE WASHINGTON		22	21	6	49	4	110
GEORGETOWN	b	27	38	9	74	5	107
GEORGIA		8	12	6	26	2	.
HARVARD	bG+	48	43	.	91	3	.
HAWAII	+	6	3	3	12	2	97
HOUSTON	b+	11	8	4	23	2	106
HOWARD	b+	7	11	5	23	2	105
ILLINOIS, URBANA		10	9	5	24	2	102
INDIANA	G+	11	8	4	23	4	115
IOWA	+	16	15	10	41	3	106

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

	Notes	Professional Staff (FTE) 27a	Support Staff (FTE) 27b	Student Assistants (FTE) 27c	Total Staff (FTE) 27	Staffed Service Points 28	Library Service Hours 29
KANSAS	G+	7	5	6	18	2	93
KENTUCKY		6	6	3	15	2	100
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	9	4	3	16	2	104
MIAMI	b	14	15	6	35	2	111
MICHIGAN	+	10	21	18	49	2	112
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	11	3	7	21	3	109
MINNESOTA	b+	12	15	8	35	3	80
MISSOURI	b+	8	8	4	20	5	73
MONTREAL	+	5	8	.	13	4	95
NEBRASKA	+	6	8	0	14	2	109
NEW MEXICO	b	8	7	4	19	2	83
NEW YORK	b+	14	27	15	56	6	91
NORTH CAROLINA	+	13	9	3	25	2	109
NORTHWESTERN	+	12	12	3	27	4	96
NOTRE DAME	b+	10	13	7	30	2	95
OHIO STATE	b+	8	8	4	20	2	107
OKLAHOMA		7	6	5	18	2	100
OREGON	b+	8	6	3	17	2	106
PENNSYLVANIA		15	19	4	38	2	116
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	13	6	5	24	2	96
QUEEN'S	+	3	4	3	10	1	95
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	5	12	2	19	2	103
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	10	10	2	22	3	95
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	3	4	1	8	2	73
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	7	7	3	17	2	99
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		9	10	5	24	3	100
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	4	10	2	16	2	78
SYRACUSE	+	10	11	4	25	2	106
TEMPLE		13	8	5	26	2	96
TENNESSEE	b+	8	13	3	24	2	.
TEXAS	+	15	19	2	36	5	107

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

	Notes	Professional Staff (FTE) 27a	Support Staff (FTE) 27b	Student Assistants (FTE) 27c	Total Staff (FTE) 27	Staffed Service Points 28	Library Service Hours 29
TEXAS TECH	G+	8	20	5	33	3	96
TORONTO	G+	7	7	3	17	2	90
TULANE	+	8	9	4	21	3	113
UTAH	+	7	7	8	22	3	79
VANDERBILT	G+	6	9	2	17	2	111
VIRGINIA	+	13	11	3	27	6	112
WASHINGTON	+	15	11	6	32	3	89
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	10	7	4	21	2	120
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	3	4	1	8	1	69
WISCONSIN	+	12	9	7	28	3	104
YALE	b+	20	16	8	44	5	104
YORK	+	5	14	2	21	3	81

+ - See Footnotes

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G - Government documents not included in serials counts

b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	Professional Staff (FTE) 27a	Support Staff (FTE) 27b	Student Assistants (FTE) 27c	Total Staff (FTE) 27	Staffed Service Points 28	Library Service Hours 29
Mean	11	11	5	27	3	98
Median	10	9	4	24	2	100
High	48	43	22	91	6	120
Low	3	1	1	8	1	67
Sum	806	826	355	1,987	195	6,732
n	74	74	70	74	73	69

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

	Notes	Library Presentations to Groups 30	Participants in Group Presentations 31	Reference Transactions 32	Initial Circulation Transactions 33	Total Circulation Transactions 34	Total Items Loaned (ILL) 35	Total Items Borrowed (ILL) 36
ALABAMA	+	£ 50	£ 375	2,192	3,877	5,196	342	113
ARIZONA	+	253	513	5,969	2,704	4,701	315	139
ARIZONA STATE	+	40	401	3,609	4,270	27,294	421	453
BOSTON	+	463	4,903	£ 9,384	8,915	28,230	565	855
BOSTON COLLEGE	+	191	4,617	2,450	4,942	8,740	703	1,029
BRIGHAM YOUNG	b+	212	3,874	4,729	8,315	11,248	202	366
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY		.	.	.	.	.	.	.
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS		119	2,845	£ 23,402	8,101	10,120	309	470
CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	bG+	58	482	963	793	1,564	0	372
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	+	2	58	4,000	26,658	45,494	.	.
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	+	142	1,629	2,687	5,913	11,239	1,125	2,144
CHICAGO	+	98	1,932	5,952	24,179	27,449	57	599
CINCINNATI	b+	75	567	2,258	.	.	45	135
COLORADO		70	1,129	2,775	7,319	10,063	1,468	987
COLUMBIA	+	424	£ 6,391	£ 10,868	16,591	26,770	4,254	1,100
CONNECTICUT	bG+	65	1,221	3,503	4,567	6,083	717	1,309
CORNELL	+	213	996	£ 3,805	10,364	13,838	1,664	2,169
DUKE		193	993	£ 6,119	14,493	22,039	827	814
EMORY	+	45	694	2,658	4,225	6,780	231	533
FLORIDA		81	1,830	1,535	11,330	17,062	391	97
FLORIDA STATE	+	154	2,395	5,201	3,172	6,131	270	258
GEORGE WASHINGTON		107	2,421	.	7,686	13,213	1,519	1,111
GEORGETOWN	b	232	5,224	10,142	15,934	33,900	1,640	2,519
GEORGIA		43	1,693	876	5,990	15,277	845	165
HARVARD	bG+	.	.	9,084	31,715	56,241	2,346	710
HAWAII	+	97	2,171	2,317	2,408	3,353	229	142
HOUSTON	b+	72	829	5,641	4,800	6,927	341	978
HOWARD	b+	£ 80	£ 750	£ 1,100	467	729	2,179	1,909
ILLINOIS, URBANA		164	874	2,016	7,556	12,164	.	.
INDIANA	G+	100	2,122	£ 19,354	29,452	41,993	728	476
IOWA	+	315	3,182	£ 5,148	13,394	18,582	656	1,369

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

	Notes	Library Presentations to Groups 30	Participants in Group Presentations 31	Reference Transactions 32	Initial Circulation Transactions 33	Total Circulation Transactions 34	Total Items Loaned (ILL) 35	Total Items Borrowed (ILL) 36
KANSAS	G+	44	357	β 5,625	9,202	15,484	759	219
KENTUCKY		144	367	977	3,321	5,469	138	113
LOUISIANA STATE	G+	57	β 1,860	β 3,200	1,745	2,047	212	341
MIAMI	b	393	14,575	β 20,850	5,769	10,547	521	489
MICHIGAN	+	58	1,474	3,926	.	45,633	1,397	1,109
MICHIGAN STATE	b+	β 210	β 5,070	β 5,050	3,923	7,407	601	1,022
MINNESOTA	b+	93	780	7,910	24,947	37,510	2,525	629
MISSOURI	b+	β 150	β 1,500	β 1,800	2,789	3,642	1,488	419
MONTREAL	+	99	2,256	13,204	19,473	41,882	364	489
NEBRASKA	+	68	1,275	3,275	7,997	9,826	170	742
NEW MEXICO	b	108	1,522	3,526	4,972	6,930	187	187
NEW YORK	b+	96	1,400	19,990	9,725	22,210	916	1,872
NORTH CAROLINA	+	204	960	4,608	4,503	9,881	472	1,009
NORTHWESTERN	+	150	1,882	5,489	9,119	15,277	1,618	2,458
NOTRE DAME	b+	.	.	.	.	.	1,169	694
OHIO STATE	b+	179	1,157	β 3,380	9,019	40,627	3,252	1,200
OKLAHOMA		349	3,375	1,197	3,547	5,990	140	109
OREGON	b+	137	911	β 2,282	4,945	8,434	3,548	.
PENNSYLVANIA		265	5,829	1,685	7,455	9,981	500	1,273
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	b+	117	1,959	β 4,397	3,439	5,516	256	369
QUEEN'S	+	17	974	1,691	6,383	7,861	.	.
RUTGERS - CAMDEN	G	6	.	1,996	.	9,793	94	319
RUTGERS - NEWARK	G+	.	.	5,257	2,662	5,602	360	369
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	15	488	1,470	5,798	8,370	218	27
SOUTH CAROLINA	+	β 290	β 5,220	β 3,960	.	5,281	116	387
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA		188	380	1,506	4,455	11,331	161	597
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	+	11	315	946	2,739	3,726	147	42
SYRACUSE	+	112	1,689	6,780	3,310	6,141	320	423
TEMPLE		42	960	β 21,010	5,681	7,239	23	571
TENNESSEE	b+	74	1,909	3,380	3,480	4,641	222	163
TEXAS	+	39	1,105	3,885	19,110	34,003	825	309

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

	Notes	Library Presentations to Groups 30	Participants in Group Presentations 31	Reference Transactions 32	Initial Circulation Transactions 33	Total Circulation Transactions 34	Total Items Loaned (ILL) 35	Total Items Borrowed (ILL) 36
TEXAS TECH	G+	64	675	2,581	12,966	17,743	373	289
TORONTO	G+	254	2,232	31,044	11,042	19,383	413	345
TULANE	+	78	1,290	β 4,043	6,290	8,327	277	368
UTAH	+	230	1,391	β 10,920	8,754	12,797	343	777
VANDERBILT	G+	80	225	962	3,301	7,739	777	531
VIRGINIA	+	25	340	β 7,240	32,511	40,021	1,236	2,481
WASHINGTON	+	134	2,045	β 7,800	.	22,987	1,286	934
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	+	257	907	.	7,028	17,683	702	1,880
WESTERN ONTARIO	+	67	1,077	1,638	7,158	9,035	0	0
WISCONSIN	+	45	1,024	2,778	3,137	7,193	311	1,001
YALE	b+	219	3,421	5,026	41,647	72,005	2,070	2,777
YORK	+	69	1,098	13,164	15,230	16,409	656	495

+ - See Footnotes

. - Unavailable, not applicable or no data supplied

β - Figure derived from a sampling method rather than an actual count

G - Government documents not included in serials counts

b - Basis of volume count is bibliographic

Summary Data

	Library Presentations to Groups 30	Participants in Group Presentations 31	Reference Transactions 32	Initial Circulation Transactions 33	Total Circulation Transactions 34	Total Items Loaned (ILL) 35	Total Items Borrowed (ILL) 36
Mean	134	1,948	5,874	9,384	16,226	817	782
Median	100	1,290	3,906	6,383	10,120	486	532
High	463	14,575	31,044	41,647	72,005	4,254	2,777
Low	2	58	876	467	729	23	27
Sum	9,395	134,385	411,185	628,702	1,152,023	55,552	53,149
n	70	69	70	67	71	68	68

RANK ORDER TABLE 1: VOLUMES IN LIBRARY

Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total	Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total
1 HARVARD	1,817,527	16,809,918	10.81	38 NOTRE DAME	368,074	3,756,368	9.80
2 YALE	1,294,682	12,977,024	9.98	39 TENNESSEE	366,795	3,356,809	10.93
3 COLUMBIA	975,060	11,900,693	8.19	40 BRIGHAM YOUNG	365,728	4,348,985	8.41
4 GEORGETOWN	921,523	3,490,023	26.40	41 YORK	364,771	3,343,367	10.91
5 IOWA	857,946	6,330,031	13.55	42 COLORADO	360,728	5,110,353	7.06
6 BOSTON	845,741	3,036,258	27.85	43 TULANE	346,632	4,227,586	8.20
7 TEXAS	806,474	10,093,582	7.99	44 CONNECTICUT	340,606	4,036,820	8.44
8 MINNESOTA	795,478	7,364,052	10.80	45 ALABAMA	339,001	3,636,854	9.32
9 MICHIGAN	786,209	12,438,418	6.32	46 RUTGERS - CAMDEN	331,419	4,930,751	6.72
10 NEW YORK	782,036	5,494,307	14.23	47 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	330,532	4,538,809	7.28
11 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	721,058	11,379,353	6.34	48 FLORIDA	325,797	4,577,222	7.12
12 PENNSYLVANIA	661,712	6,574,811	10.06	49 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	312,353	2,854,269	10.94
13 ILLINOIS, URBANA	645,948	13,377,371	4.83	50 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	307,988	4,247,381	7.25
14 GEORGIA	643,496	4,878,038	13.19	51 ARIZONA STATE	280,917	4,574,891	6.14
15 CHICAGO	625,690	10,729,052	5.83	52 TEXAS TECH	277,834	2,828,907	9.82
16 VIRGINIA	607,284	5,612,952	10.82	53 UTAH	271,327	3,624,716	7.49
17 NORTHWESTERN	603,543	5,180,981	11.65	54 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	265,922	5,801,739	4.58
18 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	592,266	10,650,095	5.56	55 KENTUCKY	265,566	3,980,246	6.67
19 LOUISIANA STATE	585,258	4,275,073	13.69	56 KANSAS	261,326	4,342,240	6.02
20 SOUTH CAROLINA	559,256	4,023,693	13.90	57 BOSTON COLLEGE	256,687	2,733,474	9.39
21 HOUSTON	554,954	2,751,045	20.17	58 EMORY	252,260	3,662,882	6.89
22 DUKE	512,080	6,334,998	8.08	59 NEW MEXICO	248,174	3,487,120	7.12
23 VANDERBILT	489,143	3,587,734	13.63	60 ARIZONA	237,337	6,242,298	3.80
24 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	466,149	4,527,162	10.30	61 HOWARD	232,188	2,629,652	8.83
25 TEMPLE	465,815	4,060,061	11.47	62 SYRACUSE	231,377	3,652,287	6.34
26 WASHINGTON	462,555	7,667,832	6.03	63 QUEEN'S	229,933	2,621,344	8.77
27 CORNELL	453,732	8,289,564	5.47	64 TORONTO	228,262	12,583,612	1.81
28 INDIANA	448,848	8,908,159	5.04	65 CINCINNATI	227,886	4,267,945	5.34
29 MIAMI	438,790	3,435,248	12.77	66 OKLAHOMA	224,508	5,740,378	3.91
30 OHIO STATE	438,519	6,287,960	6.97	67 OREGON	209,381	3,060,953	6.84
31 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	438,405	3,460,714	12.67	68 WESTERN ONTARIO	193,735	4,392,582	4.41
32 NEBRASKA	433,691	3,554,930	12.20	69 MONTREAL	187,449	2,937,605	6.38
33 FLORIDA STATE	421,517	2,965,660	14.21	70 MICHIGAN STATE	168,785	6,892,912	2.45
34 MISSOURI	421,208	3,612,144	11.66	71 SASKATCHEWAN	167,488	2,418,869	6.92
35 GEORGE WASHINGTON	388,817	2,438,419	15.95	72 HAWAII	119,827	3,602,629	3.33
36 RUTGERS - NEWARK	378,336	4,930,751	7.67	73 CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	61,169	3,359,631	1.82
37 NORTH CAROLINA	370,485	7,252,716	5.11	WISCONSIN	.	8,591,442	.

RANK ORDER TABLE 2: VOLUMES ADDED (GROSS)

Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total	Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total
1 LOUISIANA STATE	132,685	156,755	84.64	38 CINCINNATI	6,399	103,535	6.18
2 CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	46,760	152,058	30.75	39 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	6,363	40,879	15.57
3 MICHIGAN	27,903	234,976	11.87	40 NORTHWESTERN	6,264	154,758	4.05
4 YALE	22,008	195,061	11.28	41 NOTRE DAME	6,116	87,899	6.96
5 IOWA	19,341	257,805	7.50	42 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	6,059	86,338	7.02
6 MINNESOTA	16,429	178,734	9.19	43 NEBRASKA	5,971	64,451	9.26
7 HARVARD	16,270	252,916	6.43	44 UTAH	5,965	174,891	3.41
8 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	15,308	367,900	4.16	45 TULANE	5,928	75,603	7.84
9 COLUMBIA	15,151	293,620	5.16	46 GEORGIA	5,876	74,909	7.84
10 NORTH CAROLINA	13,724	189,854	7.23	47 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	5,617	40,540	13.86
11 CHICAGO	13,687	601,167	2.28	48 CORNELL	5,280	104,210	5.07
12 FLORIDA STATE	13,359	43,794	30.50	49 BOSTON COLLEGE	5,142	64,580	7.96
13 MISSOURI	12,690	53,072	23.91	50 TENNESSEE	5,123	54,774	9.35
14 MIAMI	12,535	98,343	12.75	51 SYRACUSE	5,115	64,651	7.91
15 GEORGE WASHINGTON	11,207	93,116	12.04	52 ARIZONA STATE	5,062	70,503	7.18
16 HOUSTON	11,006	48,594	22.65	53 CONNECTICUT	5,054	45,996	10.99
17 WASHINGTON	10,936	182,480	5.99	54 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	4,877	369,427	1.32
18 DUKE	10,902	90,431	12.06	55 MICHIGAN STATE	4,632	108,338	4.28
19 PENNSYLVANIA	10,462	146,343	7.15	56 RUTGERS - CAMDEN	4,350	229,543	1.90
20 SOUTH CAROLINA	10,146	58,789	17.26	57 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	4,323	75,012	5.76
21 OHIO STATE	9,961	203,992	4.88	58 FLORIDA	4,198	196,508	2.14
22 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	9,691	132,457	7.32	59 ARIZONA	3,570	107,131	3.33
23 BOSTON	9,182	42,459	21.63	60 RUTGERS - NEWARK	3,439	229,543	1.50
24 TEMPLE	9,129	71,054	12.85	61 NEW YORK	3,010	106,253	2.83
25 TEXAS	9,090	109,008	8.34	62 OKLAHOMA	2,962	110,522	2.68
26 VIRGINIA	8,882	84,532	10.51	63 QUEEN'S	2,892	26,876	10.76
27 YORK	8,654	43,867	19.73	64 TORONTO	2,885	162,292	1.78
28 ILLINOIS, URBANA	8,080	233,829	3.46	65 OREGON	2,762	40,945	6.75
29 TEXAS TECH	8,009	49,271	16.26	66 MONTREAL	2,557	37,899	6.75
30 VANDERBILT	7,980	74,357	10.73	67 KANSAS	2,501	36,802	6.80
31 HOWARD	7,555	16,557	45.63	68 SASKATCHEWAN	2,418	35,163	6.88
32 NEW MEXICO	7,489	77,408	9.67	69 HAWAII	1,895	23,314	8.13
33 GEORGETOWN	7,358	62,216	11.83	70 EMORY	1,669	87,551	1.91
34 COLORADO	6,826	91,362	7.47	71 KENTUCKY	1,635	66,324	2.47
35 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	6,745	372,975	1.81	72 ALABAMA	443	106,965	0.41
36 INDIANA	6,640	114,510	5.80	73 WESTERN ONTARIO	304	209,020	0.15
37 BRIGHAM YOUNG	6,457	75,748	8.52	WISCONSIN	.	206,385	.

RANK ORDER TABLE 3: CURRENT SERIALS (TOTAL)

Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total	Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total
1 NOTRE DAME	49,027	108,677	45.11	38 KANSAS	5,887	95,214	6.18
2 VIRGINIA	39,088	123,637	31.62	39 HAWAII	5,821	80,209	7.26
3 GEORGE WASHINGTON	37,253	111,338	33.46	40 MICHIGAN	5,571	151,854	3.67
4 YALE	34,773	144,727	24.03	41 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	5,561	97,413	5.71
5 GEORGIA	27,535	97,296	28.30	42 TEXAS	5,429	107,456	5.05
6 EMORY	24,985	99,168	25.19	43 NEBRASKA	5,396	46,056	11.72
7 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	22,064	102,865	21.45	44 SYRACUSE	5,374	56,726	9.47
8 ARIZONA	21,155	94,078	22.49	45 RUTGERS - CAMDEN	5,330	87,364	6.10
9 MICHIGAN STATE	20,933	143,147	14.62	46 TEMPLE	5,290	80,484	6.57
10 CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	16,510	85,870	19.23	47 KENTUCKY	5,038	97,417	5.17
11 IOWA	15,805	106,486	14.84	48 COLORADO	4,804	62,126	7.73
12 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	13,973	80,784	17.30	49 UTAH	4,805	94,120	4.89
13 GEORGETOWN	13,946	94,867	14.70	50 NORTHWESTERN	4,297	109,140	3.94
14 MIAMI	13,516	87,125	15.51	51 FLORIDA STATE	4,286	79,023	5.42
15 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	12,310	84,183	14.62	52 RUTGERS - NEWARK	4,044	87,364	4.63
16 INDIANA	11,740	116,604	10.07	53 WASHINGTON	3,670	123,062	2.98
17 OHIO STATE	11,009	118,698	9.27	54 ALABAMA	3,415	101,538	3.36
18 NORTH CAROLINA	10,144	92,483	10.97	55 MONTREAL	3,378	135,702	2.49
19 CONNECTICUT	9,794	115,455	8.48	56 TENNESSEE	3,178	68,045	4.67
20 OKLAHOMA	9,719	105,158	9.24	57 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	3,012	106,581	2.83
21 HARVARD	9,593	174,084	5.51	58 MISSOURI	2,675	45,438	5.89
22 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	9,063	122,882	7.38	59 OREGON	2,564	90,666	2.83
23 NEW YORK	8,897	170,583	5.22	60 HOUSTON	2,524	77,827	3.24
24 COLUMBIA	8,814	167,884	5.25	61 ILLINOIS, URBANA	2,174	125,635	1.73
25 CHICAGO	8,682	119,838	7.24	62 SASKATCHEWAN	2,134	50,135	4.26
26 DUKE	8,214	156,990	5.23	63 VANDERBILT	2,102	78,041	2.69
27 FLORIDA	8,159	132,028	6.18	64 TORONTO	1,753	110,376	1.59
28 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	7,711	97,835	7.88	65 WESTERN ONTARIO	1,331	80,081	1.66
29 TULANE	7,519	112,338	6.69	66 NEW MEXICO	1,098	99,074	1.11
30 BRIGHAM YOUNG	7,345	87,395	8.40	67 BOSTON COLLEGE	0	38,758	0.00
31 BOSTON	6,998	62,218	11.25	67 CINCINNATI	0	120,321	0.00
32 PENNSYLVANIA	6,915	105,721	6.54	ARIZONA STATE	.	90,772	.
33 YORK	6,761	58,479	11.56	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	.	101,235	.
34 TEXAS TECH	6,195	90,309	6.86	CORNELL	.	112,000	.
35 LOUISIANA STATE	6,170	168,925	3.65	MINNESOTA	.	115,932	.
36 HOWARD	6,088	90,491	6.73	QUEEN'S	.	107,519	.
37 SOUTH CAROLINA	6,068	78,061	7.77	WISCONSIN	.	138,987	.

RANK ORDER TABLE 4: TOTAL LIBRARY EXPENDITURES

Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total	Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total
1 HARVARD	11,083,265	109,269,848	10.14	38 COLORADO	2,410,306	20,958,691	11.50
2 GEORGETOWN	7,571,139	27,905,039	27.13	39 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	2,391,025	48,633,920	4.92
3 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	6,806,086	48,268,625	14.10	40 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	2,385,329	27,440,983	8.69
4 GEORGE WASHINGTON	6,577,808	27,586,020	23.84	41 MICHIGAN STATE	2,337,406	29,342,713	7.97
5 IOWA	6,137,587	30,239,494	20.30	42 BRIGHAM YOUNG	2,308,229	27,585,743	8.37
6 MICHIGAN	5,771,790	64,531,716	8.94	43 CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	2,297,502	20,547,401	11.18
7 YALE	5,469,194	72,288,711	7.57	44 SOUTH CAROLINA	2,288,449	20,929,466	10.93
8 NEW YORK	5,167,597	50,270,098	10.28	45 FLORIDA	2,236,060	33,503,188	6.67
9 COLUMBIA	5,136,922	61,997,374	8.29	46 GEORGIA	2,206,017	23,607,882	9.34
10 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	4,775,397	55,148,007	8.66	47 ILLINOIS, URBANA	2,205,477	43,476,914	5.07
11 CHICAGO	4,741,376	36,153,527	13.11	48 TULANE	2,197,303	17,141,652	12.82
12 MINNESOTA	4,465,940	40,435,696	11.04	49 TORONTO	2,183,787	73,011,409	2.99
13 BOSTON	3,964,789	23,002,052	17.24	50 TENNESSEE	2,175,432	26,464,773	8.22
14 CONNECTICUT	3,878,644	28,226,829	13.74	51 RUTGERS - NEWARK	2,160,162	32,212,672	6.71
15 TEXAS	3,564,243	39,646,788	8.99	52 HOUSTON	2,147,656	20,034,391	10.72
16 NORTH CAROLINA	3,540,797	40,661,363	8.71	53 FLORIDA STATE	2,033,369	18,626,493	10.92
17 VIRGINIA	3,268,405	32,776,004	9.97	54 LOUISIANA STATE	1,908,691	13,926,025	13.71
18 PENNSYLVANIA	3,250,357	43,886,760	7.41	55 ARIZONA STATE	1,907,571	24,024,454	7.94
19 DUKE	3,215,649	39,297,158	8.18	56 ARIZONA	1,897,688	28,017,643	6.77
20 BOSTON COLLEGE	3,168,929	19,862,976	15.95	57 CINCINNATI	1,832,398	21,245,742	8.62
21 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	3,095,039	14,763,679	20.96	58 RUTGERS - CAMDEN	1,794,804	32,212,672	5.57
22 WASHINGTON	3,032,772	40,109,685	7.56	59 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	1,760,894	18,469,580	9.53
23 SYRACUSE	2,991,946	18,591,681	16.09	60 OKLAHOMA	1,621,071	23,520,675	6.89
24 MIAMI	2,945,103	25,351,077	11.62	61 NEW MEXICO	1,539,722	19,175,964	8.03
25 TEXAS TECH	2,900,544	30,149,654	9.62	62 SASKATCHEWAN	1,531,531	20,462,475	7.48
26 INDIANA	2,876,547	33,679,775	8.54	63 OREGON	1,516,202	16,544,758	9.16
27 TEMPLE	2,771,566	24,052,161	11.52	64 WESTERN ONTARIO	1,494,643	21,629,343	6.91
28 EMORY	2,751,327	36,651,350	7.51	65 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	1,493,673	15,039,935	9.93
29 OHIO STATE	2,745,686	44,781,264	6.13	66 KENTUCKY	1,492,918	21,103,436	7.07
30 WISCONSIN	2,701,683	41,892,634	6.45	67 NEBRASKA	1,476,365	16,651,058	8.87
31 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	2,690,024	43,776,860	6.14	68 QUEEN'S	1,462,760	20,214,953	7.24
32 CORNELL	2,674,793	44,420,581	6.02	69 HOWARD	1,454,420	7,835,655	18.56
33 NOTRE DAME	2,626,310	25,770,045	10.19	70 UTAH	1,411,284	24,991,745	5.65
34 ALABAMA	2,508,305	17,749,255	14.13	71 MONTREAL	1,329,343	30,030,290	4.43
35 NORTHWESTERN	2,462,572	30,948,218	7.96	72 MISSOURI	1,298,044	15,443,307	8.41
36 VANDERBILT	2,431,911	25,206,657	9.65	73 HAWAII	1,213,456	18,129,088	6.69
37 YORK	2,416,580	26,216,723	9.22	74 KANSAS	1,097,909	22,744,668	4.83

RANK ORDER TABLE 5: TOTAL STAFF

Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total	Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total
1 HARVARD	91	915	9.95	38 HOUSTON	23	201	11.44
2 GEORGETOWN	74	242	30.58	38 HOWARD	23	98	23.47
3 CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	59	510	11.57	38 INDIANA	23	426	5.40
4 NEW YORK	56	484	11.57	41 ALABAMA	22	204	10.78
5 GEORGE WASHINGTON	49	246	19.92	41 RUTGERS - NEWARK	22	363	6.06
5 MICHIGAN	49	677	7.24	41 UTAH	22	313	7.03
7 COLUMBIA	46	619	7.43	44 COLORADO	21	217	9.68
8 YALE	44	619	7.11	44 FLORIDA STATE	21	305	6.89
9 IOWA	41	246	16.67	44 MICHIGAN STATE	21	261	8.05
10 BRIGHAM YOUNG	38	394	9.64	44 TULANE	21	182	11.54
10 PENNSYLVANIA	38	406	9.36	44 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	21	246	8.54
12 TEXAS	36	492	7.32	44 YORK	21	215	9.77
13 CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	35	539	6.49	50 ARIZONA STATE	20	298	6.71
13 MIAMI	35	254	13.78	50 EMORY	20	279	7.17
13 MINNESOTA	35	387	9.04	50 MISSOURI	20	197	10.15
16 TEXAS TECH	33	329	10.03	50 OHIO STATE	20	437	4.58
17 WASHINGTON	32	436	7.34	54 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	19	199	9.55
18 BOSTON	30	285	10.53	54 NEW MEXICO	19	215	8.84
18 NOTRE DAME	30	260	11.54	54 RUTGERS - CAMDEN	19	363	5.23
20 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	29	137	21.17	57 CORNELL	18	482	3.73
20 CHICAGO	29	314	9.24	57 KANSAS	18	284	6.34
22 DUKE	28	317	8.83	57 OKLAHOMA	18	225	8.00
22 WISCONSIN	28	574	4.88	60 CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	17	183	9.29
24 BOSTON COLLEGE	27	176	15.34	60 OREGON	17	212	8.02
24 CONNECTICUT	27	197	13.71	60 SOUTH CAROLINA	17	258	6.59
24 FLORIDA	27	334	8.08	60 TORONTO	17	635	2.68
24 NORTHWESTERN	27	342	7.89	60 VANDERBILT	17	216	7.87
24 VIRGINIA	27	338	7.99	65 CINCINNATI	16	184	8.70
29 GEORGIA	26	283	9.19	65 LOUISIANA STATE	16	132	12.12
29 TEMPLE	26	207	12.56	65 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	16	181	8.84
31 NORTH CAROLINA	25	422	5.92	68 KENTUCKY	15	249	6.02
31 SYRACUSE	25	193	12.95	69 NEBRASKA	14	191	7.33
33 ARIZONA	24	268	8.96	70 MONTREAL	13	346	3.76
33 ILLINOIS, URBANA	24	474	5.06	71 HAWAII	12	215	5.58
33 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	24	574	4.18	72 QUEEN'S	10	158	6.33
33 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	24	351	6.84	73 SASKATCHEWAN	8	144	5.56
33 TENNESSEE	24	236	10.17	73 WESTERN ONTARIO	8	186	4.30

RANK ORDER TABLE 6: TOTAL ELECTRONIC RESOURCES EXPENDITURES

Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total	Institution	Law Library Total	Institution Total	Law % of Total
1 GEORGE WASHINGTON	756,411	6,011,676	12.58	38 IOWA	316,132	9,324,984	3.39
2 NEW YORK	750,934	13,720,753	5.47	39 OREGON	307,287	3,870,451	7.94
3 TEMPLE	738,756	9,821,267	7.52	40 ILLINOIS, URBANA	303,569	10,098,660	3.01
4 GEORGETOWN	730,287	6,072,888	12.03	41 NORTH CAROLINA	301,992	9,467,162	3.19
5 NOTRE DAME	669,340	7,353,276	9.10	42 KANSAS	295,420	6,519,134	4.53
6 CHICAGO	645,295	10,471,505	6.16	43 RUTGERS - NEWARK	294,201	7,528,949	3.91
7 CALIFORNIA, IRVINE	638,717	5,738,409	11.13	44 PENNSYLVANIA	293,987	9,325,350	3.15
8 HARVARD	605,150	13,083,860	4.63	45 MISSOURI	287,163	6,154,525	4.67
9 INDIANA	580,221	8,133,176	7.13	46 ALABAMA	282,774	5,374,460	5.26
10 VANDERBILT	568,372	8,777,401	6.48	47 BRIGHAM YOUNG	275,659	7,027,293	3.92
11 BOSTON COLLEGE	528,091	6,501,770	8.12	48 HOUSTON	270,485	6,936,183	3.90
12 YALE	511,262	9,149,240	5.59	49 YORK	262,493	7,725,501	3.40
13 BOSTON	505,142	7,171,465	7.04	50 NEW MEXICO	257,690	4,607,074	5.59
14 TENNESSEE	501,795	10,948,471	4.58	51 COLORADO	257,482	7,407,067	3.48
15 FLORIDA STATE	486,612	7,393,566	6.58	52 NEBRASKA	252,218	5,262,868	4.79
16 FLORIDA	485,620	10,022,368	4.85	53 NORTHWESTERN	249,042	9,213,976	2.70
17 EMORY	484,064	8,446,179	5.73	54 OKLAHOMA	245,938	9,375,233	2.62
18 MICHIGAN STATE	479,169	10,365,525	4.62	55 MONTREAL	235,994	8,878,970	2.66
19 WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	474,323	8,645,875	5.49	56 TORONTO	221,264	14,154,584	1.56
20 MINNESOTA	458,142	9,746,344	4.70	57 WASHINGTON	207,267	8,395,659	2.47
21 COLUMBIA	455,248	13,990,759	3.25	58 SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	204,945	10,409,856	1.97
22 CASE WESTERN RESERVE	431,264	4,794,060	9.00	59 CINCINNATI	200,615	7,307,759	2.75
23 SOUTH CAROLINA	422,640	6,659,957	6.35	60 CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	186,212	4,081,235	4.56
24 MICHIGAN	407,106	12,098,507	3.36	61 KENTUCKY	170,961	7,419,569	2.30
25 OHIO STATE	403,814	9,200,666	4.39	62 TEXAS TECH	162,845	8,448,186	1.93
26 TULANE	400,195	5,934,488	6.74	63 CORNELL	161,090	9,168,393	1.76
27 LOUISIANA STATE	395,802	4,997,660	7.92	64 RUTGERS - CAMDEN	157,238	7,528,949	2.09
28 SYRACUSE	390,844	5,421,120	7.21	65 SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	156,575	4,329,448	3.62
29 PENNSYLVANIA STATE	385,446	12,335,332	3.12	66 HAWAII	155,055	5,096,216	3.04
30 TEXAS	380,615	9,590,440	3.97	67 HOWARD	119,864	1,832,719	6.54
31 CONNECTICUT	370,049	7,280,964	5.08	68 QUEEN'S	119,479	6,092,461	1.96
32 WISCONSIN	350,097	7,711,395	4.54	69 UTAH	108,466	5,078,526	2.14
33 DUKE	346,019	9,424,484	3.67	70 WESTERN ONTARIO	80,364	7,558,968	1.06
34 VIRGINIA	342,591	6,196,600	5.53	ARIZONA	.	8,938,124	.
35 ARIZONA STATE	336,655	8,138,341	4.14	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	.	7,648,665	.
36 GEORGIA	328,498	7,063,139	4.65	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	.	5,076,434	.
37 MIAMI	322,926	8,656,868	3.73	SASKATCHEWAN	.	7,273,374	.

ARL STATISTICS QUESTIONNAIRE 2010–2011

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE QUESTIONNAIRE

General Instructions

Definitions of statistical categories can be found in NISO Z39.7-2004, *Information Services and Use: Metrics & statistics for libraries and information providers--Data Dictionary* (<http://www.niso.org/>). ARL has been modifying the interpretation of the standard definitions to address questions posed by library staff at various member institutions that complete the survey and with feedback from the ARL Statistics and Assessment Committee (<http://www.arl.org/stats/aboutstats/index.shtml>).

Please do not use decimals. All figures should be rounded to the nearest whole number.

Please respond to every question. If an exact figure cannot be provided, use NA/UA to indicate that the figure is either unavailable or not applicable. If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use **0**.

Although the form allows for data to be entered from both main and branch campuses, an effort should be made to report figures for the main campus only. (The U.S. National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) defines a **branch institution** as “a campus or site of an educational institution that is not temporary, is located in a community beyond a reasonable commuting distance from its parent institution, and offers organized programs of study, not just courses”). If figures for libraries located at branch campuses are reported, please specify which branch libraries are included and which ones are excluded in the notes below.

A **branch library** is defined as an auxiliary library service outlet with quarters separate from the central library of an institution, which has a basic collection of books and other materials, a regular staffing level, and an established schedule. A branch library is administered either by the central library or (as in the case of some law and medical libraries) through the administrative structure of other units within the university. Departmental study/reading rooms are not included.

The questionnaire assumes a fiscal year ending **June 30, 2011**. If your fiscal year is different, please indicate this in the notes below by adjusting the reporting period.

Footnotes. Explanatory footnotes will be included with the published statistics. Provide any notes you may have in the footnotes area at the end of the survey. Reporting libraries are urged to record there any information that would clarify the figures submitted in that line, e.g., the inclusion and exclusion of branch campus libraries. Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly. Please use a concise sentence/paragraph format when writing footnotes—**do not use “bullets” or make a “bullet list.”**

Specific Instructions

Questions 1-1b. Volumes:

Question 1. Volumes in Library. Use the ANSI/NISO Z39.7-2004 definition for **volume** as follows:

*a single physical unit of any printed, typewritten, handwritten, mimeographed, or processed work, distinguished from other units by a separate binding, encasement, portfolio, or other clear distinction, which has been **cataloged, classified, and made ready for use**, and which is typically the unit used to charge circulation transactions. Either a serial volume is bound, or it comprises the serial issues that would be bound together if the library bound all serials.*

Include duplicates and bound volumes of periodicals. For purposes of this questionnaire, unclassified bound serials arranged in alphabetical order are considered classified. Exclude microforms, maps, nonprint materials, and uncataloged items. If any of these items cannot be excluded, please provide an explanatory footnote

Include government document volumes that are accessible through the library's catalogs regardless of whether they are separately shelved. "Classified" includes documents arranged by Superintendent of Documents, CODOC, or similar numbers. "Cataloged" includes documents for which records are provided by the library or downloaded from other sources into the library's card or online catalogs. Documents should, to the extent possible, be counted as they would if they were in bound volumes (e.g., 12 issues of an annual serial would be one or two volumes). Title and piece counts should not be considered the same as volume counts. If a volume count has not been kept, it may be estimated through sampling a representative group of title records and determining the corresponding number of volumes, then extrapolating to the rest of the collection. As an alternative, an estimate may be made using the following formulae:

52 documents pieces per foot
10 "traditional" volumes per foot
5.2 documents pieces per volume

Include e-book units, as long as these e-books are owned or leased and have been cataloged by your library. Include electronic books purchased through vendors such as NetLibrary® or Books 24x7, and e-books that come as part of aggregate services. Include individual titles of e-book sets that are treated as individual reference sources. Include locally digitized electronic books and electronic theses and dissertations. Provide a footnote explaining how many e-books you are reporting, preferably by specifying the products and the number of titles in a note.

Include volumes purchased collectively where the cost is shared at the time of purchase.

If either formulas or sampling are used for deriving your count, please indicate in a footnote.

Question 1b. Volumes Added. Include only volumes cataloged, classified, and made ready for use. Include government documents if they have been included in the count of volumes on line 1a. Do not include as part of Volumes Added Gross any government documents or other collections (such as large gift collections or e-book packages, EBBO, etc.) that were added to the collection as the result of a one time download or addition to the OPAC. Include these items in Volumes Held of the previous year (Line 1a) and provide a footnote explaining the revision of Line 1a.

Question 2. Titles Held. Use the ANSI/NISO Z39.7-2004 definition for **title** as follows:

The designation of a separate bibliographic whole, whether issued in one or several volumes
... Titles are defined according to the Anglo-American Cataloging Rules. A book or serial title may be distinguished from other such titles by its unique International Standard Book Number (ISBN) or International Standard Serial Number (ISSN). This definition applies equally to print, audiovisual, and other library materials. For unpublished works, the term is used to designate a manuscript collection or an archival record series. Two subscriptions to Science magazine, for example, are counted as one title. When vertical file materials are counted, a file folder is considered a title.

Report the total number of **unique** titles cataloged, classified and made ready for use. The number of titles reported here is for the number of volumes reported under line (1). Include e-books as specified above in question (1). For those reporting a bibliographic volume under line (1), their title count may be exactly the same as their volume count.

Question 3. Monographic Volumes Purchased. Report number of volumes purchased; do not include volumes received or cataloged. Include all volumes for which an expenditure was made during 2010–11, including volumes paid for in advance but not received during the fiscal year. Include monographs in series and continuations. Include e-books that fit the NetLibrary® model, i.e., electronic manifestations of physical entities and/or units; provide a footnote explaining how many e-books you are reporting, preferably by specifying the products and the number of titles. If only number of titles purchased can be reported, please report the data and provide an explanatory footnote.

Question 4: Basis of Volume Count. A physical count is a piece count; a bibliographic count is a catalog record count.

Questions 5. Serials. Use the following definition **adapted from AACR2 for a serial:**

A bibliographic resource issued in a succession of discrete parts, usually bearing numbering, that has no predetermined conclusion. Examples of serials include journals, magazines, electronic journals, continuing directories, annual reports, newspapers, and monographic series.

Report the total number of unique serial titles, NOT SUBSCRIPTIONS, that you currently acquire and to which you provide access. Do not include duplicate counts of serial titles. Report each title once, regardless of how many subscriptions or means of access you provide for that title. Exclude unnumbered monographic and publishers' series. Electronic serials acquired as part of a bundle or an aggregated package should be counted at the title level, even if they are not cataloged, as long as the title is made accessible directly by the library (e.g., through a finding aid). If access is provided only through the overall platform or aggregator, do not report the individual titles but count the package as a single title.

Question 5a. Serial titles currently purchased. In the case of consortial agreements, count under 'serial titles currently purchased' those titles for which the library pays any amount from its budgeted expenditures. Include all titles that are part of bundles or aggregated packages, even if your library makes a partial payment for access to those titles. If a purchased title includes electronic access to the title, count that title ONLY ONCE (DEDUPED) as electronic only. If a database includes full-text and abstracted titles, the number of full-text titles can be counted.

Question 5b. Serial titles: Not Purchased. Report other titles that your library receives and does not pay for directly under 'serial titles received but not purchased.' These titles may include exchanges, gifts, etc.

If serial titles have been purchased through a consortium whose budget is centrally funded and independent from the library's budget, these serials should be reported under 'serial titles currently received but not purchased.' If within a purchased or aggregated package it cannot be determined that some titles are not purchased, report all titles as purchased.

Freely accessible titles are those your library provides direct access to via cataloging records or through online serial lists of other finding aids.

To the extent possible, report all government document serials separately in (5b.iv).

If separate counts of non-purchased and purchased serial titles are not available, report only the total number of serial titles currently purchased and received on line (5), and report NA/UA for lines (5a) and (5b).

Question 7. Microforms. Report the total number of physical units: reels of microfilm, microcards, and microprint and microfiche sheets. Include all government documents in microform; provide a footnote if documents are excluded.

Question 8. Government documents. Report the total number of physical units (pieces) of government documents in paper format that have not been counted elsewhere. Include local, state, national, and international documents; include documents purchased from a commercial source if shelved with separate documents collections and not counted above. Include serials and monographs. To estimate pieces from a measurement of linear feet, use the formula $1 \text{ foot} = 52 \text{ pieces}$ and indicate in a footnote that the count is based on this estimate. Exclude microforms and non-print formats such as maps or CD-ROMs. Adjust line (1a), i.e., last year's Volumes Held, and provide a footnote if you are adding records to the OPAC for government documents previously held but not counted as part of Volumes Held line (1a).

Question 9. Computer files. Include the number of pieces of computer-readable disks, tapes, CD-ROMs, and similar machine-readable files comprising data or programs that are locally held as part of the library's collections available to library clients. Examples are U.S. Census data tapes, sample research software, locally-mounted databases, and reference tools on CD-ROM, tape or disk. Exclude bibliographic records used to manage the collection (i.e., the library's own catalog in machine-readable form), library system software, and microcomputer software used only by the library staff.

Question 10. Manuscripts and archives. Include both manuscripts and archives measured in linear feet.

Question 11. Cartographic materials. Include the numbers of pieces of two- and three-dimensional maps and globes. Include satellite and aerial photographs and images.

Question 12. Graphic materials. Include the number of pieces of prints, pictures, photographs, postcards, slides, transparencies, film strips, and the like.

Question 13. Audio materials. Include the number of pieces of audiocassettes, phonographic discs, audio compact discs, reel-to-reel tapes, and other sound recordings.

Question 14. Film and video materials. Include the number of pieces of motion pictures, videocassettes, video laser discs, and similar visual materials.

Questions 15-21. Expenditures. Report all expenditures of funds that come to the library from the regular institutional budget, and from sources such as research grants, special projects, gifts and endowments, and fees for service. (For question (18), include non-library funds; see instruction for question (18). Do not report encumbrances of funds that have not yet been expended. **Canadian libraries should report expenditures in Canadian dollars.** (For your information, if interested in determining figures in U.S. dollars, divide Canadian dollar amounts by 1.0014, the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the Bank of Canada *Review* for the period July 2010–June 2011). **Please round figures to the nearest dollar.**

Question 16a. Monographs. Report expenditures for volumes purchased counted on line (3).

Question 16b. Serial titles. Report expenditures for serial titles counted on line (5a). Exclude unnumbered monographic and publishers' series, and encumbrances.

Question 16c. Other library materials. Include expenditures for all materials not reported in Questions (16a) and (16b), e.g., backfiles of serials, charts and maps, audiovisual materials, manuscripts, etc. If expenditures for these materials are included in lines (16a) and/or (16b) and cannot be disaggregated, please report U/A and provide a footnote. Do not include encumbrances.

Question 16d. Miscellaneous expenditures. Include any other **materials funds expenditures** not included in questions (16a)-(16c), e.g., expenditures for bibliographic utilities, literature searching, security devices, memberships for the purposes of publications, etc. Please list categories, with amounts, in a footnote. **Note:** If your library does not use materials funds for non-

materials expenditures—i.e., if those expenditures are included in “Other Operating Expenditures”— **report 0, not NA/UA**, on line (16d).

Question 17. Contract Binding. Include only contract expenditures for binding done outside the library. If all binding is done in-house, state this fact and give in-house expenditures in a footnote; do not include personnel expenditures.

Questions 18. Salaries and wages. Exclude fringe benefits. If professional, support staff and student salaries cannot be separated, enter NA/UA, in lines (18a), (18b) and (18c) and enter total staff salaries in line (18).

Question 18c. Salaries and wages: Student Assistants. Report 100% of student wages regardless of budgetary source of funds. Include federal and local funds for work study students.

Question 20. Other operating expenditures. Exclude expenditures for buildings, maintenance, and fringe benefits.

Questions 22-26. Electronic expenditures. These items are intended to indicate what portion of your institution’s total library expenditures are dedicated to electronic resources and services. Please use the Footnotes to indicate any electronic materials expenditures you believe not to be covered by these questions. **Many expenditures recorded in these questions should have been included in question (21), total library expenditures.**

Question 22. One-time electronic resource purchases. Report expenditures that are not current serials (i.e. are non-subscription, one-time, or monographic in nature) for software and machine-readable materials considered part of the collections. Examples include periodical backfiles, literature collections, one-time costs for JSTOR membership, etc. Expenditures reported here may be derived from any of the following categories: Monographs (16a), Other Library Materials (16c), Miscellaneous (16d), or Other Operating Expenditures (20).

Question 23. Ongoing electronic resource purchases. Report subscription expenditures (or those which are expected to be ongoing commitments) for serial publications whose primary format is electronic and for online searches of remote databases such as OCLC FirstSearch, DIALOG, Lexis-Nexis, etc. Examples include paid subscriptions for electronic journals and indexes/abstracts available via the Internet, CD-ROM serials, and annual access fees for resources purchased on a “one-time” basis, such as literature collections, JSTOR membership, etc. Not all items whose expenditures are counted here will be included in Serial titles currently received question (5) or Serials Expenditures question (16b).

Question 24. Bibliographic Utilities, Networks, and Consortia. Because it is increasingly common for ARL Libraries to enter into consortial arrangements to purchase access to electronic resources, both “Library” and “External” expenditure blanks and instructions are provided. Please use a footnote to describe expenditures that you believe are not covered by the question, or situations that do not seem to fit the instructions.

Question 24a. From internal library sources. Report expenditures paid by the Library for services provided by national, regional, and local bibliographic utilities, networks, and consortia, such as OCLC and RLG, unless for user database access and subscriptions, which should be reported in questions (22) or (23). Include only expenditures that are part of Other Operating Expenditures (Q20).

Question 24b. From external sources. If your library receives access to computer files, electronic serials or search services through one or more centrally-funded system or consortial arrangements for which it does not pay fully and/or directly (for example, funding is provided by the state on behalf of all members), enter the amount paid by external bodies on its behalf. If the specific dollar amount is not known, but the total student FTE for the consortium and amount spent for the academic members are known, divide the overall amount spent by your institution’s share of the total student FTE.

Question 25. Computer hardware and software. Report expenditures from the library budget for computer hardware and software used to support library operations, whether purchased or leased, mainframe or microcomputer, and whether for staff or public use. Include expenditures for: maintenance; equipment used to run information service products when those expenditures can be separated from the price of the product; telecommunications infrastructure costs, such as wiring, hubs, routers, etc. Include only expenditures that are part of Other Operating Expenditures (20).

Question 26. Document Delivery/Interlibrary Loan. Report expenditures for document delivery and interlibrary loan services (both borrowing and lending). Include fees paid for photocopies, costs of telefacsimile transmission, royalties and access fees paid to provide document delivery or interlibrary loan. Include fees paid to bibliographic utilities if the portion paid for interlibrary loan can be separately counted. Include only expenditures that are part of Miscellaneous Materials Expenditures (16d) or Other Operating Expenditures (20), and only for those ILL/DD programs with data recorded in Questions (35)-(36).

Questions 27. Personnel. Report the number of FTE (full-time equivalent) staff in filled positions, or positions that are only temporarily vacant. ARL defines temporarily vacant positions as positions that were vacated during the fiscal year for which ARL data were submitted, for which there is a firm intent to refill, and for which there are expenditures for salaries reported on line (18).

Include cost recovery positions and staff hired for special projects and grants, but provide an explanatory footnote indicating the number of such staff. If such staff cannot be included, provide a footnote. To compute full-time equivalents of part-time employees and student assistants, take the total number of hours per week (or year) worked by part-time employees in each category and divide it by the number of hours considered by the reporting library to be a full-time work week (or year). **Round figures to the nearest whole numbers.**

Question 27a. Professional Staff. Since the criteria for determining professional status vary among libraries, there is no attempt to define the term “professional.” Each library should report those staff members it considers professional, including, when appropriate, staff who are not librarians in the strict sense of the term, for example computer experts, systems analysts, or budget officers.

Question 27b. Support Staff. Report the total FTE (see instruction (27) of staff not included in (27a).

Question 27c. Student Assistants. Report the total FTE (see instruction Q27) of student assistants employed on an hourly basis whose wages are paid from funds under library control or from a budget other than the library’s, including federal work-study programs. Exclude maintenance and custodial staff.

Question 28. Number of staffed library service points. Count the number of staffed public service points in the main library and in all branch libraries reported in this inventory, including reference desks, information desks, circulation, current periodicals, reserve rooms, reprographic services (if staffed as a public facility), etc. Report the number of designated locations, not the number of staff.

Question 29. Number of weekly public service hours. Report an unduplicated count of the total public service hours per typical full-service week (i.e., no holidays or other special accommodations) across both main library and branches using the following method (corresponds to IPEDS): If a library is open from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, it should report 40 hours per week. If several of its branches are also open during these hours, the figure remains 40 hours per week. Should Branch A also be open one evening from 7:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m., the total hours during which users can find service somewhere within the system becomes 42 hours per week. If Branch B is open the same hours on the same evening, the count is still 42, but if Branch B is open two hours on another evening, or remains open two hours later, the total is then 44 hours per week. **Exclude 24-hour unstaffed reserve or similar reading rooms.** The maximum total is 168 (i.e., a staffed reading room open 7 days per week, 24 hours per day).

Questions 30-31. Instruction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Questions (30) and (31). Please indicate if responses are based on sampling.

Question 30. Presentations to Groups. Report the total number of sessions during the year of presentations made as part of formal bibliographic instruction programs and through other planned class presentations, orientation sessions, and tours. If the library sponsors multi-session or credit courses that meet several times over the course of a semester, each session should be counted. Presentations to groups may be for either bibliographic instruction, cultural, recreational, or educational purposes. Presentations both on and off the premises should be included as long as they are sponsored by the library. Do not include meetings sponsored by other groups using library meeting rooms. Do not include training for library staff; the purpose of this question is to capture information about the services the library provides for its clientele. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling.

Question 31. Participants in Group Presentations. Report the total number of participants in the presentations reported on line (30). For multi-session classes with a constant enrollment, count each person only once. Personal, one-to-one instruction in the use of sources should be counted as reference transactions on line (32). Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling. Use a footnote to describe any special situations.

Question 32. Reference Transactions. Report the total number of reference transactions. A **reference transaction** is

an information contact that involves the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use of one or more information sources by a member of the library staff. The term includes information and referral service. Information sources include (a) printed and nonprinted material; (b) machine-readable databases (including computer-assisted instruction); (c) the library's own catalogs and other holdings records; (d) other libraries and institutions through communication or referral; and (e) persons both inside and outside the library. When a staff member uses information gained from previous use of information sources to answer a question, the transaction is reported as a reference transaction even if the source is not consulted again.

If a contact includes both reference and directional services, it should be reported as one reference transaction. Include virtual reference transactions (e.g., e-mail, WWW form, chat). Duration should not be an element in determining whether a transaction is a reference transaction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Question 32. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling.

EXCLUDE SIMPLE DIRECTIONAL QUESTIONS. A directional transaction is an information contact that facilitates the logistical use of the library and that does not involve the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use or creation of information sources other than those that describe the library, such as schedules, floor plans, and handbooks.

Questions 33-34. Circulation. For Question (33), count the number of initial circulations during the fiscal year from the general collection for use usually (although not always) outside the library. Do not count renewals. Include circulations to and from remote storage facilities for library users (i.e., do not include transactions reflecting transfers or stages of technical processing). Count the total number of items lent, not the number of borrowers.

For Question (34), report total circulation for the fiscal year including initial transactions reported on line (33) and renewal transactions. Exclude reserve circulations; these are no longer reported.

Questions 35-36. Interlibrary Loans. Report the number of requests for material (both returnables and non-returnables) provided to other libraries on line (35) and the number of filled requests received from other libraries or providers on line (36). On both lines, include originals, photocopies, and materials sent by telefacsimile or other forms of electronic transmission. Include patron-initiated transactions. Exclude requests for materials locally owned and available on the shelves or electronically. Do not include transactions between libraries covered by this questionnaire.

Question 37. PhD Degrees. Report the number awarded during the 2010-11 fiscal year. Please note that only the number of Ph.D. degrees are to be counted. Statistics on all other advanced degrees (e.g., D.Ed., D.P.A., M.D., J.D.) should not be reported in this survey. If you are unable to provide a figure for Ph.D.s only, please add a footnote.

Question 38. PhD Fields. For the purposes of this report, Ph.D. fields are defined as the specific discipline specialties enumerated in the U.S. Department of Education's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) "Completions" Survey. Although the IPEDS form requests figures for all doctoral degrees, only fields in which PhDs are awarded should be reported on the ARL questionnaire. Any exceptions should be footnoted.

Question 39. Instructional Faculty. Instructional faculty are defined by the U.S. Dept. of Education as:

members of the instruction/research staff who are employed full-time as defined by the institution, including faculty with released time for research and faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time counts generally exclude faculty who are employed to teach fewer than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions; replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave without pay; faculty for preclinical and clinical medicine; faculty who are donating their services; faculty who are members of military organizations and paid on a different pay scale from civilian employees; academic officers, whose primary duties are administrative; and graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses. Please be sure the number reported, and the basis for counting, are consistent with those for 2009-10 (unless in previous years faculty were counted who should have been excluded according to the above definition). Please footnote any discrepancies.

Questions 40-43. Enrollment. U.S. libraries should use the Fall 2010 enrollment figures reported to the Department of Education on the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System survey. Please check these figures against the enrollment figures reported to ARL last year to ensure consistency and accuracy. **Note:** In the past, the number of part-time students reported was FTE; the number now reported to IPEDS is a head count of part-time students. Canadian libraries should note that the category "graduate students" as reported here includes all post-baccalaureate students.

FOOTNOTES

Please consult the data entry Web interface (www.arlstatistics.org) for a copy of last year's footnotes. These can be found under "Data Repository" after you login into www.arlstatistics.org. Explanatory footnotes will be included with the published statistics. Reporting libraries are urged to record in the footnote section any information that would clarify the figures submitted, e.g., the inclusion and exclusion of branch campus libraries (see the "General Instructions" for definition of branch campus libraries). Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly.

NOTE: Any change over 10% in any answer to any of the survey's questions over the preceding year's response (2009-10) should be addressed with a footnote.

Submit the completed questionnaire by
October 15, 2011.

For assistance, please e-mail Martha Kyrillidou (martha@arl.org) or Shaneka Morris (shaneka@arl.org)
Tel. (202) 296-2296.

ARL STATISTICS WORKSHEET 2010–2011

This worksheet is designed to help you plan your submission for the 2010–2011 *ARL Statistics*. The figures on this worksheet should be similar to those in the “Summary” page of your web form, except in cases where data are unavailable. If an exact figure is unavailable, use “NA/UA”. If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use “0.”

Reporting Institution _____ Date Returned to ARL _____
Report Prepared by (name) _____
Title _____
Email address _____ Phone number _____
Contact person (if different) _____
Title _____
Email address _____ Phone number _____

PAGE ONE – VOLUMES AND TITLES:

1. Volumes held June 30, 2011 (1.a + 1.b)	(1)	_____
1a. Volumes held June 30, 2009	(1.a)	_____
1b. Volumes added during the year (1.b.i – 1.b.ii)	(1.b)	_____
(i) Volumes added – Gross	(1.b.i)	_____
(ii) Volumes withdrawn during year	(1.b.ii)	_____
2. Titles held June 30, 2011	(2)	_____
3. Number of monographic volumes purchased	(3)	_____
4. Basis of volume count is:	(4)	_____ Physical
		_____ Bibliographic

PAGE TWO – OTHER COLLECTIONS

SERIALS

5. Total number of serial titles currently received, including periodicals (5.a + 5.b) (5) _____

5a. Number of serial titles currently purchased (5a.i + 5a.ii) (5a) _____

5a.i Electronic (5a.i) _____

5a.ii Print (and other format) serials purchased (5a.ii) _____

5b. Number of serial titles currently received but not purchased (5b.i + 5b.ii + 5b.iii + 5b.iv) (5b) _____

5b.i Consortial (5b.i) _____

5b.ii Freely accessible (5b.ii) _____

5b.iii Print (and other format) – Exchanges, gifts, etc. (5b.iii) _____

5b.iv Government documents (5b.iv) _____

6. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials? (6) _____ Yes _____ No

OTHER LIBRARY MATERIALS

7. Microform units (7) _____

8. Government documents not counted elsewhere (8) _____

9. Computer files (9) _____

10. Manuscripts and archives (linear ft.) (10) _____

AUDIOVISUAL MATERIALS

11. Cartographic (11) _____

12. Graphic (12) _____

13. Audio (13) _____

14. Film and Video (14) _____

PAGE THREE – EXPENDITURES

15. Are the below figures reported in Canadian dollars? (15) _____ Yes
_____ No

16. Total Library Materials Expenditures (16.a + 16.b + 16.c + 16.d) (16) _____

16a. Monographs (16a) _____

16b. Serial titles, including periodicals (16b) _____

16c. Other Library Materials (16c) _____

16d. Miscellaneous (16d) _____

17. Contract binding (17) _____

18. Total Salaries and Wages (18.a + 18.b + 18.c) (18) _____

18a. Professional staff (18a) _____

18b. Support staff (18b) _____

18c. Student assistants (18c) _____

19. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages? (19) _____ Yes
_____ No

20. Other operating expenditures (20) _____

21. Total library expenditures (16 + 17 + 18 + 20) (21) _____

ELECTRONIC MATERIALS EXPENDITURES

22. One-time electronic resource purchases (22) _____

23. Ongoing electronic resource purchases (e.g., subscriptions, annual license fees) (23) _____

24. Bibliographic Utilities, Networks, and Consortia

24a. From internal library sources (24a) _____

24b. From external sources (24b) _____

25. Computer hardware and software (25) _____

26. Document Delivery/Interlibrary Loan (26) _____

PAGE FOUR – PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

PERSONNEL (Round figures to nearest whole number.)

- 27. Total Staff FTE (27.a + 27.b + 27.c)** (27) _____
- 27a. Professional staff, FTE (27a) _____
- 27b. Support staff, FTE (27b) _____
- 27c. Student assistants, FTE (27c) _____

STAFFED SERVICE POINTS AND HOURS

- 28. Number of staffed library service points** (28) _____
- 29. Number of weekly public service hours** (29) _____

INSTRUCTION

- 30. Number of library presentations to groups** (30) _____
- 30a. Is the library presentations figure based on sampling?
(30a) _____ Yes _____ No

- 31. Number of total participants in group presentations reported in line 30**
(31) _____

- 31a. Is the total participants in group presentations figure based on sampling?
(31a) _____ Yes _____ No

REFERENCE

- 32. Number of reference transactions** (32) _____
- 32a. Is the reference transactions figure based on sampling?
(32a) _____ Yes _____ No

PAGE FIVE – PUBLIC SERVICES AND LOCAL CHARACTERISTICS

CIRCULATION

33. Number of initial circulations (excluding reserves) (33) _____

34. Total circulations (initial and renewals, excluding reserves) (34) _____

INTERLIBRARY LOANS

35. Total number of filled requests provided to other libraries (35) _____

36. Total number of filled requests received from other libraries or providers (36) _____

PhD DEGREES AND FACULTY

37. Number of PhDs awarded in FY2010-2011 (37) _____

38. Number of fields in which PhDs can be awarded (38) _____

39. Number of full-time instructional faculty in FY2010-2011 (39) _____

ENROLLMENT – FALL 2010

(Line numbers refer to IPEDS survey form.)

40. Full-time students, undergraduate and graduate (40) _____
(Add line 8, columns 15 & 16, and line 14, columns 15 & 16.)

41. Part-time students, undergraduate and graduate (41) _____
(Add line 22, columns 15 & 16, and line 28, columns 15 & 16.)

42. Full-time graduate students (Line 14, columns 15 & 16.) (42) _____

43. Part-time graduate students (Line 28, columns 15 & 16.) (43) _____

FOOTNOTES

On the web form, you will be able to add footnotes to individual questions, as well as footnotes that apply to your entire institution. Please provide any information which would clarify the figures submitted, e.g., the inclusion of branch campus libraries or any special projects which might cause radical increases or decreases. Please use the footnotes in the *ARL Statistics 2009-2010* for comparison if necessary. Please consult the Data Repository under www.arlstatistics.org for a copy of last year's footnotes. These can be found under "Data Repository" after you login to www.arlstatistics.org. Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly. Please use a concise sentence/paragraph format when writing footnotes—do not use bullets or make a bullet list.

NOTE: Any change over 10% in any answer to any of the survey's questions over the preceding year's response (2008–09) should be addressed with a footnote.

Submit the completed questionnaire by
October 15, 2011.

For assistance, please e-mail Martha Kyrrillidou (martha@arl.org) or Shaneka Morris (shaneka@arl.org)
Tel. (202) 296-2296.

FOOTNOTES

Footnotes may also include errata and corrections to data not previously reported from prior years. Numbers refer to columns in Library Data Tables and to Questionnaire numbers. Unless otherwise noted, all figures are as of 06/30/2011.

QUESTION
NUMBER

FOOTNOTE

ALABAMA

All figures are as of 09/30/2011.

ARIZONA

3 Number represents monographic TITLES purchased.

ARIZONA STATE

1.b Purchased more monographs in 2010-2011; we've been cancelling state codes and have fewer discards.

8 Small increase in transmittals in 2010-2011, but a huge decrease in the number of briefs received. The court is phasing out the practice of sending us the paper briefs.

16.a Purchased less replacements for lost items.

16.c Purchased new microform collection in 2009-2010.

16.d, 24.a Purchased Content DM and LIPA Archive in 2010-2011.

17 Discontinued binding of most legal periodicals.

20 Purchased two copiers and eight desktops for library staff in 2009-2010.

25 Purchased computers for library staff in 2009-2010.

26 Fewer faculty requests.

27.c More students worked more hours because we had less staff.

29 2009-2010 figure should have been 111 as well.

31 Fewer librarians on staff to teach.

32 We have changed the way we keep statistics; figure is under-reported due to new staff not keeping stats as they should have.

35 Due to the increase in cancellation of print journals.

36 Decrease in the number of requests received from faculty.

38 2009-2010 figure should be revised to 70.

40 2009-2010 figure should be revised to 581.

41 2009-2010 figure should be revised to 39.

42 2009-2010 figure should be revised to 581.

43 2009-2010 figure should be revised to 39.

BOSTON

1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 838,885 to include e-book units added to the collection in 2010-2011 as the result of a large one-time addition to the OPAC.

BOSTON COLLEGE

All figures are as of 05/31/2011.

5 The Law Library does not submit data for Question 5. The University Library answers this question in order to avoid duplication issues.

5.a-5.b.iv The Law Library does not submit data for this question; the University Library answers this question.

QUESTION FOOTNOTE
NUMBER

BRIGHAM YOUNG

All figures are as of 12/31/2010.

- 1.b.ii Due to an updated collection development policy in 2009, the need to withdraw as many in 2010-2011 decreased.
- 3 Ordered significantly more monographic volumes in 2009-2010 and did not need to order quite as many in 2010-2011.
- 5.a.i Due to economic conditions and an adjustment to the collection development policy, fewer electronic serials were purchased than previous year.
- 16 Due to increase in new faculty researching in new areas, more money was spent on purchases in 2010-2011.
- 17 New provider was needed for binding because old provider went out of business.
- 20 Facility improvements to library were made that benefit the students and faculty, including updating compact shelving.
- 24.a Our Head of Technical Services Librarian contributes to OCLC which balances out what we would pay to OCLC so our monetary contributions were not necessary in 2010-2011.
- 30 Decrease in need for presentations to undergraduate groups.
- 31 Less participants because less presentations.
- 26, 35 Less requests came in for items that are actually part of our collection.
- 26, 36 We requested less ILL due to a collection development policy change and an increase in new faculty so more purchases were made instead of ILL requests.

CALIFORNIA, IRVINE

- 1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 14,409. The original figures supplied in 2009-2010 included a percentage assignment from the main library based on classification. Corrected to just reflect the Law Library actual holdings.

CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES

- 18, 19 Beginning in 2010-2011, salaries and wages include employee benefits, because the UCLA Library must now fund its own employee benefits.

CASE WESTERN RESERVE

Questions 29, 37-43 are reported on the Main Library's statistics.

- 1.b.i The Law Library has access to 10,225 e-books that were added to the collection and are reported in the Main library's statistics.
- 5.a.i The Law Library has access to 65,123 e-journals that are reported in the Main library's statistics.

CHICAGO

- 1.b.ii Increase in withdrawn books is due to routine maintenance and withdrawal of superseded books and a shelf reading project that identified lost books.
- 5.a.i Number of electronic titles in 2009-2010 incorrectly counted.
- 13 In 2009-2010 audio CDs incorrectly included in audio count; now counted as CDs.
- 16.b Serial funds reallocated to purchase electronic resources.
- 18.b The Library has filled open full-time support staff positions. There are now no unfilled positions in the library.
- 22 Purchased Gale U.S. Supreme Court B&R and Making of Modern Law.
- 24.a Increase expenditures bibliographic utilities.
- 26 Decrease in the number of books borrowed via ILL by law school students.
- 27.c Reflects greater reliance on student employees while open positions were unfilled.

CINCINNATI

- 1.b The Law Library withdrew runs of many bound American law journals in favor of reliance on online resources.
- 5, 33-34, 37-43 Included in Main statistics.

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
COLUMBIA	
1	Includes 26,251 e-books.
5.a.i	Increase due to improved tracking of packages.
35	Includes 3,220 for fee-based service.
CONNECTICUT	
1.a	Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 337,086.
CORNELL	
	For counts coded as "NA/UA": Unless otherwise noted, counts for Law are included as part of the Main survey, and are not broken out here.
1.a	Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 451,749. Increase is due to retrospective barcoding. Print volumes only. With 2009-2010 forward, this count does not include an e-book count. All Ithaca/Geneva e-book counts are included in the main survey; Law cannot be broken out.
1.b.i	Print volumes only. The 2009-2010 count should have been 7,094. (Retrospective counts mistakenly included.)
1.b.ii	The large withdrawals count is due to a record cleanup project for withdrawals that took place in earlier years.
7	Count is no longer kept up to date. The last count (in 2007-2008) was 1,006,433.
9	Count is no longer kept up to date. The last count (in 2009-2010) was 35. That count excluded any computer files that were not barcoded and/or that accompanied other formats.
11-12	Count is no longer kept up to date. The last count (in 2007-2008) was 0.
13	Excludes any sound recordings that are not barcoded, and/or that accompany other formats.
14	The motion picture count is no longer kept up to date. The last complete film and video count (in 2007-2008) was 230 (0 motion pictures). Videos/DVDs increased by 13.6% to 334.
16	Includes binding costs.
18.a	Includes expenditures for librarians and exempt staff.
18.b	Includes expenditures for non-academic non-exempt staff only.
27	Excludes FTEs for student staff. Excludes any short-term temporary staff or any positions that were temporarily vacant on June 30th.
27.a	Includes librarians and exempt staff.
27.b	Includes non-academic non-exempt staff only.
30, 32	Starting with 2010-2011, CUL broadened the coverage of the statistics it keeps on its information contacts with, and presentations to its users; it now records some of its outreach efforts. In the past, some consultations and some sessions planned for one user were included in the count for presentations to groups. They are now counted as reference transactions.
32	Count is extrapolated from 12 random sampling weeks.
33	Includes ILL lending and some staff transactions.
35	WorldCat Local became CUL's main catalog in June of 2009. Traditional ILL counts include some of the requests submitted by CUL patrons for items that are available at CUL. As of August 2011, Borrow Direct are title counts rather than volume counts.
EMORY	
	All figures are as of 08/31/2011.
1.b, 1.b.i	No specific cause identified for change.
5.b	The Law Library increased purchases of electronic titles and reduced the more costly print subscriptions.
5.b.iv	Decrease due to selection profile changes.

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
EMORY, cont.	
16.a	The Law Library made a focused effort to increase the number of monographs in several areas specified in our collection development policy.
27.a	The Law Library hired one new professional librarian: the Associate Librarian for Research and Electronic Services. The incumbent joined the staff in August 2011.
FLORIDA STATE	
1, 1.a	Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 418,180. The revised figure takes into account large one-time additions to the catalog of a number of electronic resources, namely, a number of Hein Online e-libraries that are now tracked in Serial Solutions.
1, 1.b, 1.b.i	Added volumes reflects both an increase in the purchase of electronic volumes as well as increased accuracy in counting such electronic volumes.
1.b, 1.b.ii	Withdrawn volumes is lower than 2009-2010 due to a smaller amount of weeding projects in 2010-2011.
3	Small decrease in purchases reflective of collection needs in 2010-2011. 2009-2010 was a comparatively high number against prior years.
5, 5.a, 5.a.i	Purchased a number of new electronic serial collections as they became available in HeinOnline et al.
5, 5.b, 5.b.iii	We are gradually cancelling serials which are also available to the current issue in HeinOnline.
16	Expenditures were higher due to some one-time monies for various projects.
16.a	Due to a decreased number of monographs purchased (Q3, expenditures in this category were lower.
16.c	This figure includes a one-time \$60,000 expenditure for the new ProQuest Legislative Insight product.
16.d	The dramatically higher amount reflects a one-time purchase of catalog records for materials in the LexisNexis and Westlaw database.
17	Increase is due to one-time gift materials which were sent for binding.
18.b	Increased staff time on Florida Supreme Court digitization project.
18.c	The library hired research assistants in 2010-2011 to work on faculty research projects.
20	Fewer technology purchases 2010-2011.
23	The 2009-2010 figure was lower than average due to some pre-payments that occurred in 2008-2009.
24.b	Zero was reported last year in error. \$19,945 should have been reported in this category for 2009-2010.
25	This number is lower in 2010-2011 because we completed a periodic replacement/upgrade of computer equipment.
26	Between increased electronic delivery and decreased borrowing costs, ILL had lower expenses in 2010-2011.
27.c	As noted in 18c, the library hired research assistants in 2010-2011, which represented an overall increase in student assistant FTE.
HARVARD	
1.a	Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 1,801,257.
HAWAII	
1.b	Deaccessioning projects at Law Library continue.
HOUSTON	
	All figures are as of 08/31/2011.
HOWARD	
18-18.c	Includes fringe benefits.
INDIANA	
1.a	Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 447,334.
1.b	Number related to the large number of withdrawals in 2010-2011.
1.b.i	Given reduced library space, fewer volumes are being added to the collection.

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
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INDIANA, cont.

- | | |
|--------|---|
| 1.b.ii | A large number of volumes were withdrawn in 2010-2011 due to a reduction in library space. |
| 2 | More accurate count of titles in the upcoming 2011-2012 survey. |
| 3 | Additional e-books purchased. |
| 5.b.ii | Correction. |
| 16 | Increase in materials budget. |
| 16.a | Fewer monographs purchased; other formats purchased. |
| 16.c | Increase in nonprint formats purchased. |
| 17 | Purchasing fewer books and print periodicals; thus, binding less. |
| 18.c | Fewer student hours hired. |
| 20 | Increase in operating budget. |
| 22 | Purchased additional databases and e-books. |
| 24.a | Increase in cataloging costs. |
| 27.c | Fewer students hired. |
| 33-34 | Better circulation data. |
| 35 | More requests sent to the library, perhaps via WorldCat Local. |
| 36 | WorldCat Local may have increased ease of identifying materials available from other libraries. |

IOWA

- | | |
|-----------|--|
| 3 | This is an estimate. |
| 16 | This includes \$128,328 of unexpended salary funds available only in 2010-2011 that were spent in 2010-2011 for materials. |
| 18 | Includes fringe benefits. |
| 18.a | Does not include Associate Dean salary or wages. Includes fringe benefits. |
| 18.b-18.c | Includes fringe benefits. |

KANSAS

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| 1.b | In 2009-2010 we purchased a number of new serial titles with high volume counts; several new sets of state statutes. In 2010-2011 our new serial titles had much lower volume counts. In 2009-2010 we had 14 new serial titles with a volume count of 368. In 2010-2011 we had 23 new serial titles with a volume count of 50. |
| 5, 5.a, 5.a.i | Increase over 2009-2010 due to purchase of additional electronic serials (BNA Premiere, HeinOnline Bar Journals collection, HeinOnline Kluwer law journals collection). |
| 17 | 2010-2011 increase due to bindery budget rebound. |
| 18.a | 2010-2011 decrease due to Associate Director transition. |
| 18.c | Decrease in student assistant expense in 2010-2011 due to desk coverage by library staff. |
| 20 | Increase in 2010-2011 expenditures due to copiers and other miscellaneous expenses. |
| 22 | 2010-2011 increase in expenditures due to purchase of Making of Modern Law Primary Sources II & Digital Archive Collection. |
| 24.b | 2010-2011 increase due to Cassidy cataloging and BCR expenditures. |
| 26 | 2009-2010 was high in comparison to 2010-2011 due to lost book. |
| 27.a | 2010-2011 lower due to Associate Director transition. |
| 36 | 2010-2011 lower due to less demand for the service. |

LOUISIANA STATE

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 1.a | Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 463,806. |
| 1.b.i | Includes ProQuest Congressional Hearings (retrospective). |

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
MICHIGAN	
1	Includes 75,448 e-books. Does not include electronic serials.
3	Includes 17,275 e-books.
33	Not kept separately.
34	Includes reserves.
MICHIGAN STATE	
1.a, 3	Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 166,737 due to the purchase & cataloging of 10,068 bundled e-monographs (owned) from Making of Modern Laws: Legal Treatises, 1800-1920 in 2010-2011.
2, 3, 16.a	Increase due to bundled e-monograph purchases (owned): Purchase & cataloging of 10,068 e-monographs in 2010-2011 (Making of Modern Laws: Trials, 1600-1926), and the purchase & cataloging of 21,800 e-monographs in 2007-2008 (Making of Modern Laws: Legal Treatises, 1800-1920), which were included in the 2007-2008 volume counts but erroneously omitted from title count and not yet reported.
5.a.i	Online subscription databases have enhanced their title holdings.
5.a.ii	Decrease due to adjustment in calculation method to reflect accurate current purchases.
43	The part-time enrollment has dropped because the Law College no longer admits to an evening (part-time) program.
MINNESOTA	
2	Unique title count for Main ARL statistics comes from the shared ILS and includes all Twin Cities libraries. Separate attribution of titles to branch libraries is not available.
5, 5.a, 5.b	Electronic access is for whole Twin Cities campus, so cannot break down title count by location.
12-14	Breakdown by media type not available. Total count all types is 2,514.
MISSOURI	
3	Increased focus on monographic purchases through revised profile in package plan.
16.a	Adjusted monographic package plan and profile from 2009-2010.
22	Opportunity for a one-time purchase that was not available last year.
23	Adjustment to allow for one-time purchase of one-time resource purchases.
MONTREAL	
	All figures are as of 04/30/2011.
	At the request of the Quebec government, the fiscal year at the University of Montreal will start on May 1 and ends April 30. As a result, data from the libraries of the University of Montreal for 2010-2011 are spread over eleven months rather than twelve.
5.a.i	An error occurred in 2009-2010. The figure should have been 2,639 instead of 4,001.
16-26	Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) \$108,493; (16b) \$539,401; (16c) \$0; (16d) \$0; (16) \$647,894; (17) \$4,986; (18a) \$367,252; (18b) \$303,378; (18c) \$0; (18) \$670,630; (20) \$7,694; (21) \$1,331,204; (22) \$22,809; (23) \$213,515; (24a) \$0; (24b) \$0; (25) \$0; (26) \$0.
NEBRASKA	
1.a	Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 427,851.
1.b	In 2010-2011 statistics are more accurate than in the past - this accuracy accounts for the drastic increase.
1.b.i	The inability to gather this statistic in previous years accounts for the drastic increase seen in 2010-2011.
1.b.ii	The amount of volumes withdrawn in 2009-2010 was uncharacteristically high; however, the amount withdrawn in 2010-2011 is more representative of a typical year.
3	Monograph monies are being diverted to serials. We expect to see this trend continue.
5	Overall, more money was devoted to serials from previous years.
5.a.ii	More monies are being devoted to serials in 2010-2011.

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
--------------------	----------

NEBRASKA, cont.

- | | |
|-------|---|
| 16 | The significant increase in all library materials, particularly "other" and "misc" account for this increase. |
| 16.c | This drastic change is the result of errors recorded in previous years. |
| 17 | Increased preservation efforts account for this increase in spending. |
| 20 | There is no simple method for gathering these data; however this change may be due to the budget cuts which negatively impact all expenditures. |
| 21 | This significant increase is due to uncharacteristic expenditures in contract binding and particularly "other library materials." |
| 22 | Currently, the libraries is not investing in one-time e-resource purchases as it has in the past. We expect this trend to continue. |
| 25 | The computer replacement cycle has not run its course, so there were less computers and software to upgrade and purchase. |
| 27.a | An additional librarian was hired in 2010-2011. |
| 27.c | Due to budget cuts a student assistant was not hired in 2010-2011. |
| 30-31 | Demand for instruction in the College of Law increased. |

NEW YORK

- | | |
|-------|---|
| | All figures are as of 08/31/2011. |
| 1.a | Volumes held August 31, 2010 revised to 779,506. |
| 1.b | Less volumes withdrawn and more added from 2009-2010 to 2010-2011. |
| 3 | Increase due to series monographs (multi-volume monographs). |
| 5.a.i | More electronic titles purchased. |
| 18.c | Reduction in student personnel in compliance with Law School budgets. |
| 20 | Reduction in expenses in compliance with Law School budgets. |
| 25 | Decrease in technology expenses due to increased spending in other budgetary lines. |
| 30 | Varies depending on demand for services. |

NORTH CAROLINA

- | | |
|--------|---|
| 1.b | Reduction in net volumes added during year reflects loss of library space and subsequent withdrawal of volumes, plus reduced spending on new materials due to budget cuts. |
| 1.b.i | Reduced acquisitions in 2010-2011 because of budget cuts. |
| 1.b.ii | Increase in volumes withdrawn reflects loss of library space and subsequent withdrawal of volumes. |
| 3 | Reduction in volumes purchased due to budget cuts. |
| 5.a.i | Increase in electronic serials due to continuing shift in collection to focus on more electronic resources. |
| 9 | Increase represents continuing shift to focus more on electronic materials. |
| 16.c | Elimination of expenditures in "other materials" category reflects budget cuts. |
| 17 | Reduction in contract binding expenditures due to budget cuts. |
| 18 | Overall wages increase due to increase in professional and student wage categories. |
| 18.a | Increase in professional wages was result of addition of electronic resources librarian position and one graduate assistant. |
| 18.c | Increase in student assistant wages due to more student assistants at service desks. |
| 31 | Decrease in instructional session participants reflects more accurate count of for-credit classes that librarians teach. Number of sessions were about the same in 2009-2010. |
| 34 | Circulation counted more accurately in 2010-2011. Despite apparent decrease, actual circulation activity remained about the same as in 2009-2010. |
| 37-43 | Data reported with University Library report. |

QUESTION
NUMBER

FOOTNOTE

NORTHWESTERN

All figures are as of 08/31/2011.

- 1.b.ii** Deaccessioning project.
- 3** Adjustments due to budget allocation.
- 5.b** 2010-2011 figure for serials currently received but not purchased: unavailable. Editor's Note: The total for question 5.b (current serials received but not purchased) was revised to "0" so that the subparts would add to the total for question 5 in the ARL Statistics publication.
- 16.a** Adjustments in budget allocation.
- 22** Law did not purchase e-books in 2010-2011.
- 25** Replacement cycle implemented.

NOTRE DAME

- 5.b.i** Editor's Note: The total for question 5.b (current serials received but not purchased) was copied to question 5.b.i (consortial) so that the subparts would add to the total for question 5.b in the ARL Statistics publication.

OHIO STATE

- 26** Actual total expenditure for document delivery was a deficit in the amount of -\$713.

OREGON

- 1.b.ii** No major withdrawal project in 2010-2011, as there was in 2009-2010.
- 3** Monograph funding restored.
- 5.a.ii** Cancellation project for print serials.
- 5.b.iii** Reduced number of print serials received on exchange - if content available through databases or other means.
- 9, 11, 13-14** Added a few more pieces.
- 16.b, 21** Cancelled print serials.
- 16.d** 2009-2010 figure was unusually high.
- 17** Cut binding costs with reduction in print serials.
- 18.c** Hired more student assistants for inventory project.
- 20** Spending for microform readers and cabinets.
- 22** No major purchases in 2010-2011.
- 23** Cancelled journal subscriptions (even electronic) if content provided in databases.
- 24.a** Collection inventory project led to greater use of bibliographic utility.
- 25** No major purchases in 2010-2011.
- 30** A few more presentations.
- 31** More participation in an increased number of sessions.
- 32** Reflects downward trend.
- 35** Partial total of loans. Some loans are included in Main library statistics - but this location is seeing an increase in volume.
- 36** Borrows cannot be separated out from Main library statistics.

PENNSYLVANIA STATE

Library branches included: Penn State Dickinson School of Law (214 Katz Building, University Park, PA 16802) and the H. Laddie Montague, Jr. Law Library (333 W. South St., Carlisle, PA 17013).

- 1, 1.b, 1.b.ii** Collection extensively weeded; print serials discarded where electronic access available, and multiple print copies eliminated where available in multiple formats.

QUESTION FOOTNOTE
NUMBER

PENNSYLVANIA STATE, cont.

- 1.b.i Revision of Collection Development Policy resulted in cancellation of multi-volume print serial titles, thus reducing volumes added.
- 3 Decrease due to fewer electronic monographs acquired from 2009-2010.
- 5.a.ii Revision of Collection Development Policy resulted in cancellation of serial titles. In addition, all active and inactive serials records were reviewed and purged if title/volumes no longer owned.
- 9 SuDoc CD-ROM collection extensively weeded in compliance with GPO depository guidelines.
- 10 Donation of court case records received Spring 2011.
- 12 Our collection of historical photographs is not physically counted. Currently stored in 13 cartons, equivalent to 195 cu.ft.
- 14 Video collection extensively weeded to remove nearly-obsolete VHS titles.
- 30-31 Legal research instruction performed by librarians was formally integrated into existing law school curriculum, resulting in considerable increase in instructional presentations.
- 34 Library instituted an initiative to renew faculty/staff overdue items.

QUEEN'S

All figures are as of 04/30/2011.

- 5, 6, 8, 11-12, 22, 24-26, 35-36 Included with Main Library.
- 16-26 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) \$91,522; (16b) \$803,766; (16c) \$3,070; (16d) \$0; (16) \$898,358; (17) \$10,272; (18a) \$217,364; (18b) \$187,348; (18c) \$56,080; (18) \$460,792; (20) \$95,386; (21) \$1,464,808; (22) \$0; (23) \$119,646; (24a) \$0; (24b) \$0; (25) \$0; (26) \$0.
- 16.a 2009-2010 budget not fully expended, resulting in a carryforward which was expended in 2010-2011.
- 17 Increased emphasis on electronic serials means a reduction in print serials that require binding.
- 20 Now includes Fringe Benefits.
- 27, 27.b Vacant positions not filled.
- 30-31 One librarian on leave resulted in fewer courses being offered which resulted in fewer participants as well.
- 32 One librarian on leave resulted in fewer reference hours being offered.
- 35 Included with Main Library.
- 36 Included with Main Library.
- 37-38, 40-43 As at November 2010.

RUTGERS

- 2 Print titles only. [Newark Law Library]
- 36 2009-2010 figure of 806 was erroneous, should have been 411. [Newark Law Library]

SASKATCHEWAN

All figures are as of 04/30/2011.

- 1.b.ii Volumes are withdrawn as needed.
- 16-26 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) \$118,487; (16b) \$947,878; (16c) \$0; (16d) \$0; (16) \$1,066,365; (17) \$6,587; (18a) \$265,509; (18b) \$179,643; (18c) \$15,571; (18) \$460,723; (20) \$0; (21) \$1,533,675; (22) \$0; (23) \$0; (24a) \$0; (24b) \$0; (25) \$0; (26) \$0.

SOUTH CAROLINA

- 1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 550,432.

SOUTHERN ILLINOIS

- 1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 434,660.

QUESTION NUMBER	FOOTNOTE
SYRACUSE	
18-18.c	Includes fringe benefits.
TENNESSEE	
1.a	Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 367,609.
1.b.ii	Due to cancellations, we weeded a larger number of volumes.
18.a	During 2010-2011, the library had two open faculty positions.
18.b	The staff wages increased in 2010-2011 because we filled a staff position that was vacant in 2009-2010; and for six months of 2010-2011, a staff member received additional wages for an interim position.
18.c	Student wages decreased because student hours were cut in technical services because of the cancellation of materials that required updating with loose-leaf pages and pocket parts.
22	The library purchased a Proquest database and made the first of 4 installments on another Proquest database. This was possible because of MOE funds.
25	In 2009-2010, the library upgraded the ILS system for a cost of \$84,725 from stimulus funds.
30	Our reference librarians teach several sections of legal research to law students. Previously, these classes were not counted in the total library presentations, only out-of-class presentations were counted. Also, an additional reference librarian was added in 2009-2010.
TEXAS	
	All figures are as of 08/31/2011.
TEXAS TECH	
	All figures are as of 08/31/2011.
1.a	Volumes held August 31, 2010 revised to 272,773. Includes 11,939 e-books from aggregate services.
TORONTO	
	All figures are as of 04/30/2011.
1.a	Volumes held April 30, 2010 revised to 225,915. Adjustment includes 10,201 e-books, not previously included.
16-26	Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) \$133,423; (16b) \$951,318; (16c) \$4,153; (16d) \$0; (16) \$1,088,894; (17) \$9,963; (18a) \$538,177; (18b) \$439,463; (18c) \$59,403; (18) \$1,037,043; (20) \$50,944; (21) \$2,186,844; (22) \$34,767; (23) \$186,807; (24a) \$0; (24b) \$0; (25) \$73,091; (26) \$0.
TULANE	
18-18.c	Includes fringe benefits.
UTAH	
1.a	Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 266,039.
VANDERBILT	
1.b, 1.b.i	Limited budget available for new purchases.
1.b, 1.b.ii	Withdrawals made to increase space for users.
3	Fewer more expensive volumes purchased in 2010-2011.
5.a.i	Increase in e-journals based on availability and patron needs.
16.a-16.b	Budget decreased; some electronic purchases counted in Miscellaneous.
16.c	Several video series purchased.
16.d	Includes expenditures on electronic monographs and serials.
17	Project to complete and bind serial volumes and prepare volumes for remote storage.
18.c	Student budget cut to cover budget reduction.

QUESTION **FOOTNOTE**
NUMBER

VANDERBILT, cont.

- 20 Budget was reduced and some items were centralized to library system.
- 22 Emphasis on one-time purchases from miscellaneous funds.
- 24.a Bibliographic records for several Hein databases purchased.
- 25 Budget reduced in 2010-2011 based on major equipment purchase in 2009-2010.
- 26 Change in budgeting.
- 27.a Filled vacancies.
- 27.c Student budget was reduced.
- 30 Credit course has eight sections with ten sessions each.
- 31 Each student in credit course counted once per instructions. Correct figure for 2009-2010 should be 195 students.
- 32 Count is based on actual stats; better recording system than in 2009-2010.
- 34 Number includes patron self-renewals not previously included.
- 35 Library resumed program that was drastically reduced in 2009-2010.
- 36 Library collection includes better selection of materials to meet patron needs.

VIRGINIA

- 2, 37-43 Reported in Main for all UVa libraries.
- 3 Decrease due to fewer e-book purchases in 2010-2011.

WASHINGTON

Law Library statistics are included in Main Library for questions 37-43.

WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS

- 1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 463,321. Volumes held June 30, 2010 amended as directed per the 2010-2011 instructions. Books added via tape load: Cassidy Cataloging Wolters Kluwer Loisaw E-Treatises; Cassidy Cataloging Wolters Kluwer Intelliconnect records for all titles included in the Legal Professional School Internet Library, Business Compliance Academic Collection, and OmniTax Academic Collection; Cassidy Cataloging updates to previously added collections.
- 16.b This doubling in Serials expenditure is offset by a comparable decrease in expenditure in 16c. Other library materials.
- 18 Includes fringe benefits of \$317,014.
- 18.a-18.c Includes fringe benefits.
- 24.b \$20,512 reported in 2009-2010 appears to be in error and should have been recorded as zero.
- 37-43 Included in the numbers for the Main library.

WESTERN ONTARIO

All figures are as of 04/30/2011.

- 16-26 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) \$171,976; (16b) \$873,941; (16c) \$0; (16d) \$0; (16) \$1,045,917; (17) \$13,345; (18a) \$228,503; (18b) \$199,670; (18c) \$9,300; (18) \$437,473; (20) \$0; (21) \$1,496,735; (22) \$0; (23) \$80,477; (24a) \$0; (24b) \$0; (25) \$0; (26) \$0.
- 20 Included in operating expenditures total for all Western Libraries.
- 24.a, 25-26 Centrally funded and administered at Western Libraries.
- 35-36 Central service handles all interlibrary loans at Western Libraries.

WISCONSIN

The Law Library is unable to get a separate count of electronic resources, especially serials, from the campus libraries total. Rather than report incomplete and misleading figures they have chosen to answer UA/NA to Questions 1-4

YALE

- 7 This is the number of volume equivalents.

QUESTION	FOOTNOTE
NUMBER	
YALE, cont.	
40, 42	This is the total number of law students enrolled in 2010-2011.
YORK	
	All figures are as of 04/30/2010.
3	HeinOnline Libraries: American Law Institute Library - 4,616; Bar Journals Library - 3,262; History of Bankruptcy, TERA Part III - 359; Intellectual Property Law Collection - 3,346; Israel Law Reports - 67; Taxation & Economic Reform in America, A Historical Archive, 1781-2010- 2,508; U.S. Federal Agency Documents, Decisions, and Appeals- 4,573; Making of Modern Law: Primary Sources I & II - 2,225; Legal Treatises, 1800-1926 - 25,000. Total equals 45,956.
5.a.i	LLMC - 4,532 plus 1,018 de-duped from Serials Solutions: AGIS Plus Text, Beck-Online, BNA Online Journals, Canada Law Book Journals, Canadian Bar Association Journals, Dominion Law Reports Plus, Edward Elgar Publishing, Hart Journals Online, HeinOnline American Association of Law Libraries (AALL), HeinOnline Association of American Law Schools (AALS), HeinOnline Bar Journals, HeinOnline Code of Federal Regulations, HeinOnline English Reports, HeinOnline Federal Register Library, HeinOnline Foreign & International Law Resources Database, HeinOnline Foreign Relations of the U.S., HeinOnline Law Journal Library, HeinOnline Philip C. Jessup Library, HeinOnline Scottish Legal History, HeinOnline Session Laws, HeinOnline Subject Compilation of State Laws, HeinOnline Treaties and Agreements Library, HeinOnline U.S. Attorney General Opinions, HeinOnline United Nations Law Collection, HeinOnline United States Code, HeinOnline World Constitutions Illustrated, IBFD Online Publications, Investment Arbitration Reporter, Justis, Kluwer Arbitration Online, Kluwer Law International, Legal Periodicals Full Text, LegalTrac, LexisNexis Academic (Canadian), LexisNexis Quicklaw, LexisNexis Quicklaw news database, Oxford Reports On International Law, Tax Analysts publications, Taylor & Francis Media and Law Collection, United Nations Juridical Yearbook, vLex Global, Westlaw for Law Schools.
16-26	Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) \$281,616; (16b) \$360,239; (16c) \$427; (16d) \$2,725; (16) \$645,007; (17) \$17,947; (18a) \$681,371; (18b) \$935,957; (18c) \$46,720; (18) \$1,664,048; (20) \$92,961; (21) \$2,419,963; (22) \$82,032; (23) \$180,828; (24a) \$9,180; (24b) \$0; (25) \$39,034; (26) \$1,184.
22	MOML: Primary Sources - \$70,704; Gale Encyclopedia of American Law - 1,994; MARC records - \$1,177 & 2,108; HeinOnline Scottish Legal History - \$1,203; YBP eBooks - \$3,005 & \$57 & \$1,004 & \$780. Total: \$82,032.

ARL MEMBER LIBRARIES AS OF JANUARY 1, 2012

The Association of Research Libraries (ARL) represents the interests of 126 libraries that serve major research institutions in the US and Canada. The ARL Statistics and Measurement program is organized around identifying, collecting, analyzing, and distributing quantifiable information describing the characteristics of research libraries.

Institution	Category	Full Name of Institution	Location
Alabama	S	University of Alabama	Tuscaloosa, Alabama
Alberta	C	University of Alberta	Edmonton, Alberta
Arizona	S	University of Arizona	Tucson, Arizona
Arizona State	S	Arizona State University	Tempe, Arizona
Auburn	S	Auburn University	Auburn, Alabama
Boston	P	Boston University	Boston, Massachusetts
Boston College	P	Boston College	Boston, Massachusetts
Brigham Young	P	Brigham Young University	Provo, Utah
British Columbia	C	University of British Columbia	Vancouver, British Columbia
Brown	P	Brown University	Providence, Rhode Island
Berkeley, California	S	University of California, Berkeley	California, Berkeley
Calgary	C	University of Calgary	Calgary, Alberta
California, Davis	S	University of California, Davis	Davis, California
California, Irvine	S	University of California, Irvine	Irvine, California
California, Los Angeles	S	University of California, Los Angeles	Los Angeles, California
California, Riverside	S	University of California, Riverside	Riverside, California
California, San Diego	S	University of California, San Diego	La Jolla, California
California, Santa Barbara	S	University of California, Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara, California
Case Western Reserve	P	Case Western Reserve University	Cleveland, Ohio
Chicago	P	University of Chicago	Chicago, Illinois
Cincinnati	S	University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, Ohio
Colorado	S	University of Colorado	Boulder, Colorado
Colorado State	S	Colorado State University	Fort Collins, Colorado
Columbia	P	Columbia University	New York, New York
Connecticut	S	University of Connecticut	Storrs, Connecticut
Cornell	P	Cornell University	Ithaca, New York
Dartmouth	P	Dartmouth College	Hanover, New Hampshire
Delaware	S	University of Delaware	Newark, Delaware
Duke	P	Duke University	Durham, North Carolina
Emory	P	Emory University	Atlanta, Georgia
Florida	S	University of Florida	Gainesville, Florida
Florida State	S	Florida State University	Tallahassee, Florida
George Washington	P	George Washington University	Washington, DC
Georgetown	P	Georgetown University	Washington, DC
Georgia	S	University of Georgia	Athens, Georgia
Georgia Tech	S	Georgia Institute of Technology	Atlanta, Georgia
Guelph	C	University of Guelph	Guelph, Ontario
Harvard	P	Harvard University	Cambridge, Massachusetts

Institution	Category	Full Name of Institution	Location
Hawaii	S	University of Hawaii	Honolulu, Hawaii
Houston	S	University of Houston	Houston, Texas
Howard	P	Howard University	Washington, DC
Illinois, Chicago	S	University of Illinois at Chicago	Chicago, Illinois
Illinois, Urbana	S	University of Illinois at Urbana	Urbana, Illinois
Indiana	S	Indiana University	Bloomington, Indiana
Iowa	S	University of Iowa	Iowa City, Iowa
Iowa State	S	Iowa State University	Ames, Iowa
Johns Hopkins	P	Johns Hopkins University	Baltimore, Maryland
Kansas	S	University of Kansas	Lawrence, Kansas
Kent State	S	Kent State University	Kent, Ohio
Kentucky	S	University of Kentucky	Lexington, Kentucky
Laval	C	Laval University	Quebec, Quebec
Louisiana State	S	Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, Louisiana
Louisville	S	University of Louisville	Louisville, Kentucky
McGill	C	McGill University	Montreal, Quebec
McMaster	C	McMaster University	Hamilton, Ontario
Manitoba	C	University of Manitoba	Winnipeg, Manitoba
Maryland	S	University of Maryland	College Park, Maryland
Massachusetts	S	University of Massachusetts	Amherst, Massachusetts
MIT	P	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Cambridge, Massachusetts
Miami	P	University of Miami	Coral Gables, Florida
Michigan	S	University of Michigan	Ann Arbor, Michigan
Michigan State	S	Michigan State University	East Lansing, Michigan
Minnesota	S	University of Minnesota	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Missouri	S	University of Missouri	Columbia, Missouri
Montreal	C	University of Montreal	Montreal, Quebec
Nebraska	S	University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, Nebraska
New Mexico	S	University of New Mexico	Albuquerque, New Mexico
New York	P	New York University	New York, New York
North Carolina	S	University of North Carolina	Chapel Hill, North Carolina
North Carolina State	S	North Carolina State University	Raleigh, North Carolina
Northwestern	P	Northwestern University	Evanston, Illinois
Notre Dame	P	University of Notre Dame	Notre Dame, Indiana
Ohio	S	Ohio University	Athens, Ohio
Ohio State	S	Ohio State University	Columbus, Ohio
Oklahoma	S	University of Oklahoma	Norman, Oklahoma
Oklahoma State	S	Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, Oklahoma
Oregon	S	University of Oregon	Eugene, Oregon
Ottawa	C	University of Ottawa	Ottawa, Ontario
Pennsylvania	P	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Pennsylvania State	S	Pennsylvania State University	University Park, Pennsylvania
Pittsburgh	S	University of Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Princeton	P	Princeton University	Princeton, New Jersey

Institution	Category	Full Name of Institution	Location
Purdue	S	Purdue University	West Lafayette, Indiana
Queen's	C	Queen's University	Kingston, Ontario
Rice	P	Rice University	Houston, Texas
Rochester	P	University of Rochester	Rochester, New York
Rutgers	S	Rutgers University	New Brunswick, New Jersey
Saskatchewan	C	University of Saskatchewan	Saskatoon, Saskatchewan
South Carolina	S	University of South Carolina	Columbia, South Carolina
Southern California	P	University of Southern California	Los Angeles, California
Southern Illinois	S	Southern Illinois University	Carbondale, Illinois
SUNY-Albany	S	University at Albany, State University of New York	Albany, New York
SUNY-Buffalo	S	University at Buffalo, State University of New York	Buffalo, New York
SUNY-Stony Brook	S	State University of New York at Stony Brook	Stony Brook, New York
Syracuse	P	Syracuse University	Syracuse, New York
Temple	S	Temple University	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Tennessee	S	University of Tennessee	Knoxville, Tennessee
Texas	S	University of Texas	Austin, Texas
Texas A&M	S	Texas A&M University	College Station, Texas
Texas Tech	S	Texas Tech University	Lubbock, Texas
Toronto	C	University of Toronto	Toronto, Ontario
Tulane	P	Tulane University	New Orleans, Louisiana
Utah	S	University of Utah	Salt Lake City, Utah
Vanderbilt	P	Vanderbilt University	Nashville, Tennessee
Virginia	S	University of Virginia	Charlottesville, Virginia
Virginia Tech	S	Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University	Blacksburg, Virginia
Washington	S	University of Washington	Seattle, Washington
Washington State	S	Washington State University	Pullman, Washington
Washington U.-St. Louis	P	Washington University	St. Louis, Missouri
Waterloo	C	University of Waterloo	Waterloo, Ontario
Wayne State	S	Wayne State University	Detroit, Michigan
Western Ontario	C	University of Western Ontario	London, Ontario
Wisconsin	S	University of Wisconsin	Madison, Wisconsin
Yale	P	Yale University	New Haven, Connecticut
York	C	York University	North York, Ontario
Boston Public Library	N	Boston Public Library	Boston, Massachusetts
Center for Research Libraries	N	Center for Research Libraries	Chicago, Illinois
Library and Archives Canada	X	Library and Archives Canada	Ottawa, Ontario
Library of Congress	N	Library of Congress	Washington, DC
National Agricultural Library	N	National Agricultural Library	Beltsville, Maryland
National Archives & Records	N	National Archives & Records Administration	Washington, DC
National. Library of Medicine	N	National Library of Medicine	Bethesda, Maryland
National Research Council	X	National Research Council, Knowledge Management	Ottawa, Ontario
New York Public Library	N	New York Public Library	New York, New York
New York State Library	N	New York State Library	Albany, New York
Smithsonian Institution	N	Smithsonian Institution	Washington, DC

- S: US public university
- P: US private university
- C: Canadian university
- N: US nonuniversity
- X: Canadian nonuniversity