**Footnotes**

Footnotes may also include errata and corrections to data not previously reported from prior years. Numbers refer to columns in Library Data Tables and to Questionnaire numbers. Unless otherwise noted, all figures are as of 06/30/2011.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUESTION NUMBER</th>
<th>FOOTNOTE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ALABAMA</td>
<td>All figures are as of 09/30/2011. Using October through September fiscal year, instead of July through June</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.a</td>
<td>Volumes held September 30, 2010 revised to 15,745.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ARIZONA</td>
<td>Library branches included: Arizona Health Sciences Library in Phoenix.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Includes print volumes and e-book titles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.a</td>
<td>2009-2010 figure includes print volumes only (not e-books).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.a</td>
<td>Includes OCLC and ILS maintenance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Does not include liaison librarians who have physical offices in the colleges of Nursing, Pharmacy, Public Health.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALIFORNIA, DAVIS</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.b</td>
<td>2009-2010 figure did not include CDL electronic shared monograph volumes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>For 2009-2010 ability to purchase was hampered by budget constraints. For 2010-2011 our YBP profile was refined resulting in more monographic purchases.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5, 5.a, 5.b</td>
<td>Number is higher because of better reporting from SFX and the inclusion of free or open access titles we provide through SFX.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.a</td>
<td>Variance in figures reported as compared to 2009-2010 versus 2010-2011 is due to deposit account off-set/declining balance information being included in previous years figures but should have been excluded based on ARL definition within this category. In addition, Library paid replacement cost for materials that were damaged in the flood of 2008-2009. Health Science donor expenses were inadvertently reported with Main Library’s expenses rather than with Health Science’s expenses.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33-34</td>
<td>2009-2010 total includes in-house use. This year we have excluded processing in-house &quot;circulation&quot; transactions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37-43</td>
<td>Data are reported in the Main Library survey.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES</td>
<td>Data from the Law and Health Sciences Library are included in the figures reported.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18, 19</td>
<td>Beginning in 2010-2011, salaries and wages includes employee benefits, because the UCLA Library must now fund its employee benefits.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CALIFORNIA, SAN DIEGO</td>
<td>Library branches included: Biomedical Library and Medical Center Library. PhD Degrees/Faculty and Enrollment figures combined with general campus data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.a</td>
<td>Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 228,639.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24.b, 37-43</td>
<td>Included with the general campus count.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CASE WESTERN RESERVE</td>
<td>Questions 29, 34-43 are reported on the Main Library’s statistics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.b.i</td>
<td>The Medical Library has access to 10,225 e-books that were added to the collection and are reported in the Main library’s statistics.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.a.i</td>
<td>The Medical Library has access to 65,123 e-journals that are reported in the Main library's statistics.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CHICAGO

John Crerar Library is a central science library with a biomedical collection for health sciences. Many numbers are estimated from percentages of total for library as a result. Data for the ARL survey are matched as closely as possible to data compiled for AAHSL annual survey statistics.

1.b-1.b.ii We continue to decrease the acquisition of print journals, resulting in fewer bound volumes added and have increasingly begun to acquire e-book formats instead of print books. We cannot estimate the number of biomedical e-books reliably, but we are purchasing significant numbers of e-books.

5.a.ii Continued cancelation of print journals duplicated by online subscriptions.

18-18.c Includes fringe benefits.

22 Some additional purchases were made possible using discretionary centralized funds.

23 Serials expenditures in Q23 includes all types of ongoing electronic expenditures for e-journals, e-books subscriptions, databases, etc. in aggregate. We have no mechanism for separating out the various types of resources, so many e-journals expenditures are not included in Q16.b that are in Q23.

26 We had about 500 more requests for articles than in previous years, increasing our overall costs.

27, 27.c Due to budget decreases we reduced our student staffing significantly.

31 More sessions were presented during classes and to other larger groups in 2010-2011.

CINCINNATI

1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 293,522.

1.b, 1.b.ii This negative number reflects weeding of some bound journals in the Health Sciences Library.

5, 37-43 Numbers are included in Main statistics.

COLUMBIA

1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 373,238. Restatement from 2009-2010 survey due to continued stacks cleanup and barcoding efforts associated with offsite processing.

5-5.b.iii Information included in Butler data.

12 Wilcox Collection.

16.a Additional endowment income spending.

16.c Audio visual materials.

CONNECTICUT

32 Prior year’s figures included in-depth Academic Computer Support questions which were not true reference questions.

CORNELL

Library branches included: Includes the Medical Library in New York, NY only.

Library branches NOT included: Excludes the Medical Center Archives in New York, NY, and the Medical library in Qatar.

1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 205,832. Increased to reflect additional e-books.

1.b.i Does not include manually cataloged e-books as it has in the past.

5 Estimate only. Less than 1% of the final count was estimated to be print. 1,030 of the e-titles were estimated to be non-current.

7 Count is no longer kept up to date. The last count (in 2007-2008) was 12,900.

9 Count is no longer kept up to date. The last count (in 2009-2010) was 612.

11 Count is no longer kept up to date. The last count (in 2007-2008) was 0.

12 Count is no longer kept up to date. The last count (in 2007-2008) was 928.

14 The motion picture count is no longer kept up to date. The last complete film and video count (in 2007-2008) was 920 (no motion pictures). Videos/DVDs increased by 4% to 1,010.
We cannot provide these breakouts. The counts we are able to get for this type of breakout are no longer meaningful.

Binding was stopped as of July 2009 due to budgetary pressures. The library has very few print journal subscriptions.

Includes expenditures for academic and exempt staff.

Includes expenditures for non-academic non-exempt staff only.

Includes academic and exempt staff.

Includes non-academic non-exempt staff only.

Starting with 2010-2011, CUL broadened the coverage of the statistics it keeps on its information contacts with, and presentations to its users; it now records some of its outreach efforts. In the past, some consultations and some sessions planned for one user were included in the count for presentations to groups. They are now counted as reference transactions.

Extrapolated from 12 random sampling weeks.

2009-2010 counts incorrectly included reserve, non-laptop equipment, and laptop charges which inflated the count.

The 2009-2010 student counts should have been 1,036 full-time and 113 part-time graduate students.

Library branches included: Dana Biomedical Library, Matthews-Fuller Health Sciences Library.

Indicates emphasis on electronic-only and reduction due to budget constraints.

Withdrawals part of ongoing deaccessioning project.

Both the transition to electronic journals from print journals and the purchase of electronic journals by a general fund instead of individual funds contribute to this figure.

Did not include freely accessible e-journals with Health library figure and indicates increased consortial activity as well as the decline in retention of print journals.

Indicates emphasis on e-journals.

Increased purchase by $10.

No longer binding the majority of our serials.

Increase in student pay.

Budget changes.

Included with Main library figure.

Relates to the cyclical nature of computer replacement.

Staffing and time constraints reduced the number of presentations.

Staffing and time constraints reduced the number of presentations, therefore the number of participants.

Increased use of collections in house and of digital collections.

Increase in use of our collection through our Borrow Direct consortium.

All figures are as of 08/31/2011.

Library branches included: Grady Branch Library, Emory University Hospital Branch Library, and Emory Midtown Branch Library.

Emory Midtown data not included in Q1-Q14.

Withdrawal of bound journal volumes for titles with archival electronic access.

Increased purchase of monographs due to changes in programs supported.

Duplication eliminated and reduction in titles via link resolver, revised count, and move to electronic.

More accurate.
5.a.i Revised count for accuracy.
5.a.ii Move from print to electronic.
5.b.ii Duplication eliminated and reduction in titles via link resolver.

9 Withdrawn at Branch Library.

13 Audio Digest tapes withdrawn at Branch Library.

16 Eight percent increase over 2009-2010.
16.a More e-books purchased.
16.c Increased spending on backfile purchases.
16.d Discontinued one resource.

17 Decrease due to fewer serial volumes being bound.
18 Decrease due to reductions in force, retirements, and vacancies.
18.a Decrease due to retirements and vacancies.
18.b Decrease due to reductions in force for support staff.
26 ILL service consolidated with University Library, but we do track from Health Sciences collections for Q35 & Q36.
27, 27.b Decrease due to reductions in force.
32 Fewer staff hours at some service points, coupled with a shift to more instruction and online tutorials.
33 More e-books purchased.
34 More e-books and extension of faculty loan period.
38 Counted in Main library statistics.
40 Health Library now formally provides collections and services for life sciences undergraduate students in Biology & NBB.

FLORIDA
18, 20, 27, 40-43 Reported as part of University Libraries stats.

FLORIDA STATE
1.b-1.b.ii, 3 This is primarily an electronic library and continues to decrease print resources.
14 This is primarily an electronic library; the library does not collect video as stand-alone products for in-library use.
16.a Specific core electronic textbooks and reference books are purchased to support the curriculum; publication of new editions varies from year to year.
16.b The research agenda of the college is evolving as the college matures, and increases in serial titles purchases reflect an increased emphasis on research.
16.c These are mobile device resources; additional licenses were purchased to meet increasing demand.
18.a The library added 1 librarian position in the middle of 2008-2009; therefore the amount represented in 2009-2010 is for the entire year.
18.b Temporary staff were hired for special projects.
18.c GA worked fewer hours than expected.
20 Includes some software for information management.
22 Fewer than average number of e-book purchases.
25 Includes some software for information management.
26 The deposit account with the Electronic Funds Transfer program did not need any funds deposited in this past year.
30 Previously an orientation was provided by library staff to COM student recruits. This practice has been discontinued.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>QUESTION NUMBER</th>
<th>FOOTNOTE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FLORIDA STATE, cont.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Correlates to the fact that student recruitment orientations are no longer provided by the library.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>33-34</td>
<td>The print collection is of decreasing value to users, since the majority rely on electronic resources.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>The research agenda of the college is evolving as the college matures, and increases in interlibrary loan usage may reflect an increased emphasis on research.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>Numbers are too small to be significant in this context.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>42</td>
<td>Fall 2009 enrollment should have been reported as 31 and Fall 2010 as 33.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEORGE WASHINGTON</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.a</td>
<td>Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 99,189.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.b</td>
<td>Note this is a negative number due to a large number of individual journals removed during the year.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Combination of print and electronic book purchases.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.b.ii</td>
<td>Many previously unknown free titles were identified.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.b.iii</td>
<td>Two formerly gift titles were converted to electronic access.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16.c</td>
<td>These purchases include journal backfiles and additional DVD materials.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27.c</td>
<td>Library is open all night.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Access service desk staffed more hours in 2010-2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Librarians were imbedded in more distance ed groups 2010-2011.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Number of groups receiving presentations increased.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GEORGETOWN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.b.i</td>
<td>Editor's Note: The total for question 5.b (current serials received but not purchased) was copied to question 5.b.i (consortial) so that the subparts would add to the total for question 5.b in the ARL Statistics publication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HARVARD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.a</td>
<td>Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 695,415.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>The method we are using to count titles and volumes is the same.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.a.i</td>
<td>Since many electronic packages are purchased through shares among Harvard Libraries, this figure cannot be reported with any accuracy.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18.a</td>
<td>Staff Costs do not count expenses related to the Center for BioInformatics. Only the Countway Library Organization is counted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HAWAII</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.b.ii</td>
<td>We are on a proxy server with the Main library and these numbers are reported there.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOWARD</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.a</td>
<td>Increase is due to the use of SFX knowledgebase in acquiring the 2010-2011 count.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ILLINOIS, CHICAGO</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.a</td>
<td>Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 781,514.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>25, 37-43</td>
<td>Included in Daley Library report.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>INDIANA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.b</td>
<td>We are reducing our print collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.b.i</td>
<td>We are not adding print volumes to our collection at the rate we have in the past.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.b.ii</td>
<td>We withdrew fewer volumes than last year when we withdrew a substantial number of our print volumes.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5, 5.b</td>
<td>We are adding open access journals to our collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.a.ii</td>
<td>We have canceled print subscriptions.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.b.i</td>
<td>Ruth Lilly Medical Library has access to Wiley-Blackwell CIC package titles via University Library participation.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Footnotes · 61
We are adding open access titles to our collection. Our count in more accurate. We have reduced the number of videocassettes. Moved budget to serials. Reduced our purchase of nonprint. We reduced our non-materials expenditures. We no longer bind journals. Our staff numbers have been reduced due to budget constraints. Several positions are no longer budgeted. Our library budget has been reduced. We purchased no databases in 2010-2011. Reduction due to budget. Reduction in student budget cuts. More accurate count. In 2009-2010 added many items that were on our shelves but not listed in ongoing inventory. 2010-2011 figure reflects results of weeding project. Decrease in 2010-2011 reflects the shift of a significant part of our budget away from monograph purchases in order to support the journals budget. Drop in circulation stats is the trend with increasing use of electronic resources and a concomitant drop in the use of print. Less demand. Total represents the number of print volumes held. Medical Center Library e-books are included in the Main library's total. Total includes 762 e-books: Access Medicine - 68; Access Emergency Medicine - 12; Ovid e-books - 7; Springer - 551; Life Science Book Series & Methods in Enzymology - 124. Medical Center Library (MCL) total is included in the total for the Main Library. Unable to produce separate total for MCL. Medical Center Library (MCL) total is included in the total for the Main Library. Unable to produce separate total for MCL. Medical Center Library conducted a major weeding project in 2010-2011. Medical Center Library did not include audio CD's that accompany text. Medical Center Library did not include DVD's that accompany text. Includes for the Medical Center Library: Memberships - $3,050; Dialog - $216; OCLC - $11,816; document delivery - $22,252; University environmental tax - $3,242. Medical Center library completed a major binding project in 2010-2011. All figures are as of 04/30/2011. Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) $236,645; (16b) $1,148,270; (16c) $305,233; (16d) $79,371; (16) $1,769,519; (17) $4,825; (18a) $529,509; (18b) $79,773; (18c) $93,749; (18) $1,421,031; (20) $107,257; (21) $3,302,632; (22) $39,242; (23) $1,435,860; (24a) $0; (24b) $1,269; (25) $57,612; (26) $16,301.
**MINNESOTA**

Library branches included: BioMedical Library and Veterinary Medical Library.

1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 546,928.

2 Unique title count for Main ARL statistics comes from the shared ILS and includes all Twin Cities libraries. Separate attribution of titles to branch libraries is not available.

5, 5.a, 5.b Electronic titles are acquired with access for the entire Twin Cities campus, so breakdown of title count by location is not possible.

12-14 Breakdown by media type is not available. Total for audiovisual media excluding maps is 4,147.

**MONTREAL**

All figures are as of 04/30/2011.

At the request of the Quebec government, the fiscal year at the University of Montreal will start on May 1 and ends April 30. As a result, data from the libraries of the University of Montreal for 2010-2011 are spread over eleven months rather than twelve.

16-26 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) $149,907; (16b) $1,820,030; (16c) $0; (16d) $0; (16) $1,969,937; (17) $27,353; (18a) $702,141; (18b) $960,751; (18c) $0; (18) $1,662,892; (20) $24,688; (21) $3,684,870; (22) $49,772; (23) $1,759,709; (24a) $0; (24b) $0; (25) $0; (26) $0.

**NEW MEXICO**

1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 156,176.

17 Binding costs included as part of total expenditures for serials per AAHSL survey.

18.a, 27.a Calculated using new formula to separate library from IT. Includes all library administrators and faculty.

18.b, 27.b Calculated using new formula to separate library from IT. Includes all library staff.

20 Figure extrapolated from AAHSL survey. 2009-2010 figure should have read $645,657.

22 Figure extrapolated from AAHSL survey. 2009-2010 figure should have read $122,631.

25 Figure extrapolated from AAHSL survey. Combines costs of Q24b and Q25.

37 Includes physical therapy and biomedical sciences. Prior year reports reported only biomedical sciences.

40 Includes undergraduate nursing, graduate medicine, nursing, pharmacy, and diagnostic and therapeutic sciences, and doctoral physical therapy and biomedical sciences. In 2009-2010, we reported only medicine.

42 Includes graduate medicine, nursing, pharmacy, and diagnostic and therapeutic sciences. In 2009-2010, we reported only medicine.

**NEW YORK**

All figures are as of 08/31/2011.

Library branches included: Medical and Dental Library.

1.a Volumes held August 31, 2010 revised to 228,647.

1.b.ii Removed large portion of collection.

3 2009-2010 included a large one-time purchase of consumer health books. Current trend is purchase of fewer monographs.

13-14 Decrease due to elimination of unnecessary materials.

16.a Increased e-book purchases.

16.c Increased expenditures for backfiles and memberships.

18.a Loss of Regional Medical Library contract and funding transfer for four IT positions from Library to ITS.

20 Loss of Regional Medical Library contract.

23 Increase in collection budget for e-resources.

26 Increase due to computer upgrades.
NEW YORK, cont.

27.b Includes new casual positions.
27.c Reduced number of student workers due to increase in support staff.
28 Reference Desk Service discontinued and one Consumer Health service point eliminated.
32 Significant increase in IM and TTX tickets.
33-34 Fewer books and fewer circulations.

NORTH CAROLINA

1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 344,129. Decreased from 349,881 to correct internal reporting error from previous years.
3 Reduction in print monographic volumes purchased is result of 2010-2011 budget cuts.
5 Increase in overall serials title count is due to changes in some licensing agreements, a better ability to identify in-scope titles in serials packages, and the addition this year of titles available through consortial agreements or purchases.
5.a Reduction in titles purchased (5ai and 5aii) is due to budget cuts.
5.b Serials not purchased now includes titles available through some consortial agreements for which we do not pay and a better ability to identify in-scope titles within these packages.
5.b.iii Have stopped accepting some free print titles due to low usage.
13 Reduction in holdings due to decisions to withdraw many low-use and out-of-date non-print titles.
14 Reduction in holdings due to decisions to withdraw many low-use and out-of-date non-print titles.
16, 16.b Reduction in expenditures due to budget cuts.
16.c Increase due to database cost increases.
17 Reduction in binding expenditures due to holding fewer print titles that duplicate electronic titles.
20 Reduction in operating expenditures due to budget cuts, and in order to minimize cuts to materials and personnel budgets.
27.c Student FTE reduced due to budget cuts and reduced workload for re-shelving.
30-31 Decrease in instruction sessions and participants because two large class series formerly taught face-to-face were converted to participant-paced asynchronous online instruction.
35-36 Does not include intra-campus provision of materials available in campus libraries. Such materials were included in 2009-2010; if omitted, then the percent change would have been -17.2% (from revised total of 23,999).
37-43 Institutional total for questions 37-43 reported as part of the University Library report.

NORTHWESTERN

All figures are as of 08/31/2011.
1.b Continues a two-year deaccession project.
1.b.i Allocation adjustment.
1.b.ii Decrease in number of withdrawn items due to deaccession project closure.
5 Reporting data is in accordance with ARL instructions.
9 Continues a two-year adjustment in targeted collections.
13-14 Reflects a project to update collections.
16.a, 16.c Adjustment in allocations budget.
17 No longer binding serials.
20 Computer replacement cycle completed in 2010-2011.
25 Replacement cycle for public computers in effect for 2010-2011.
26 Includes IFM charges.
33-34 2009-2010 data included scanning projects.
**OKLAHOMA STATE**

18-18.c Includes fringe benefits.

33-34 We have no way to exclude reserves from this number.

**PENNSYLVANIA STATE**

Provide services and resources to geographical medical campus at State College. Does not require separate branch library.

5 Reporting only titles purchased by Health Sciences Library not included in overall count. As a result of joint purchases remaining serial titles will be reported via Penn State University Libraries aggregate count, this will allow us to avoid duplicate counts.

32 Migrated to Desk Tracker for electronic collection August 2011. July and August were partially collected using paper tick sheets. Desk Tracker allows us to filter out policy and IT question types for reporting. This data was previously recorded in the reference statistics.

**QUEEN'S**

All figures are as of 04/30/2011.

1.b, 1.b.ii Completion of weeding project.

3 Increased emphasis on electronic collections.

5, 8, 11-12, Included with Main Library.

24-25

16-26 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) $116,602; (16b) $1,734,802; (16c) $0; (16d) $0; (16) $1,851,404; (17) $2,538; (18a) $704,396; (18b) $399,841; (18c) $32,381; (18) $1,136,618; (20) $239,511; (21) $3,230,071; (22) $0; (23) $1,697,688; (24a) $0; (24b) $0; (25) $0; (26) $0.

17 Increased emphasis on electronic serials means a reduction in print serials that require binding.

18.b, 27.b Vacant positions not filled.

20 Now includes Fringe Benefits.

30-31 Error in 2009-2010 reporting, resulting in a greater variance that there should have been.

33-36 Reduction in the circulation of print material a result of increased reliance on electronic product.

35-36 Reduction in the need for print material a result of increased reliance on electronic product.

37-38, 40-43 As at November 2010.

39 As at October 2010.

**ROCHESTER**

5 No e-journals included. River Campus Libraries reports all e-journals.

5.a.ii Editor's Note: The total for question 5 (total current serials) was copied to 5.a.ii (print serials currently received) so that the subparts would add to the total for question 5.a in the ARL Statistics publication.

16.a 2009-2010 figure was significantly higher because of NEJM backfiles purchase and one-time purchase of start-up software in support of Molecular Information Biology Support Service.

**SASKATCHEWAN**

All figures are as of 04/30/2011.

1.b.ii Volumes are withdrawn as needed.

16-26 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (16a) $520,086; (16b) $2,174,419; (16c) $0; (16d) $0; (16) $2,694,505; (17) $3,357; (18a) $352,687; (18b) $275,536; (18c) $30,085; (18) $838,308; (20) $0; (21) $3,536,391; (22) $0; (23) $0; (24a) $0; (24b) $0; (25) $0; (26) $0.

16.a 16a) Includes provincial funding of $320,967.

16.b 16b) Includes provincial funding of $2,009,122.
SASKATCHEWAN, cont.

27.a In 2009-2010, computer programmer was included in the total (i.e. 8 FTE). In 2010-2011, Health Sciences Library moved to a new model (i.e. 7 FTE).

31 Group orientation sessions have increased from 8 (in 2009-2010) to 398 (in 2010-2011) increasing the overall total.

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

Library branches included: Health Sciences Libraries: Medicine, Pharmacy and Dentistry.

5.a.ii Dental Library count was not included in 2009-2010 figure.

13 Canceled subscription to Audio Digest.

16.c Includes one-time purchase of electronic backfiles.

16.d New databases purchased such as JAMA Evidence and AccessPediatrics. Also additional seats were purchased for existing databases.

17 Canceled some print components of e-journal/print subscriptions plus 2009-2010 expense higher because of processing of rare-book gifts.

20 In 2009-2010, Other Operating funds were used to support our library materials expenditures.

22 In 2009-2010, transitioned from print to electronic and made large e-book purchases.

30-31 Provided fewer sessions to larger groups.

35 Many articles are now being made available through open access, and are very visible on PubMed and Google Scholar.

SUNY-STONY BROOK

30 Much effort was made during this time period to reach out to previously underserved groups such as medical residents and new hospital employees.

TEMPLE

Library branches included: Temple University School of Podiatric Medicine Charles E. Krausz Library.

TENNESSEE

Library branches included: Health Sciences Library-Memphis and Preston Medical Library-Knoxville.

TEXAS A&M

All figures are as of 08/31/2011.

Library branches included: Texas A&M Medical Sciences Library.

First year to report statistics for this library.

5.a Unable, with current system, to track paid for and freely accessible serial titles. This will be corrected in future reports.

TEXAS TECH

All figures are as of 08/31/2011.

Library branches included: Harrington Library TTUHSC-Amarillo; Montes-Gallo Library of the Health Sciences TTUHSC-El Paso; Library of the Health Sciences TTUHSC-Odessa; Preston Smith HSC Library.

2 Figure from 2009-2010 was under reported.

16.d AgeLine: $1,926; AnatomyTV: $42,500; CSA Linguistics: $1,995; CINAHL Plus: $6,275; Cold Spring Harbor: $2,012; Cyber Tools: $32,400; Dynamed: $18,375; Embase: $26,496; EndNote: $10,183.33; Essential Evidence Plus: $7,685.15; Exam Master: $6,980; Expolit Research Accelerator: $8,500; First Search: $766; GIDEON: $8,099; GOBI: $386.64; Gold Rush: $3,600; Joanna Briggs Institute: $6,720; Journal Citation Reports: $5,708; KOHA: $26,200; MD Consult: $155,359.69; Micromedex: $2,150; Natural Medicines: $1,800; Natural Standard: $2,755.14; Netter Presenter: $8,997; Nursing Reference Center: $16,083; OT Search: $995; Ovid: $51,685; RefWorks/RefShare: $5,581; Rehabilitation Reference Center: $7,685; Scopus: $29,484; SportDiscus: $8,568; Springer: $12,780; Survey Monkey: $200; Swets Wise: $9,968; Team Viewer: $2,914.60; TexShare: $3,000; Web of Science: $49,139.
QueSTion number

TULANE
1.a Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 157,419.

UTAH
1.b.i Included e-books and re-cataloging of items previously weeded in error.
2 MARCIVE electronic now Marriott.
5.b.i Title deduping project.
16.b The New England Journal of Medicine archives were purchased. We prepaid for Science Direct this fiscal year and had not in previous years. Further, overall journal prices continue to increase.
16.c Dynamed was prepaid. Added the Gale Health Reference Center. Further, overall prices for library materials continue to increase.
16.d Public Library of Science was cancelled. We are now recording copyright costs under Interlibrary Loan/Document delivery.
20 Additional costs in 2010-2011: New computer upgrades and charges that should have been in 2009-2010, more contracts and grant money, network wiring, office remodels/new furniture, new consumer library space, compact shelving, carriage system, copiers, travel increases, copyright costs, honorariums.
22 E-books and NEJM archives.
23 Science Direct prepay and price increases.
24.b No prepay.
25 Computers that were purchased in 2009-2010 were not charged until mistake was discovered and corrected in 2010-2011.
26 Moved ILL/DDS expenses into same category and consolidated ILL/DDS expenses.
32 Implemented software and procedures to more accurately track.
33-34 Back in the building.

VANDERBILT
1.b, 1.b.i, 22 Emphasis on electronic content.
1.b, 1.b.ii Weeding project continued from last year.
3 Emphasis on purchase of electronic books.
5.a.ii Continued move from print to electronic.
16.a Increased monographic budget to emphasize purchase of electronic content, e-books.
16.c Budget for e-journal backfiles decreased from 2009-2010, as fewer backfiles were needed.
18.a Professionals providing non-traditional services are now paid from a separate budget under the Informatics Center.
18.c Less students needed due to less work shelving physical collection.
20 Includes payments to Main library for services.
25 New hardware purchased for new project.
27 Professionals providing non-traditional services are now staff of the Informatics Center in Vanderbilt University's Medical Center. They are no longer paid staff of the library.
31 Incorrect number for 2009-2010. Should be 6,205.
32 Decrease in users seeking reference assistance.
33-34 Circulation decreasing with emphasis on electronic resources.
36 Return to level of two years ago after drop in 2009-2010.
VIRGINIA

2, 37, 41-43  Reported in Main for all UVa libraries.

WASHINGTON

Health Sciences Library statistics are included in Main Library statistics for questions 2, 5, 24, and 37-43.

WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS

1.a  Volumes held June 30, 2010 revised to 321,891.

5  Because the new catalog was not set up to provide data, the 2009-2010 figures have been used. We will investigate ways to provide this data going forward.

5.b  Editor’s Note: The total for question 5.b (current serials received but not purchased) was copied to question 5.b.i (consortial) so that the subparts would add to the total for question 5.b in the ARL Statistics publication.

18  Includes fringe benefits of $703,043.

37-43  Included in the Main library numbers.

WISCONSIN

Library branches NOT included: This report pertains to Ebling Health Sciences, although the education data represents UW Madison campus totals.

Data reflects total campus holdings and access, not limited to Ebling Health Sciences Library.