ASSOCIATION OF RESEARCH LIBRARIES
WASHINGTON, D.C.
2006

ARL ACADEMIC LAW LIBRARY STATISTICS 2004-05

Compiled and Edited by

MARK YOUNG
MARTHA KYRILLIDOU

ARL Academic Law Library Statistics is published annually by

Association of Research Libraries
21 Dupont Circle, NW, Suite 800
Washington, D.C. 20036
Telephone: (202) 296-2296
FAX: (202) 872-0884
email: pubs@arl.org

The *ARL Academic Law Library Statistics* datafiles,
with accompanying documentation, are available at
<http://www.arl.org/stats/lawmed/lawindex.html>

The tables presented in this publication are not indicative of performance and outcomes and should not be used as measures of library quality. In comparing any individual library to ARL medians or to other ARL members, one must be careful to make such comparisons within the context of differing institutional and local goals and characteristics.

ISBN 1-59407-745-2
ISSN 1538-8999

© Copyright Notice

The compilation is copyrighted by the Association of Research Libraries. Blanket permission is granted to reproduce and distribute copies of this work for nonprofit, educational, or library purposes, provided that the author, source, and copyright notice are included on each copy. This permission is in addition to rights of reproduction granted under Sections 107, 108, and other provisions of the U.S. Copyright Act.

The paper used in this publication meets the minimum requirements of the American National Standard for Information Science and National Information Standards Organization standard—Permanence of Paper for Publications and Documents in Libraries and Archives, ANSI/NISO Z39.48-1992(R1997).

Printed in the United States of America

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Highlights: ARL Academic Law Library Statistics, 2004-05.....	5
ARL Law Library Data Tables, 2004-05	7
Collections.....	8
Expenditures.....	12
Expenditures for Electronic Resources	16
Personnel and Public Services.....	20
Rank Order Table 1: Volumes in Library	24
Rank Order Table 2: Volumes Added (Gross).....	25
Rank Order Table 3: Current Serials	26
Rank Order Table 4: Total Expenditures	27
Rank Order Table 5: Total Staff.....	28
Rank Order Table 6: Total Electronic Resources	29
ARL Academic Law Library Statistics Questionnaire and Instructions, 2004-05	31
Footnotes to the ARL Academic Law Library Statistics, 2004-05	45
Appendix: ARL Member Libraries as of June 1, 2006.....	50

HIGHLIGHTS

ARL ACADEMIC LAW LIBRARY STATISTICS, 2004-05

- Out of 113 ARL university libraries, 77 responded to this survey.¹
- Law libraries reported median values of 313,574 volumes held and 7,435 volumes added. Also, these libraries employed the full-time equivalent of 2,259 staff members in the fiscal year 2004-05.
- Responding libraries reported total expenditures of \$200,223,137.² As seen in the graph below, materials expenditures made up the largest portion of the total, with 46.4% of aggregated expenses falling under a materials-related category.
- Law libraries reported a total of \$11,858,683 on electronic materials, or a median of 13.69% of their total materials budgets. This includes a total of \$10,235,586 on electronic serials.

Expenditures in ARL Law Libraries, 2004-05

¹ 78 ARL university libraries included data for a Law library in the 2004-05 *ARL Statistics*; among them, British Columbia, Laval, and Manitoba did not complete this survey. Colorado and Hawaii completed this survey but did not include a Law library on the *ARL Statistics*. Rutgers has two administratively independent Law libraries, which respond separately to this survey; they are aggregated together in the *ARL Statistics*.

² This figure includes Canadian universities, whose expenditures were converted to U.S. dollars at the rate of 1.24971 Can\$ = 1 US\$, the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the *Bank of Canada Review* for the period July 2004-June 2005.

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES
2004-05

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES 2004-05

COLLECTIONS

(Survey Question #)		Volumes in Library	Volumes Added (Gross)	Volumes Added (Net)	Mono- graphs Purchased	Current Serials Purchased	Current Serials Received	Current Serials Total
		(1)	(1.b.i)	(1.b)	(2)	(4.a)	(4.b)	(4)
INSTITUTION	Notes							
ALABAMA	BG+	313,064	12,129	11,238	25,500	3,158	210	3,368
ALBERTA	G+	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	1,953	50	2,003
ARIZONA	BG	259,345	6,120	-167	676	UA/NA	UA/NA	4,435
ARIZONA STATE	G+	268,780	4,519	1,043	1,028	UA/NA	UA/NA	4,031
BOSTON	G	354,342	6,245	4,052	1,268	UA/NA	UA/NA	4,905
BOSTON COLLEGE	BG	234,492	6,679	4,915	3,065	2,884	67	2,951
BRIGHAM YOUNG	BG+	328,381	6,150	4,855	1,487	3,449	672	4,121
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	G+	673,633	13,309	-2,098	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	7,923
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	G+	287,968	5,256	1,127	1,905	UA/NA	UA/NA	4,250
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	G	548,963	12,150	7,664	3,178	UA/NA	UA/NA	8,291
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	G	301,659	6,165	4,737	1,090	3,915	1,320	5,235
CHICAGO	G+	650,401	15,020	14,348	5,184	UA/NA	UA/NA	8,878
CINCINNATI	G+	279,155	4,094	3,941	1,715	1,918	40	1,958
COLORADO	G+	281,784	8,742	7,811	2,129	UA/NA	UA/NA	5,035
COLUMBIA	BG	857,110	12,791	10,679	2,512	5,439	1,033	6,472
CONNECTICUT	G	313,921	7,523	5,057	1,466	4,814	847	5,661
CORNELL	G+	518,351	8,474	8,403	782	7,423	558	7,981
DUKE	B	433,241	10,180	8,874	3,055	6,881	135	7,016
EMORY	+	216,053	4,051	2,468	760	6,408	72	6,480
FLORIDA	+	327,491	4,461	4,461	1,708	UA/NA	UA/NA	7,184
FLORIDA STATE	G+	243,724	5,184	-9,583	1,520	3,740	728	4,468
GEORGE WASHINGTON	BG+	343,755	9,087	5,904	1,837	4,304	UA/NA	4,304
GEORGETOWN	BG	540,626	18,983	13,364	3,982	9,563	77	9,640
GEORGIA	G	375,103	7,347	4,974	950	6,984	113	7,097
HARVARD	G+	1,723,645	24,689	19,426	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	15,303
HAWAII	G	126,569	3,787	3,301	461	3,835	478	4,313
HOUSTON	BG+	397,380	23,161	19,819	6,983	3,219	230	3,449
HOWARD	B+	194,084	1,173	445	1,150	1,152	53	1,205
ILLINOIS, URBANA	G	613,747	9,216	8,533	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	9,006
INDIANA	G	448,644	9,270	-6,626	1,430	8,978	82	9,060
IOWA	G+	762,886	21,032	17,420	17,300	10,048	UA/NA	10,048
KANSAS	G+	302,420	17,439	17,403	929	4,072	16	4,088
KENTUCKY	G	255,456	4,140	2,608	290	3,908	UA/NA	3,908
LOUISIANA STATE		437,498	8,254	6,550	3,568	8,898	1,547	10,445
LOUISVILLE	G+	232,797	5,603	-11,084	UA/NA	5,410	UA/NA	5,410
MCGILL	G+	176,364	5,219	3,342	UA/NA	5,600	592	6,192
MIAMI	G+	401,939	21,474	7,486	2,827	6,533	335	6,868
MICHIGAN	G+	677,337	13,501	5,579	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	9,903
MICHIGAN STATE	G+	123,789	7,125	5,201	1,228	3,960	UA/NA	3,960
MINNESOTA	BG+	702,828	25,726	24,862	1,632	9,224	1,262	10,486
MISSOURI	BG	271,831	9,664	8,557	3,315	2,314	275	2,589
MONTREAL	G+	177,354	4,594	3,356	1,635	1,332	40	1,372

+ - See Footnotes

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

G - Government documents not included in serials count

B - Includes branch campuses

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES 2004-05

COLLECTIONS

Microform Units	Government Documents	Computer Files	Archives and Manus.	Carto- graphic Materials	Graphic Materials	Audio Materials	Video and Film	(Survey Question #) INSTITUTION
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
756,791	416,966	525	1,207	0	0	640	1,317	ALABAMA
UA/NA	0	UA/NA	0	0	0	373	526	ALBERTA
672,258	0	401	0	9	0	306	217	ARIZONA
716,742	144,343	1,262	0	0	0	257	412	ARIZONA STATE
1,628,735	0	52	0	0	0	26	57	BOSTON
1,458,785	5,148	446	182	0	0	51	331	BOSTON COLLEGE
807,072	UA/NA	3,029	0	UA/NA	UA/NA	1,357	UA/NA	BRIGHAM YOUNG
901,496	0	241	UA/NA	1	2,500	0	172	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
733,271	40,646	382	46	20	0	802	134	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
410,829	0	811	6	2	0	1,832	1,191	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
516,044	2,055	188	313	0	0	158	2,224	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
322,316	UA/NA	382	UA/NA	0	0	353	104	CHICAGO
730,299	0	238	434	0	0	933	321	CINCINNATI
884,965	0	425	0	2	1	431	985	COLORADO
846,843	0	889	2,875	32	1	143	258	COLUMBIA
1,094,083	0	384	109	0	0	779	274	CONNECTICUT
915,620	UA/NA	40	0	0	0	359	214	CORNELL
1,006,024	0	191	86	0	0	277	300	DUKE
596,575	56,925	157	UA/NA	8	UA/NA	71	1,076	EMORY
1,593,506	319,890	344	0	0	0	142	1,072	FLORIDA
1,017,140	0	444	0	0	242	1,391	3,251	FLORIDA STATE
1,345,831	0	110	115	0	0	235	280	GEORGE WASHINGTON
2,579,708	9,385	1,204	3,209	85	501	5,692	944	GEORGETOWN
6,280	3,172	117	0	0	0	132	138	GEORGIA
1,973,552	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	HARVARD
1,173,855	0	357	0	0	UA/NA	150	340	HAWAII
169,094	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	2	4	HOUSTON
412,980	540	0	1,078	0	0	141	301	HOWARD
842,959	0	838	288	0	0	0	29	ILLINOIS, URBANA
1,598,451	0	646	373	0	0	917	1,184	INDIANA
1,666,865	0	1,302	0	3,503	0	850	407	IOWA
520,176	9,322	169	10	2	0	48	140	KANSAS
1,167,733	0	185	0	0	0	0	479	KENTUCKY
2,191,511	UA/NA	1,381	18	351	12	3,002	1,272	LOUISIANA STATE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	LOUISVILLE
42,442	118,063	33	0	0	0	29	18	MCGILL
884,764	0	1,228	0	0	0	1,136	755	MIAMI
1,556,779	0	57	0	0	0	101	128	MICHIGAN
885,822	0	0	UA/NA	0	0	305	678	MICHIGAN STATE
1,954,008	0	247	106	3	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	MINNESOTA
547,458	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	0	UA/NA	763	MISSOURI
64,190	0	107	0	0	5	492	107	MONTREAL

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES 2004-05

COLLECTIONS

(Survey Question #)		Volumes in Library	Volumes Added (Gross)	Volumes Added (Net)	Mono- graphs Purchased	Current Serials Purchased	Current Serials Received	Current Serials Total
INSTITUTION	Notes	(1)	(1.b.i)	(1.b)	(2)	(4.a)	(4.b)	(4)
NEBRASKA	G	235,402	5,807	4,167	UA/NA	2,571	200	2,771
NEW MEXICO	BG+	233,970	5,847	1,936	879	3,239	UA/NA	3,239
NEW YORK	G+	775,655	9,760	7,460	3,012	6,059	850	6,909
NORTH CAROLINA	G	324,273	6,972	-621	1,417	5,364	1,361	6,725
NORTHWESTERN	G+	562,601	11,741	-6,214	1,419	UA/NA	UA/NA	5,452
NOTRE DAME	G	334,157	9,759	9,035	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	6,866
OHIO STATE	G	559,917	9,856	8,579	3,198	3,660	1,208	4,868
OKLAHOMA	G	204,112	3,918	2,151	1,084	4,914	UA/NA	4,914
OREGON	BG+	178,135	3,689	2,970	1,071	2,814	UA/NA	2,814
PENNSYLVANIA	G	585,948	14,786	12,434	UA/NA	8,255	24	8,279
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	G	268,055	6,862	6,862	3,350	4,454	2,276	6,730
PITTSBURGH	BG	214,339	8,207	6,009	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	2,672
QUEEN'S	B+	208,193	1,371	692	660	2,036	11	2,047
RUTGERS - Camden	BG+	313,226	4,993	3,908	910	UA/NA	UA/NA	4,194
RUTGERS - Newark	G+	329,318	5,695	4,322	596	1,320	1,840	3,160
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	165,399	3,851	1,012	942	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA
SOUTH CAROLINA		279,077	4,275	3,924	644	4,073	281	4,354
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	BG	302,865	5,513	4,855	1,027	3,176	2,707	5,883
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	G	207,492	5,736	3,536	1,257	3,691	269	3,960
SUNY-BUFFALO	G	291,191	8,556	4,171	2,567	4,628	3,083	7,711
SYRACUSE	G	210,477	5,271	3,459	860	3,364	UA/NA	3,364
TEMPLE	G	395,779	6,278	6,278	2,079	2,756	300	3,056
TENNESSEE		324,441	9,562	8,109	817	6,650	UA/NA	6,650
TEXAS	G+	770,056	13,886	1,744	3,301	5,496	2,826	8,322
TEXAS TECH	+	190,649	9,892	2,908	4,030	2,800	31	2,831
TORONTO	G+	204,442	3,759	3,224	1,611	2,418	45	2,463
TULANE	+	227,252	5,626	5,575	1,819	2,691	115	2,806
UTAH	G	230,426	5,945	5,186	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	4,804
VANDERBILT	+	466,693	19,922	17,732	2,092	6,128	677	6,805
VIRGINIA	G+	622,598	11,351	8,373	2,667	9,196	2,079	11,275
WASHINGTON	G	412,027	10,504	9,311	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	5,550
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	G+	402,523	12,098	9,726	1,367	UA/NA	UA/NA	6,109
WESTERN ONTARIO	G+	192,911	3,055	1,702	798	1,085	332	1,417
WISCONSIN	G	395,634	7,676	3,706	1,536	3,170	3,003	6,173
YALE	BG	856,609	19,272	18,613	8,620	9,691	302	9,993

SUMMARY DATA

High	1,723,645	25,726	24,862	25,500	10,048	3,083	15,303
Mean	387,549	9,092	5,804	2,581	4,684	737	5,611
Median	313,574	7,435	4,885	1,528	3,960	302	5,135
Low	123,789	1,173	-11,084	290	1,085	11	1,205
Totals	29,453,752	691,017	441,079	165,175	267,015	34,652	426,458
Number of Libraries	76	76	76	64	57	47	76

+ - See Footnotes

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

G - Government documents not included in serials count

B - Includes branch campuses

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES 2004-05

COLLECTIONS

Microform Units	Government Documents	Computer Files	Archives and Manus.	Carto- graphic Materials	Graphic Materials	Audio Materials	Video and Film	(Survey Question #) INSTITUTION
(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	
1,015,086	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	0	507	380	NEBRASKA
894,515	0	192	0	0	0	208	222	NEW MEXICO
1,003,721	17,000	997	0	UA/NA	UA/NA	2,700	672	NEW YORK
947,743	0	1,170	0	0	6	1,276	724	NORTH CAROLINA
954,539	0	559	0	0	0	12	101	NORTHWESTERN
1,673,220	0	720	0	0	0	605	976	NOTRE DAME
1,311,000	936	1,291	1	0	0	1,974	740	OHIO STATE
845,725	0	13	0	0	0	168	278	OKLAHOMA
942,059	2,716	13	0	0	0	222	201	OREGON
1,052,343	0	179	2,254	0	0	2,460	1,478	PENNSYLVANIA
1,327,356	0	1,286	637	428	251	173	1,566	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
1,300,315	0	368	0	16	1,753	717	314	PITTSBURGH
111,218	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	QUEEN'S
699,349	0	0	0	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	RUTGERS - Camden
689,771	117,210	1,137	1,166	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	RUTGERS - Newark
19,351	0	662	0	6	400	343	88	SASKATCHEWAN
1,338,386	0	694	0	0	0	891	544	SOUTH CAROLINA
575,489	0	533	0	59	27	542	490	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
925,781	0	651	0	0	0	1,797	977	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS
1,153,644	UA/NA	1,131	UA/NA	0	400	4,612	1,678	SUNY-BUFFALO
1,297,362	0	274	0	0	0	218	1,067	SYRACUSE
819,670	421	754	16	0	0	73	585	TEMPLE
1,334,224	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	0	0	1,138	588	TENNESSEE
1,172,091	0	595	2,512	0	0	3,516	2,512	TEXAS
621,504	0	633	0	0	0	960	927	TEXAS TECH
56,992	0	74	0	0	34	105	68	TORONTO
1,232,022	141,014	676	1,206	0	0	0	369	TULANE
598,443	0	659	0	0	0	806	299	UTAH
653,555	0	376	0	0	0	158	896	VANDERBILT
1,308,144	35,029	80	2,770	529	2,300	13	718	VIRGINIA
975,392	0	901	0	0	0	150	351	WASHINGTON
1,389,966	0	800	0	0	0	489	612	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS
59,039	0	37	0	0	0	744	72	WESTERN ONTARIO
891,149	0	629	16	0	0	350	556	WISCONSIN
1,654,230	0	518	0	0	0	0	160	YALE

SUMMARY DATA

2,579,708	416,966	3,029	3,209	3,503	2,500	5,692	3,251	High
960,510	75,831	567	809	297	562	798	623	Mean
915,620	17,000	445	301	16	242	359	410	Median
6,280	421	13	1	1	1	2	4	Low
72,038,246	1,440,781	37,414	21,033	5,056	8,433	51,840	43,612	Sum
75	19	66	26	17	15	65	70	Number of Libraries

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES 2004-05

EXPENDITURES

(Survey Question #)		Monographs	Current Serials	Other Library Materials	Misc. Materials	Total Library Materials	Contract Binding
INSTITUTION	Notes	(15a)	(15b)	(15c)	(15d)	(15)	(16)
ALABAMA	BG+	411,883	1,073,412	UA/NA	0	1,485,295	17,175
ALBERTA	G+	259,628	805,118	UA/NA	UA/NA	1,064,746	5,701
ARIZONA	BG	19,368	582,243	204,555	10,870	817,036	10,758
ARIZONA STATE	G+	49,890	835,028	0	0	884,918	8,060
BOSTON	G	91,365	1,183,621	264,475	0	1,539,461	21,463
BOSTON COLLEGE	BG	65,979	912,017	UA/NA	207,751	1,185,747	27,757
BRIGHAM YOUNG	BG+	34,959	891,395	23,976	0	950,330	10,486
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	G+	547,298	1,550,677	186,433	UA/NA	2,284,408	78,066
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	G+	132,283	769,422	UA/NA	0	901,705	24,020
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	G	216,705	1,498,595	6,948	UA/NA	1,722,248	39,030
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	G	36,847	1,148,860	0	361,734	1,547,441	21,100
CHICAGO	G+	418,142	1,063,132	231,396	UA/NA	1,712,670	43,102
CINCINNATI	G+	208,771	531,625	17,700	97,838	855,934	5,748
COLORADO	G+	74,046	773,988	50,922	178,304	1,077,260	10,836
COLUMBIA	BG	245,653	1,651,265	58,206	0	1,955,124	85,000
CONNECTICUT	G	84,865	1,063,339	UA/NA	99,167	1,247,371	24,580
CORNELL	G+	712,807	522,951	3,567	32,727	1,272,052	22,311
DUKE	B	243,862	1,234,293	66,946	94,832	1,639,933	16,967
EMORY	+	46,819	745,372	5,902	191,832	989,925	10,021
FLORIDA	+	721,958	104,850	10,108	UA/NA	836,916	19,244
FLORIDA STATE	G+	95,568	655,617	370	86,526	838,081	15,138
GEORGE WASHINGTON	BG+	1,494,151	958,403	81,899	0	2,534,453	50,836
GEORGETOWN	BG	280,155	2,287,498	101,778	78,285	2,747,716	46,586
GEORGIA	G	73,910	796,182	609,383	1,661	1,481,136	16,646
HARVARD	G+	554,214	2,293,542	340,190	724	3,188,670	154,042
HAWAII	G	61,708	648,216	45,364	UA/NA	755,288	10,000
HOUSTON	BG+	204,667	1,065,268	205,937	UA/NA	1,475,872	18,159
HOWARD	B+	69,305	578,845	0	0	648,150	2,500
ILLINOIS, URBANA	G	45,326	879,864	0	0	925,190	UA/NA
INDIANA	G	69,874	1,142,095	66,236	2,335	1,280,540	22,851
IOWA	G+	636,655	1,691,261	121,152	34,906	2,483,974	30,169
KANSAS	G+	61,477	594,645	0	57,719	713,841	7,020
KENTUCKY	G	15,936	888,388	63,703	0	968,027	9,690
LOUISIANA STATE		486,857	604,450	619	UA/NA	1,091,926	8,855
LOUISVILLE	G+	499,109	797,068	66,264	UA/NA	1,362,441	10,807
MCGILL	G+	281,152	364,809	58,713	11,978	716,652	18,884
MIAMI	G+	136,570	1,704,803	UA/NA	245,849	2,087,222	40,230
MICHIGAN	G+	316,845	2,119,140	139,301	44,845	2,620,131	51,754
MICHIGAN STATE	G+	98,894	575,966	210,287	2,762	887,909	10,041
MINNESOTA	BG+	119,603	1,204,756	184,966	41,072	1,550,397	17,289
MISSOURI	BG	75,526	360,988	10,957	0	447,471	9,029
MONTREAL	G+	115,198	527,980	0	0	643,178	15,907

+ - See Footnotes

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

G - Government documents not included in serials count

B - Includes branch campuses

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES 2004-05

EXPENDITURES

Salaries & Wages: Professional	Salaries & Wages: Support	Salaries & Wages: Student Asst.	Total Salaries & Wages	Other Operating Expenditures	Total Library Expenditures	(Survey Question #)
(17a)	(17b)	(17c)	(17)	(19)	(20)	INSTITUTION
466,309	177,887	69,908	714,104	46,965	2,263,539	ALABAMA
164,670	357,303	13,348	535,321	UA/NA	1,605,769	ALBERTA
565,720	255,810	20,199	841,729	95,656	1,765,179	ARIZONA
462,563	347,349	22,942	832,854	87,332	1,813,164	ARIZONA STATE
711,292	449,899	50,573	1,211,764	280,775	3,053,463	BOSTON
1,017,850	319,921	56,663	1,394,434	105,102	2,713,040	BOSTON COLLEGE
556,251	80,435	221,628	858,314	102,487	1,921,617	BRIGHAM YOUNG
1,184,936	1,107,657	349,770	2,642,363	414,347	5,419,184	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
580,195	351,302	25,267	956,764	80,610	1,963,099	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
1,057,668	434,633	95,623	1,587,924	336,983	3,686,185	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
845,572	639,566	165,425	1,650,563	583,884	3,802,988	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
834,231	475,664	51,008	1,360,903	59,755	3,176,430	CHICAGO
567,413	224,585	35,317	827,315	83,517	1,772,514	CINCINNATI
598,860	312,493	37,124	948,477	34,451	2,071,024	COLORADO
1,334,162	777,872	134,278	2,246,312	358,703	4,645,139	COLUMBIA
717,902	442,166	37,710	1,197,778	92,950	2,562,679	CONNECTICUT
619,745	421,009	25,283	1,066,037	81,111	2,441,511	CORNELL
843,026	351,077	17,701	1,211,804	74,125	2,942,829	DUKE
614,760	225,665	70,488	910,913	118,587	2,029,446	EMORY
757,105	460,133	115,033	1,332,271	287,068	2,475,499	FLORIDA
555,918	202,992	79,281	838,191	90,432	1,781,842	FLORIDA STATE
1,384,641	668,442	149,758	2,202,841	166,496	4,954,626	GEORGE WASHINGTON
1,739,218	1,540,008	250,233	3,529,459	606,441	6,930,202	GEORGETOWN
535,564	197,660	66,792	800,016	437,694	2,735,492	GEORGIA
3,216,614	2,068,896	85,054	5,370,564	922,858	9,636,134	HARVARD
377,034	91,836	120,000	588,870	329,192	1,683,350	HAWAII
591,433	211,645	126,135	929,213	125,968	2,549,212	HOUSTON
533,860	251,385	56,309	841,554	94,964	1,587,168	HOWARD
462,309	220,407	31,944	714,660	UA/NA	1,639,850	ILLINOIS, URBANA
684,063	226,950	64,309	975,322	41,906	2,320,619	INDIANA
849,960	563,111	105,829	1,518,900	133,934	4,166,977	IOWA
359,964	182,291	35,425	577,680	77,800	1,376,341	KANSAS
333,248	165,980	57,245	556,473	81,198	1,615,388	KENTUCKY
497,118	331,513	99,721	928,352	440,147	2,469,280	LOUISIANA STATE
342,795	192,846	54,033	589,674	77,532	2,040,454	LOUISVILLE
290,617	250,618	8,433	549,668	81,719	1,366,924	MCGILL
609,339	377,703	97,866	1,084,908	310,838	3,523,198	MIAMI
UA/NA	UA/NA	256,551	2,089,828	1,024,555	5,786,268	MICHIGAN
539,745	124,514	148,201	812,460	84,925	1,795,335	MICHIGAN STATE
1,054,065	511,527	170,015	1,735,607	401,822	3,705,115	MINNESOTA
402,517	203,483	57,055	663,055	85,996	1,205,551	MISSOURI
289,614	307,928	0	597,543	6,757	1,263,384	MONTREAL

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES 2004-05

EXPENDITURES

(Survey Question #)		Monographs	Current Serials	Other Library Materials	Misc. Materials	Total Library Materials	Contract Binding
INSTITUTION	Notes	(15a)	(15b)	(15c)	(15d)	(15)	(16)
NEBRASKA	G	29,362	573,379	13,935	12,090	628,766	10,901
NEW MEXICO	BG+	20,504	387,918	0	0	408,422	7,194
NEW YORK	G+	243,172	2,107,132	337	13,051	2,363,692	36,000
NORTH CAROLINA	G	95,147	1,032,127	44,283	0	1,171,557	9,336
NORTHWESTERN	G+	109,141	852,759	107,349	215,583	1,284,832	33,654
NOTRE DAME	G	247,327	987,486	UA/NA	238,450	1,473,263	20,957
OHIO STATE	G	208,621	979,482	47,963	215,522	1,451,588	29,516
OKLAHOMA	G	75,446	502,854	129,469	0	707,769	7,874
OREGON	BG+	55,431	565,963	UA/NA	80,428	701,822	9,154
PENNSYLVANIA	G	234,280	1,334,587	81,833	UA/NA	1,650,700	46,903
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	G	0	609,831	171,990	0	781,821	18,364
PITTSBURGH	BG	64,344	673,322	53,956	UA/NA	791,623	16,346
QUEEN'S	B+	84,614	515,117	UA/NA	UA/NA	599,731	3,024
RUTGERS - Camden	BG+	61,169	602,843	52,403	71,148	787,563	5,841
RUTGERS - Newark	G+	40,042	458,188	0	91,586	589,816	12,912
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	85,073	508,781	UA/NA	UA/NA	593,854	5,036
SOUTH CAROLINA		26,780	794,829	16,627	0	838,236	10,028
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	BG	62,915	677,234	64,475	0	804,624	18,510
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	G	75,827	733,179	6,742	0	815,748	10,462
SUNY-BUFFALO	G	50,557	863,923	84,103	78,273	1,076,856	19,610
SYRACUSE	G	66,062	833,964	200,697	25,449	1,126,172	6,797
TEMPLE	G	134,237	645,453	UA/NA	UA/NA	779,690	15,620
TENNESSEE		94,691	636,043	76,306	159,811	966,851	8,107
TEXAS	G+	224,981	891,570	57,092	0	1,173,643	15,493
TEXAS TECH	+	193,936	505,259	82,671	305,646	1,087,512	14,456
TORONTO	G+	81,774	573,708	23,434	UA/NA	678,917	10,974
TULANE	+	101,121	699,043	6,250	0	806,414	8,392
UTAH	G	69,849	713,667	0	106,018	889,534	11,509
VANDERBILT	+	67,319	962,122	0	0	1,029,441	13,420
VIRGINIA	G+	147,517	1,193,059	35,437	20,560	1,396,573	20,444
WASHINGTON	G	71,414	911,620	UA/NA	127,823	1,110,857	25,841
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	G+	167,048	810,417	81,871	0	1,059,336	9,440
WESTERN ONTARIO	G+	57,918	467,990	UA/NA	UA/NA	525,908	16,560
WISCONSIN	G	89,149	888,177	31,856	7,570	1,016,752	9,604
YALE	BG	620,000	1,451,077	201,000	51,000	2,323,077	63,071

SUMMARY DATA

High	1,494,151	2,293,542	609,383	361,734	3,188,670	154,042
Mean	190,429	904,222	94,636	97,466	1,206,646	21,700
Median	94,919	805,118	64,089	78,279	1,059,336	15,763
Low	15,936	104,850	337	724	408,422	2,500
Totals	14,472,596	69,625,091	5,110,332	3,703,725	92,911,745	1,649,208
Number of Libraries	76	77	54	38	77	76

+ - See Footnotes

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

G - Government documents not included in serials count

B - Includes branch campuses

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES 2004-05

EXPENDITURES

Salaries & Wages: Professional	Salaries & Wages: Support	Salaries & Wages: Student Asst.	Total Salaries & Wages	Other Operating Expenditures	Total Library Expenditures	(Survey Question #) INSTITUTION
(17a)	(17b)	(17c)	(17)	(19)	(20)	
286,610	147,456	44,599	478,665	12,208	1,130,540	NEBRASKA
422,407	344,096	35,299	801,802	359,304	1,576,722	NEW MEXICO
1,317,161	928,518	8,854	2,254,533	343,167	4,997,392	NEW YORK
853,891	264,590	61,750	1,180,231	136,725	2,497,849	NORTH CAROLINA
779,506	612,796	21,759	1,414,061	192,622	2,925,169	NORTHWESTERN
730,172	379,601	83,313	1,193,086	509,433	3,196,739	NOTRE DAME
580,044	318,846	71,375	970,265	89,369	2,540,738	OHIO STATE
381,846	139,002	31,129	551,977	76,772	1,344,392	OKLAHOMA
334,953	158,155	39,297	532,405	48,604	1,291,985	OREGON
1,049,982	682,653	45,315	1,777,950	192,085	3,667,638	PENNSYLVANIA
494,002	221,903	66,542	782,447	49,556	1,632,188	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
450,001	213,553	41,853	705,407	491,875	2,005,251	PITTSBURGH
156,159	213,841	32,542	402,542	27,709	1,033,006	QUEEN'S
538,128	441,066	20,105	999,299	40,795	1,833,498	RUTGERS - Camden
685,549	606,137	79,545	1,371,231	109,160	2,083,119	RUTGERS - Newark
162,089	175,977	17,771	355,836	UA/NA	954,726	SASKATCHEWAN
469,682	365,019	33,582	868,283	539,649	2,256,196	SOUTH CAROLINA
786,211	359,714	90,163	1,236,088	197,997	2,257,219	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
416,147	283,196	42,470	741,813	166,028	1,734,051	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS
836,241	216,044	78,882	1,131,167	277,764	2,505,397	SUNY-BUFFALO
528,414	192,185	37,795	758,394	133,154	2,024,517	SYRACUSE
589,974	198,927	117,328	906,229	239,685	1,941,224	TEMPLE
670,226	355,674	111,981	1,137,881	139,198	2,252,037	TENNESSEE
909,929	580,479	66,229	1,556,637	685,543	3,431,316	TEXAS
428,202	537,179	55,159	1,020,540	539,914	2,662,422	TEXAS TECH
386,680	267,908	48,018	702,606	128,964	1,521,461	TORONTO
582,394	254,389	91,978	928,761	157,931	1,901,498	TULANE
500,290	286,100	84,357	870,747	78,608	1,850,398	UTAH
401,666	332,197	36,862	770,725	171,213	1,984,799	VANDERBILT
934,099	604,936	33,180	1,572,215	363,334	3,352,566	VIRGINIA
977,633	549,512	71,661	1,598,806	179,925	2,915,429	WASHINGTON
649,934	218,123	63,087	931,144	223,985	2,223,905	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS
156,192	85,534	14,869	256,596	16,992	816,056	WESTERN ONTARIO
833,677	263,982	104,151	1,201,810	112,257	2,340,423	WISCONSIN
1,422,232	1,025,128	60,756	2,508,116	390,000	5,284,264	YALE

SUMMARY DATA

3,216,614	2,068,896	349,770	5,370,564	1,024,555	9,636,134	High
682,266	393,797	74,724	1,159,650	221,204	2,600,300	Mean
581,295	315,670	59,001	931,144	133,544	2,252,037	Median
156,159	80,435	8,433	256,596	6,757	816,056	Low
51,852,190	29,928,577	5,679,033	89,293,077	16,369,107	200,223,137	Sum
76	76	76	77	74	77	Number of Libraries

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES, 2004-05

EXPENDITURES FOR ELECTRONIC RESOURCES

(Survey Question #)		Computer Files	Electronic Serials	Total E-Materials	Total Materials	E-Materials As % Of Lib. Materials
		(21)	(22)	(21 + 22)	(15)	
INSTITUTION	Notes					
ALABAMA	BG+	186,160	147,318	333,478	1,485,295	22.45
ALBERTA	G+	UA/NA	228,949	228,948	1,064,746	21.50
ARIZONA	BG	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	817,036	UA/NA
ARIZONA STATE	G+	262	149,563	149,825	884,918	16.93
BOSTON	G	101,000	122,433	223,433	1,539,461	14.51
BOSTON COLLEGE	BG	1,085	339,842	340,927	1,185,747	28.75
BRIGHAM YOUNG	BG+	UA/NA	82,028	82,027	950,330	8.63
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	G+	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	2,284,408	UA/NA
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	G+	5,575	72,943	78,518	901,705	8.71
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	G	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	1,722,248	UA/NA
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	G	0	144,301	144,301	1,547,441	9.33
CHICAGO	G+	0	UA/NA	UA/NA	1,712,670	UA/NA
CINCINNATI	G+	0	75,177	75,177	855,934	8.78
COLORADO	G+	0	121,322	121,322	1,077,260	11.26
COLUMBIA	BG	40,000	192,503	232,503	1,955,124	11.89
CONNECTICUT	G	39,521	120,072	159,593	1,247,371	12.79
CORNELL	G+	0	79,152	79,152	1,272,052	6.22
DUKE	B	UA/NA	143,410	143,409	1,639,933	8.74
EMORY	+	99	176,877	176,976	989,925	17.88
FLORIDA	+	UA/NA	282,769	282,768	836,916	33.79
FLORIDA STATE	G+	0	190,119	190,119	838,081	22.69
GEORGE WASHINGTON	BG+	0	232,720	232,720	2,534,453	9.18
GEORGETOWN	BG	85,048	325,927	410,975	2,747,716	14.96
GEORGIA	G	308,101	225,893	533,994	1,481,136	36.05
HARVARD	G+	232,481	UA/NA	232,480	3,188,670	7.29
HAWAII	G	9,895	67,304	77,199	755,288	10.22
HOUSTON	BG+	UA/NA	205,937	205,936	1,475,872	13.95
HOWARD	B+	0	89,923	89,923	648,150	13.87
ILLINOIS, URBANA	G	0	158,500	158,500	925,190	17.13
INDIANA	G	0	136,473	136,473	1,280,540	10.66
IOWA	G+	UA/NA	121,152	121,151	2,483,974	4.88
KANSAS	G+	0	92,073	92,073	713,841	12.90
KENTUCKY	G	0	62,515	62,515	968,027	6.46
LOUISIANA STATE		755	248,206	248,961	1,091,926	22.80
LOUISVILLE	G+	UA/NA	75,606	75,605	1,362,441	5.55
MCGILL	G+	54,613	78,708	133,321	716,652	18.60
MIAMI	G+	0	0	0	2,087,222	UA/NA
MICHIGAN	G+	108,500	64,832	173,332	2,620,131	6.62
MICHIGAN STATE	G+	24,500	164,401	188,901	887,909	21.27
MINNESOTA	BG+	11,021	114,556	125,577	1,550,397	8.10
MISSOURI	BG	182,624	144,815	327,439	447,471	73.18
MONTREAL	G+	UA/NA	98,907	98,906	643,178	15.38

+ - See Footnotes

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

G - Government documents not included in serials count

B - Includes branch campuses

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES, 2004-05

EXPENDITURES FOR ELECTRONIC RESOURCES

Bibl. Utilities, Networks, and Consortia		Hardware And Software	Document Delivery/ Interlibrary Loan	(Survey Question #)
Library	External			
(23a)	(23b)	(24)	(25)	INSTITUTION
11,950	UA/NA	1,673	375	ALABAMA
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	ALBERTA
UA/NA	UA/NA	54,785	103	ARIZONA
7,795	0	34,195	967	ARIZONA STATE
28,745	0	39,322	4,009	BOSTON
0	0	35,951	97	BOSTON COLLEGE
0	UA/NA	1,335	UA/NA	BRIGHAM YOUNG
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
14,526	UA/NA	26,012	206	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
9,711	0	120,098	0	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
16,850	0	14,137	2,884	CHICAGO
7,762	UA/NA	55,182	1,255	CINCINNATI
46,020	0	2,146	2,585	COLORADO
61,348	0	86,794	20,897	COLUMBIA
20,894	UA/NA	47,502	12,078	CONNECTICUT
UA/NA	UA/NA	23,650	7,332	CORNELL
13,859	0	28,566	392	DUKE
UA/NA	14,856	4,165	2,305	EMORY
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	FLORIDA
0	48,660	42,340	1,153	FLORIDA STATE
0	53,000	64,766	20,709	GEORGE WASHINGTON
57,730	UA/NA	128,835	33,964	GEORGETOWN
309,600	UA/NA	62,296	76	GEORGIA
17,410	UA/NA	177,219	10,622	HARVARD
40,802	0	UA/NA	UA/NA	HAWAII
35,721	UA/NA	31,914	1,853	HOUSTON
36,397	0	21,164	104	HOWARD
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	ILLINOIS, URBANA
8,193	UA/NA	0	0	INDIANA
27,522	UA/NA	19,055	5,630	IOWA
10,142	0	22,528	405	KANSAS
5,000	0	14,348	382	KENTUCKY
22,668	17,826	35,713	2,776	LOUISIANA STATE
5,000	UA/NA	23,063	206	LOUISVILLE
0	0	47,696	1,784	MCGILL
50,000	0	61,926	391	MIAMI
69,083	0	70,651	11,618	MICHIGAN
14,086	UA/NA	29,606	1,726	MICHIGAN STATE
9,127	0	24,818	1,690	MINNESOTA
0	UA/NA	49,016	0	MISSOURI
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	MONTREAL

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES, 2004-05

EXPENDITURES FOR ELECTRONIC RESOURCES

(Survey Question #)		Computer Files	Electronic Serials	Total E-Materials	Total Materials	E-Materials As % Of Lib. Materials
		(21)	(22)	(21 + 22)	(15)	
INSTITUTION	Notes					
NEBRASKA	G	0	67,554	67,554	628,766	10.74
NEW MEXICO	BG+	99,000	159,850	258,850	408,422	63.38
NEW YORK	G+	952	230,000	230,952	2,363,692	9.77
NORTH CAROLINA	G	200	138,599	138,799	1,171,557	11.85
NORTHWESTERN	G+	21,021	194,562	215,583	1,284,832	16.78
NOTRE DAME	G	0	187,154	187,154	1,473,263	12.70
OHIO STATE	G	4,694	178,149	182,843	1,451,588	12.60
OKLAHOMA	G	0	129,469	129,469	707,769	18.29
OREGON	BG+	0	77,043	77,043	701,822	10.98
PENNSYLVANIA	G	0	180,184	180,184	1,650,700	10.92
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	G	0	60,121	60,121	781,821	7.69
PITTSBURGH	BG	20	179,565	179,585	791,623	22.69
QUEEN'S	B+	UA/NA	106,854	106,853	599,731	17.82
RUTGERS - Camden	BG+	0	22,107	22,107	787,563	2.81
RUTGERS - Newark	G+	0	93,673	93,673	589,816	15.88
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	593,854	UA/NA
SOUTH CAROLINA		0	114,784	114,784	838,236	13.69
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	BG	UA/NA	57,243	57,242	804,624	7.11
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	G	0	57,980	57,980	815,748	7.11
SUNY-BUFFALO	G	2,776	81,525	84,301	1,076,856	7.83
SYRACUSE	G	UA/NA	200,697	200,696	1,126,172	17.82
TEMPLE	G	0	94,579	94,579	779,690	12.13
TENNESSEE		0	159,811	159,811	966,851	16.53
TEXAS	G+	100,000	104,741	204,741	1,173,643	17.44
TEXAS TECH	+	0	288,929	288,929	1,087,512	26.57
TORONTO	G+	UA/NA	109,521	109,520	678,917	16.13
TULANE	+	0	147,000	147,000	806,414	18.23
UTAH	G	135	80,187	80,322	889,534	9.03
VANDERBILT	+	0	343,387	343,387	1,029,441	33.36
VIRGINIA	G+	0	333,352	333,352	1,396,573	23.87
WASHINGTON	G	UA/NA	160,260	160,259	1,110,857	14.43
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	G+	0	229,322	229,322	1,059,336	21.65
WESTERN ONTARIO	G+	UA/NA	28,476	28,475	525,908	5.41
WISCONSIN	G	3,073	141,683	144,756	1,016,752	14.24
YALE	BG	0	120,000	120,000	2,323,077	5.17

SUMMARY DATA

High	308,101	343,387	533,994	3,188,670	73.18
Mean	57,968	146,223	167,024	1,206,646	15.87
Median	16,021	137,536	147,000	1,059,336	13.69
Low	20	22,107	22,107	408,422	2.81
Totals	1,623,111	10,235,586	11,858,683	92,911,745	
Number of Libraries	28	70	71	77	71

+ - See Footnotes

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

G - Government documents not included in serials count

B - Includes branch campuses

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES, 2004-05

EXPENDITURES FOR ELECTRONIC RESOURCES

Bibl. Utilities, Networks, and Consortia		Hardware And Software	Document Delivery/ Interlibrary Loan	(Survey Question #) INSTITUTION
Library	External			
(23a)	(23b)	(24)	(25)	
0	4,726	35,187	0	NEBRASKA
25,276	15,000	7,464	1,101	NEW MEXICO
53,000	UA/NA	75,000	UA/NA	NEW YORK
0	0	0	434	NORTH CAROLINA
10,388	0	33,748	5,107	NORTHWESTERN
0	26,709	46,180	3,515	NOTRE DAME
25,000	UA/NA	11,755	2,234	OHIO STATE
7,235	0	12,571	14	OKLAHOMA
3,365	0	11,341	20	OREGON
UA/NA	UA/NA	114,889	UA/NA	PENNSYLVANIA
0	0	44,689	735	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
UA/NA	6,975	4,645	4,518	PITTSBURGH
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	QUEEN'S
4,752	UA/NA	3,304	2,500	RUTGERS - Camden
12,876	UA/NA	36,451	4,313	RUTGERS - Newark
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	SASKATCHEWAN
13,884	0	153,185	2,235	SOUTH CAROLINA
5,000	0	3,588	1,943	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
864	0	75,864	0	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	SUNY-BUFFALO
23,000	0	7,542	450	SYRACUSE
8,912	UA/NA	74,901	889	TEMPLE
0	19,649	5,796	456	TENNESSEE
13,334	0	289,516	241	TEXAS
16,595	0	220,431	649	TEXAS TECH
UA/NA	UA/NA	64,969	UA/NA	TORONTO
12,405	0	39,120	3,611	TULANE
23,696	3,000	3,971	253	UTAH
7,763	0	9,542	3,534	VANDERBILT
20,000	2,077	93,883	21,088	VIRGINIA
14,212	UA/NA	45,955	1,286	WASHINGTON
31,933	0	98,360	3,688	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	WESTERN ONTARIO
10,000	UA/NA	23,774	743	WISCONSIN
0	270,000	60,000	10,000	YALE

SUMMARY DATA

309,600	270,000	289,516	33,964	High
26,560	40,207	50,158	3,967	Mean
14,212	16,413	35,832	1,726	Median
864	2,077	1,335	14	Low
1,301,431	482,478	3,210,088	226,131	Sum
49	12	64	57	Number of Libraries

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES, 2004-05

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

(Survey Question #)		Professional Staff (FTE)	Support Staff (FTE)	Student Assistants (FTE)	Total Staff (FTE)	Staffed Service Points	Service Hours Per Week
		(26a)	(26b)	(26c)	(26)	(27)	(28)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
ALABAMA	BG+	9	7	6	22	2	110
ALBERTA	G+	3	9	1	13	2	84
ARIZONA	BG	9	12	1	22	2	99
ARIZONA STATE	G+	8	11	2	21	3	111
BOSTON	G	10	15	8	33	3	102
BOSTON COLLEGE	BG	14	9	5	28	2	105
BRIGHAM YOUNG	BG+	11	3	13	27	3	105
CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	G+	15	25	15	55	UA/NA	UA/NA
CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	G+	7	11	2	20	2	78
CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	G	13	12	5	30	1	95
CASE WESTERN RESERVE	G	14	18	9	41	2	UA/NA
CHICAGO	G+	10	17	3	30	2	90
CINCINNATI	G+	9	7	2	18	3	82
COLORADO	G+	9	11	2	22	2	109
COLUMBIA	BG	21	25	7	53	2	102
CONNECTICUT	G	12	12	3	27	3	87
CORNELL	G+	10	13	5	28	2	80
DUKE	B	10	12	5	27	2	104
EMORY	+	10	8	3	21	2	UA/NA
FLORIDA	+	8	19	8	35	2	95
FLORIDA STATE	G+	10	8	5	23	5	89
GEORGE WASHINGTON	BG+	20	21	7	48	3	110
GEORGETOWN	BG	26	45	18	89	6	107
GEORGIA	G	9	14	0	23	3	103
HARVARD	G+	45	70	6	121	UA/NA	UA/NA
HAWAII	G	5	4	7	16	2	94
HOUSTON	BG+	14	10	10	34	2	UA/NA
HOWARD	B+	10	10	10	30	2	115
ILLINOIS, URBANA	G	9	6	5	20	2	102
INDIANA	G	11	9	5	25	4	115
IOWA	G+	16	16	6	38	3	106
KANSAS	G+	7	6	12	25	2	105
KENTUCKY	G	7	7	4	18	2	100
LOUISIANA STATE		9	11	9	29	4	101
LOUISVILLE	G+	5	8	5	18	1	80
MCGILL	G+	5	9	1	15	2	83
MIAMI	G+	14	15	7	36	2	111
MICHIGAN	G+	11	29	13	53	3	112
MICHIGAN STATE	G+	10	4	8	22	2	109
MINNESOTA	BG+	14	11	9	34	3	81
MISSOURI	BG	7	8	4	19	5	73
MONTREAL	G+	5	11	0	16	3	89

+ - See Footnotes

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

G - Government documents not included in serials count

B - Includes branch campuses

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES, 2004-05

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

Presentations		Reference	Initial	Total	ILL/DD		(Survey Question #) INSTITUTION
Groups*	Participants*	Transactions*	Circulation	Circulation	Loaned	Borrowed	
(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	
25	300	2,817	4,945	6,222	350	102	ALABAMA
6	75	5,049	UA/NA	17,439	UA/NA	UA/NA	ALBERTA
170	1,057	6,166	3,550	4,577	163	84	ARIZONA
64	1,697	16,224	5,559	24,170	669	1,265	ARIZONA STATE
278	2,837	7,718	7,731	21,876	362	531	BOSTON
379	1,232	2,024	7,681	13,499	645	624	BOSTON COLLEGE
409	8,288	4,321	8,589	13,935	77	24	BRIGHAM YOUNG
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	15,735	36,288	79	135	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY
79	1,044	14,880	12,014	14,359	164	765	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS
97	1,049	4,783	13,627	47,802	UA/NA	UA/NA	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES
54	1,086	1,177	3,713	6,220	392	1,386	CASE WESTERN RESERVE
205	1,891	7,670	36,136	38,859	58	428	CHICAGO
31	341	15,041	6,169	10,326	116	157	CINCINNATI
94	1,833	5,456	5,956	7,926	812	1,251	COLORADO
436	3,490	20,852	21,332	33,910	6,151	1,355	COLUMBIA
83	483	5,847	6,399	11,560	757	1,920	CONNECTICUT
137	3,135	9,840	14,728	20,698	1,572	1,210	CORNELL
109	683	4,400	24,370	36,166	1,056	1,023	DUKE
36	363	4,963	4,167	6,685	530	1,038	EMORY
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	5,810	11,926	309	152	FLORIDA
111	872	7,341	5,471	11,757	384	544	FLORIDA STATE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	6,357	9,534	1,619	1,548	GEORGE WASHINGTON
182	4,858	9,089	16,916	41,572	3,692	3,396	GEORGETOWN
27	1,190	4,300	4,127	7,160	524	101	GEORGIA
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	67,946	1,009	1,670	HARVARD
91	471	2,800	2,617	7,265	62	26	HAWAII
39	1,350	3,328	2,558	4,487	220	974	HOUSTON
64	768	1,191	1,164	1,417	741	841	HOWARD
11	744	2,165	4,185	5,422	UA/NA	UA/NA	ILLINOIS, URBANA
128	2,413	74,152	19,532	42,031	1,115	740	INDIANA
153	1,521	8,212	UA/NA	26,234	1,070	701	IOWA
48	500	7,005	10,000	15,500	972	245	KANSAS
146	3,460	4,638	9,164	14,701	437	254	KENTUCKY
28	1,367	4,934	2,695	3,199	402	135	LOUISIANA STATE
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	LOUISVILLE
21	114	8,470	25,865	41,151	661	0	MCGILL
371	6,806	23,240	9,107	17,916	439	724	MIAMI
60	1,553	5,407	24,763	49,085	616	1,519	MICHIGAN
70	1,510	4,808	5,286	9,396	306	240	MICHIGAN STATE
190	1,220	10,230	19,415	24,130	2,646	417	MINNESOTA
150	1,500	2,350	3,245	4,103	1,287	641	MISSOURI
66	1,060	19,744	23,025	39,062	373	409	MONTREAL

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

* Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count.

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES, 2004-05

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

(Survey Question #)		Professional Staff (FTE)	Support Staff (FTE)	Student Assistants (FTE)	Total Staff (FTE)	Staffed Service Points	Service Hours Per Week
		(26a)	(26b)	(26c)	(26)	(27)	(28)
INSTITUTION	Notes						
NEBRASKA	G	5	8	4	17	2	109
NEW MEXICO	BG+	6	10	2	18	1	90
NEW YORK	G+	13	30	31	74	6	91
NORTH CAROLINA	G	13	9	4	26	2	109
NORTHWESTERN	G+	12	19	1	32	4	105
NOTRE DAME	G	10	13	9	32	2	95
OHIO STATE	G	8	10	5	23	2	107
OKLAHOMA	G	7	6	5	18	2	96
OREGON	BG+	6	5	3	14	2	107
PENNSYLVANIA	G	16	20	3	39	2	111
PENNSYLVANIA STATE	G	7	8	4	19	1	86
PITTSBURGH	BG	8	10	5	23	2	101
QUEEN'S	B+	3	7	2	12	2	95
RUTGERS - Camden	BG+	7	11	1	19	2	103
RUTGERS - Newark	G+	11	16	5	32	3	111
SASKATCHEWAN	G+	3	7	1	11	2	85
SOUTH CAROLINA		7	11	3	21	3	111
SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	BG	8	10	6	24	3	100
SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	G	6	11	3	20	3	78
SUNY-BUFFALO	G	13	7	7	27	3	103
SYRACUSE	G	10	9	5	24	2	104
TEMPLE	G	10	6	6	22	2	96
TENNESSEE		9	14	7	30	2	112
TEXAS	G+	15	21	5	41	5	77
TEXAS TECH	+	8	19	4	31	3	106
TORONTO	G+	6	9	4	19	2	88
TULANE	+	10	10	7	27	2	113
UTAH	G	8	11	5	24	4	100
VANDERBILT	+	7	12	2	21	5	UA/NA
VIRGINIA	G+	13	15	2	30	6	112
WASHINGTON	G	16	14	5	35	3	89
WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	G+	9	11	6	26	2	120
WESTERN ONTARIO	G+	4	3	1	8	1	78
WISCONSIN	G	12	11	7	30	3	104
YALE	BG	28	23	14	65	5	86

SUMMARY DATA

High	45	70	31	121	6	120
Mean	11	13	6	29	3	99
Median	10	11	5	25	2	102
Low	3	3	1	8	1	73
Totals	815	1,004	440	2,259	199	
Number of Libraries	77	77	75	77	75	71

+ - See Footnotes

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

G - Government documents not included in serials count

B - Includes branch campuses

ARL LAW LIBRARY DATA TABLES, 2004-05

PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

Presentations		Reference Transactions*	Initial Circulation	Total Circulation	ILL/DD		(Survey Question #) INSTITUTION
Groups*	Participants*				Loaned	Borrowed	
(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	
12	117	4,045	11,193	13,980	642	265	NEBRASKA
99	1,439	6,380	4,794	10,212	256	444	NEW MEXICO
69	1,001	16,102	15,064	53,725	964	1,776	NEW YORK
155	2,272	5,651	3,189	4,518	730	305	NORTH CAROLINA
145	1,483	5,934	10,549	17,371	1,732	2,607	NORTHWESTERN
UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA	11,511	17,435	812	979	NOTRE DAME
155	600	7,133	15,177	30,266	335	232	OHIO STATE
135	483	2,334	2,050	2,877	127	319	OKLAHOMA
46	536	2,254	3,380	4,891	UA/NA	UA/NA	OREGON
278	4,578	6,131	14,439	16,427	274	1,333	PENNSYLVANIA
536	560	8,723	9,394	10,665	807	803	PENNSYLVANIA STATE
93	1,860	1,902	3,693	5,656	426	181	PITTSBURGH
13	325	2,144	7,398	8,255	UA/NA	UA/NA	QUEEN'S
13	276	4,104	4,478	4,611	98	234	RUTGERS - Camden
25	307	11,350	4,982	13,025	74	215	RUTGERS - Newark
25	1,070	2,900	9,610	13,926	469	61	SASKATCHEWAN
50	700	20,000	3,633	4,821	164	362	SOUTH CAROLINA
362	362	2,880	6,522	10,453	112	367	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA
159	292	2,950	2,177	3,943	1,063	83	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS
122	1,980	15,200	26,509	29,475	944	833	SUNY-BUFFALO
111	1,865	9,887	4,505	6,493	272	199	SYRACUSE
100	1,339	24,250	5,822	6,822	16	31	TEMPLE
UA/NA	UA/NA	3,914	UA/NA	3,390	169	96	TENNESSEE
40	906	9,200	15,633	31,585	433	417	TEXAS
52	1,489	3,019	7,067	11,296	207	342	TEXAS TECH
103	1,892	18,834	13,054	21,918	1,001	298	TORONTO
52	617	6,125	3,519	4,562	568	952	TULANE
222	1,215	15,652	11,458	19,919	790	395	UTAH
148	221	9,400	7,351	11,494	400	195	VANDERBILT
24	420	18,400	35,759	60,232	1,467	UA/NA	VIRGINIA
140	2,483	UA/NA	UA/NA	48,496	1,381	1,393	WASHINGTON
269	1,165	UA/NA	8,754	19,106	791	1,621	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS
74	2,035	3,319	9,127	9,581	312	0	WESTERN ONTARIO
118	1,188	UA/NA	9,900	15,690	583	583	WISCONSIN
80	1,140	6,015	27,252	52,101	848	1,043	YALE

SUMMARY DATA

536	8,288	74,152	36,136	67,946	6,151	3,396	High
124	1,463	8,805	10,319	18,773	734	699	Mean
96	1,153	5,975	7,681	13,713	524	436	Median
6	75	1,177	1,164	1,417	16	24	Low
8,673	102,377	598,764	732,646	1,426,728	52,104	47,539	Sum
70	70	68	71	76	71	68	Number of Libraries

UA/NA - Unavailable or Not Applicable

* - Figures in italics are derived from a sampling method rather than an actual annual count.

RANK ORDER TABLE 1 – VOLUMES IN LIBRARY

INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY VOLUMES	TOTAL VOLUMES	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY VOLUMES	TOTAL VOLUMES	LAW % OF TOTAL
1	HARVARD	1,723,645	15,555,533	11.08	40	ALABAMA	313,064	2,518,290	12.43
2	COLUMBIA	857,110	9,277,042	9.24	41	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	302,865	3,921,704	7.72
3	YALE	856,609	12,025,695	7.12	42	KANSAS	302,420	4,121,573	7.34
4	NEW YORK	775,655	4,939,724	15.70	43	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	301,659	2,471,504	12.21
5	TEXAS	770,056	8,937,002	8.62	44	SUNY-BUFFALO	291,191	3,390,583	8.59
6	IOWA	762,886	4,551,217	16.76	45	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	287,968	3,490,356	8.25
7	MINNESOTA	702,828	6,587,430	10.67	46	COLORADO	281,784	3,554,826	*
8	MICHIGAN	677,337	8,133,917	8.33	47	CINCINNATI	279,155	3,123,318	8.94
9	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	673,633	9,985,905	6.75	48	SOUTH CAROLINA	279,077	3,478,256	8.02
10	CHICAGO	650,401	7,363,549	8.83	49	MISSOURI	271,831	3,249,783	8.36
11	VIRGINIA	622,598	5,053,162	12.32	50	ARIZONA STATE	268,780	4,156,732	6.47
12	ILLINOIS, URBANA	613,747	10,370,777	5.92	51	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	268,055	5,031,196	5.33
13	PENNSYLVANIA	585,948	5,760,065	10.17	52	ARIZONA	259,345	5,340,726	4.86
14	NORTHWESTERN	562,601	4,603,824	12.22	53	KENTUCKY	255,456	3,286,731	7.77
15	OHIO STATE	559,917	5,936,434	9.43	54	FLORIDA STATE	243,724	2,889,810	8.43
16	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	548,963	8,064,896	6.81	55	NEBRASKA	235,402	2,942,946	8.00
17	GEORGETOWN	540,626	2,473,208	21.86	56	BOSTON COLLEGE	234,492	2,124,242	11.04
18	CORNELL	518,351	7,644,371	6.78	57	NEW MEXICO	233,970	2,666,970	8.77
19	VANDERBILT	466,693	3,056,707	15.27	58	LOUISVILLE	232,797	2,015,752	11.55
20	INDIANA	448,644	7,241,929	6.20	59	UTAH	230,426	3,230,854	7.13
21	LOUISIANA STATE	437,498	3,406,434	12.84	60	TULANE	227,252	2,403,728	9.45
22	DUKE	433,241	5,560,966	7.79	61	EMORY	216,053	3,107,525	6.95
23	WASHINGTON	412,027	6,639,850	6.21	62	PITTSBURGH	214,339	4,786,175	4.48
24	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	402,523	3,694,504	10.90	63	SYRACUSE	210,477	3,161,529	6.66
25	MIAMI	401,939	2,571,045	15.63	64	QUEEN'S	208,193	2,437,168	8.54
26	HOUSTON	397,380	2,357,009	16.86	65	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	207,492	2,999,736	6.92
27	TEMPLE	395,779	3,016,007	13.12	66	TORONTO	204,442	10,342,574	1.98
28	WISCONSIN	395,634	7,911,834	5.00	67	OKLAHOMA	204,112	4,796,089	4.26
29	GEORGIA	375,103	4,179,316	8.98	68	HOWARD	194,084	2,388,073	8.13
30	BOSTON	354,342	2,427,253	14.60	69	WESTERN ONTARIO	192,911	3,085,319	6.25
31	GEORGE WASHINGTON	343,755	2,167,871	15.86	70	TEXAS TECH	190,649	2,465,796	7.73
32	NOTRE DAME	334,157	3,185,926	10.49	71	OREGON	178,135	2,643,035	6.74
33	RUTGERS LAW-NEWARK	329,318	4,169,347	7.90	72	MONTREAL	177,354	3,057,166	5.80
34	BRIGHAM YOUNG	328,381	3,621,577	9.07	73	MCGILL	176,364	3,568,651	4.94
35	FLORIDA	327,491	4,137,528	7.92	74	SASKATCHEWAN	165,399	1,976,606	8.37
36	TENNESSEE	324,441	2,971,837	10.92	75	HAWAII	126,569	3,410,468	*
37	NORTH CAROLINA	324,273	5,710,686	5.68	76	MICHIGAN STATE	123,789	4,830,861	2.56
38	CONNECTICUT	313,921	3,247,976	9.67	77	ALBERTA	UA/NA	6,190,396	UA/NA
39	RUTGERS LAW-CAMDEN	313,226	4,169,347	7.51					

* Did not include a Law Library in the ARL Statistics 2004-05

RANK ORDER TABLE 2 – VOLUMES ADDED (GROSS)

INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY VOLUMES	TOTAL VOLUMES	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY VOLUMES	TOTAL VOLUMES	LAW % OF TOTAL
1	MINNESOTA	25,726	148,474	17.33	40	MICHIGAN STATE	7,125	60,188	11.84
2	HARVARD	24,689	429,344	5.75	41	NORTH CAROLINA	6,972	119,474	5.84
3	HOUSTON	23,161	44,841	51.65	42	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	6,862	81,008	8.47
4	MIAMI	21,474	80,204	26.77	43	BOSTON COLLEGE	6,679	55,116	12.12
5	IOWA	21,032	118,346	17.77	44	TEMPLE	6,278	44,143	14.22
6	VANDERBILT	19,922	72,520	27.47	45	BOSTON	6,245	47,070	13.27
7	YALE	19,272	302,604	6.37	46	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	6,165	26,268	23.47
8	GEORGETOWN	18,983	77,272	24.57	47	BRIGHAM YOUNG	6,150	86,125	7.14
9	KANSAS	17,439	83,469	20.89	48	ARIZONA	6,120	103,576	5.91
10	CHICAGO	15,020	165,351	9.08	49	UTAH	5,945	67,556	8.80
11	PENNSYLVANIA	14,786	105,875	13.97	50	NEW MEXICO	5,847	56,162	10.41
12	TEXAS	13,886	147,811	9.39	51	NEBRASKA	5,807	61,649	9.42
13	MICHIGAN	13,501	189,373	7.13	52	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	5,736	43,765	13.11
14	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	13,309	192,944	6.90	53	RUTGERS LAW-NEWARK	5,695	76,198	7.47
15	COLUMBIA	12,791	223,923	5.71	54	TULANE	5,626	51,814	10.86
16	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	12,150	110,858	10.96	55	LOUISVILLE	5,603	83,157	6.74
17	ALABAMA	12,129	57,476	21.10	56	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	5,513	63,817	8.64
18	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	12,098	57,710	20.96	57	SYRACUSE	5,271	44,840	11.76
19	NORTHWESTERN	11,741	89,205	13.16	58	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	5,256	57,786	9.10
20	VIRGINIA	11,351	77,249	14.69	59	MCGILL	5,219	68,311	7.64
21	WASHINGTON	10,504	120,914	8.69	60	FLORIDA STATE	5,184	33,874	15.30
22	DUKE	10,180	73,037	13.94	61	RUTGERS LAW-CAMDEN	4,993	76,198	6.55
23	TEXAS TECH	9,892	64,585	15.32	62	MONTREAL	4,594	81,449	5.64
24	OHIO STATE	9,856	124,288	7.93	63	ARIZONA STATE	4,519	72,240	6.26
25	NEW YORK	9,760	108,920	8.96	64	FLORIDA	4,461	64,670	6.90
26	NOTRE DAME	9,759	67,696	14.42	65	SOUTH CAROLINA	4,275	42,928	9.96
27	MISSOURI	9,664	51,179	18.88	66	KENTUCKY	4,140	77,597	5.34
28	TENNESSEE	9,562	64,013	14.94	67	CINCINNATI	4,094	87,762	4.66
29	INDIANA	9,270	133,295	6.95	68	EMORY	4,051	87,371	4.64
30	ILLINOIS, URBANA	9,216	179,898	5.12	69	OKLAHOMA	3,918	63,849	6.14
31	GEORGE WASHINGTON	9,087	54,646	16.63	70	SASKATCHEWAN	3,851	57,844	6.66
32	COLORADO	8,742	78,213	*	71	HAWAII	3,787	54,437	*
33	SUNY-BUFFALO	8,556	48,556	17.62	72	TORONTO	3,759	269,669	1.39
34	CORNELL	8,474	136,758	6.20	73	OREGON	3,689	33,110	11.14
35	LOUISIANA STATE	8,254	57,259	14.42	74	WESTERN ONTARIO	3,055	32,907	9.28
36	PITTSBURGH	8,207	153,774	5.34	75	QUEEN'S	1,371	31,930	4.29
37	WISCONSIN	7,676	124,409	6.17	76	HOWARD	1,173	32,345	3.63
38	CONNECTICUT	7,523	42,220	17.82	77	ALBERTA	UA/NA	166,508	UA/NA
39	GEORGIA	7,347	77,062	9.53					

* Did not include a Law Library in the ARL Statistics 2004-05

RANK ORDER TABLE 3 – CURRENT SERIALS (TOTAL)

INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY SERIALS	TOTAL SERIALS	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY SERIALS	TOTAL SERIALS	LAW % OF TOTAL
1	HARVARD	15,303	98,773	15.49	40	OKLAHOMA	4,914	44,975	10.93
2	VIRGINIA	11,275	53,370	21.13	41	BOSTON	4,905	33,983	14.43
3	MINNESOTA	10,486	43,303	24.22	42	OHIO STATE	4,868	34,745	14.01
4	LOUISIANA STATE	10,445	58,461	17.87	43	UTAH	4,804	40,446	11.88
5	IOWA	10,048	50,214	20.01	44	FLORIDA STATE	4,468	42,076	10.62
6	YALE	9,993	76,022	13.14	45	ARIZONA	4,435	33,575	13.21
7	MICHIGAN	9,903	124,809	7.93	46	SOUTH CAROLINA	4,354	53,610	8.12
8	GEORGETOWN	9,640	29,254	32.95	47	HAWAII	4,313	26,605	*
9	INDIANA	9,060	70,672	12.82	48	GEORGE WASHINGTON	4,304	18,909	22.76
10	ILLINOIS, URBANA	9,006	88,650	10.16	49	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	4,250	41,273	10.30
11	CHICAGO	8,878	43,396	20.46	50	RUTGERS LAW-CAMDEN	4,194	50,229	8.35
12	TEXAS	8,322	46,857	17.76	51	BRIGHAM YOUNG	4,121	27,805	14.82
13	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	8,291	78,236	10.60	52	KANSAS	4,088	50,992	8.02
14	PENNSYLVANIA	8,279	43,931	18.85	53	ARIZONA STATE	4,031	33,122	12.17
15	CORNELL	7,981	80,633	9.90	54	MICHIGAN STATE	3,960	37,832	10.47
16	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	7,923	93,256	8.50	55	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	3,960	43,083	9.19
17	SUNY-BUFFALO	7,711	34,965	22.05	56	KENTUCKY	3,908	30,250	12.92
18	FLORIDA	7,184	70,882	10.14	57	HOUSTON	3,449	21,845	15.79
19	GEORGIA	7,097	48,227	14.72	58	ALABAMA	3,368	32,796	10.27
20	DUKE	7,016	32,963	21.28	59	SYRACUSE	3,364	20,637	16.30
21	NEW YORK	6,909	54,024	12.79	60	NEW MEXICO	3,239	13,337	24.29
22	MIAMI	6,868	38,432	17.87	61	RUTGERS LAW-NEWARK	3,160	50,229	6.29
23	NOTRE DAME	6,866	22,866	30.03	62	TEMPLE	3,056	26,979	11.33
24	VANDERBILT	6,805	33,883	20.08	63	BOSTON COLLEGE	2,951	52,338	5.64
25	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	6,730	68,445	9.83	64	TEXAS TECH	2,831	42,860	6.61
26	NORTH CAROLINA	6,725	53,444	12.58	65	OREGON	2,814	18,826	14.95
27	TENNESSEE	6,650	36,231	18.35	66	TULANE	2,806	16,588	16.92
28	EMORY	6,480	36,898	17.56	67	NEBRASKA	2,771	44,105	6.28
29	COLUMBIA	6,472	89,452	7.24	68	PITTSBURGH	2,672	43,441	6.15
30	MCGILL	6,192	49,433	12.53	69	MISSOURI	2,589	36,502	7.09
31	WISCONSIN	6,173	60,457	10.21	70	TORONTO	2,463	67,675	3.64
32	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	6,109	44,806	13.63	71	QUEEN'S	2,047	21,921	9.34
33	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	5,883	37,809	15.56	72	ALBERTA	2,003	41,947	4.78
34	CONNECTICUT	5,661	50,066	11.31	73	CINCINNATI	1,958	37,668	5.20
35	WASHINGTON	5,550	55,932	9.92	74	WESTERN ONTARIO	1,417	45,424	3.12
36	NORTHWESTERN	5,452	41,693	13.08	75	MONTREAL	1,372	43,707	3.14
37	LOUISVILLE	5,410	23,575	22.95	76	HOWARD	1,205	11,317	10.65
38	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	5,235	26,965	19.41	77	SASKATCHEWAN	UA/NA	25,881	UA/NA
39	COLORADO	5,035	28,310	*					

* Did not include a Law Library in the ARL Statistics 2004-05

RANK ORDER TABLE 4 – TOTAL LIBRARY EXPENDITURES

INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY EXP.	TOTAL EXP.	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY EXP.	TOTAL EXP.	LAW % OF TOTAL
1	HARVARD	9,636,134	102,895,429	9.36	40	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	2,223,905	36,484,185	6.10
2	GEORGETOWN	6,930,202	22,614,466	30.64	41	RUTGERS LAW-NEWARK	2,083,119	30,255,527	6.89
3	MICHIGAN	5,786,268	47,113,239	12.28	42	COLORADO	2,071,024	18,549,099	*
4	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	5,419,184	51,392,142	10.54	43	LOUISVILLE	2,040,454	16,612,024	12.28
5	YALE	5,284,264	68,789,335	7.68	44	EMORY	2,029,446	29,951,903	6.78
6	NEW YORK	4,997,392	38,184,768	13.09	45	SYRACUSE	2,024,517	13,995,085	14.47
7	GEORGE WASHINGTON	4,954,626	20,210,171	24.52	46	PITTSBURGH	2,005,251	27,884,821	7.19
8	COLUMBIA	4,645,139	50,451,496	9.21	47	VANDERBILT	1,984,799	21,396,174	9.28
9	IOWA	4,166,977	24,648,673	16.91	48	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	1,963,099	17,694,123	11.09
10	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	3,802,988	14,597,197	26.05	49	TEMPLE	1,941,224	15,273,023	12.71
11	MINNESOTA	3,705,115	34,866,483	10.63	50	BRIGHAM YOUNG	1,921,617	24,971,681	7.70
12	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	3,686,185	46,012,476	8.01	51	TULANE	1,901,498	13,262,398	14.34
13	PENNSYLVANIA	3,667,638	32,150,410	11.41	52	UTAH	1,850,398	22,833,522	8.10
14	MIAMI	3,523,198	20,562,774	17.13	53	RUTGERS LAW-CAMDEN	1,833,498	30,255,527	6.06
15	TEXAS	3,431,316	38,942,773	8.81	54	ARIZONA STATE	1,813,164	24,581,554	7.38
16	VIRGINIA	3,352,566	32,994,275	10.16	55	MICHIGAN STATE	1,795,335	22,811,257	7.87
17	NOTRE DAME	3,196,739	19,249,304	16.61	56	FLORIDA STATE	1,781,842	15,385,125	11.58
18	CHICAGO	3,176,430	27,743,553	11.45	57	CINCINNATI	1,772,514	21,992,639	8.06
19	BOSTON	3,053,463	18,533,846	16.48	58	ARIZONA	1,765,179	27,342,719	6.46
20	DUKE	2,942,829	29,865,742	9.85	59	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	1,734,051	14,589,368	11.89
21	NORTHWESTERN	2,925,169	26,491,033	11.04	60	HAWAII	1,683,350	14,586,000	*
22	WASHINGTON	2,915,429	35,761,401	8.15	61	ILLINOIS, URBANA	1,639,850	35,440,902	4.63
23	GEORGIA	2,735,492	22,679,865	12.06	62	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	1,632,188	46,249,051	3.53
24	BOSTON COLLEGE	2,713,040	16,880,163	16.07	63	KENTUCKY	1,615,388	19,807,985	8.16
25	TEXAS TECH	2,662,422	20,733,480	12.84	64	ALBERTA	1,605,769	26,769,667	6.00
26	CONNECTICUT	2,562,679	22,980,420	11.15	65	HOWARD	1,587,168	10,012,937	15.85
27	HOUSTON	2,549,212	16,319,001	15.62	66	NEW MEXICO	1,576,722	19,193,337	8.21
28	OHIO STATE	2,540,738	26,954,787	9.43	67	TORONTO	1,521,461	53,099,301	2.87
29	SUNY-BUFFALO	2,505,397	18,760,076	13.35	68	KANSAS	1,376,341	19,311,819	7.13
30	NORTH CAROLINA	2,497,849	32,489,076	7.69	69	MCGILL	1,366,924	24,980,527	5.47
31	FLORIDA	2,475,499	26,216,130	9.44	70	OKLAHOMA	1,344,392	18,569,766	7.24
32	LOUISIANA STATE	2,469,280	13,712,738	18.01	71	OREGON	1,291,985	13,371,795	9.66
33	CORNELL	2,441,511	41,541,659	5.88	72	MONTREAL	1,263,384	24,702,567	5.11
34	WISCONSIN	2,340,423	39,482,889	5.93	73	MISSOURI	1,205,551	14,252,068	8.46
35	INDIANA	2,320,619	30,725,103	7.55	74	NEBRASKA	1,130,540	15,016,679	7.53
36	ALABAMA	2,263,539	13,587,699	16.66	75	QUEEN'S	1,033,006	14,352,701	7.20
37	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	2,257,219	33,494,903	6.74	76	SASKATCHEWAN	954,726	12,524,891	7.62
38	SOUTH CAROLINA	2,256,196	18,349,790	12.30	77	WESTERN ONTARIO	816,056	16,040,986	5.09
39	TENNESSEE	2,252,037	21,871,331	10.30					

* Did not include a Law Library in the ARL Statistics 2004-05

RANK ORDER TABLE 5 – TOTAL STAFF

	INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY STAFF	TOTAL STAFF	LAW % OF TOTAL		INSTITUTION	LAW LIBRARY STAFF	TOTAL STAFF	LAW % OF TOTAL
1	HARVARD	121	1,198	10.10	40	KANSAS	25	292	8.56
2	GEORGETOWN	89	265	33.58	41	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	24	376	6.38
3	NEW YORK	74	433	17.09	42	SYRACUSE	24	227	10.57
4	YALE	65	702	9.26	43	UTAH	24	356	6.74
5	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	55	624	8.81	44	FLORIDA STATE	23	245	9.39
6	COLUMBIA	53	602	8.80	45	GEORGIA	23	308	7.47
7	MICHIGAN	53	596	8.89	46	OHIO STATE	23	423	5.44
8	GEORGE WASHINGTON	48	249	19.28	47	PITTSBURGH	23	357	6.44
9	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	41	150	27.33	48	ALABAMA	22	206	10.68
10	TEXAS	41	572	7.17	49	ARIZONA	22	340	6.47
11	PENNSYLVANIA	39	400	9.75	50	COLORADO	22	217	*
12	IOWA	38	298	12.75	51	MICHIGAN STATE	22	290	7.59
13	MIAMI	36	273	13.19	52	TEMPLE	22	212	10.38
14	FLORIDA	35	435	8.05	53	ARIZONA STATE	21	340	6.18
15	WASHINGTON	35	468	7.48	54	EMORY	21	299	7.02
16	HOUSTON	34	198	17.17	55	SOUTH CAROLINA	21	270	7.78
17	MINNESOTA	34	404	8.42	56	VANDERBILT	21	252	8.33
18	BOSTON	33	307	10.75	57	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	20	269	7.43
19	NORTHWESTERN	32	340	9.41	58	ILLINOIS, URBANA	20	515	3.88
20	NOTRE DAME	32	252	12.70	59	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	20	211	9.48
21	RUTGERS LAW-NEWARK	32	461	6.94	60	MISSOURI	19	200	9.50
22	TEXAS TECH	31	320	9.69	61	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	19	625	3.04
23	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	30	604	4.97	62	RUTGERS LAW-CAMDEN	19	461	4.12
24	CHICAGO	30	308	9.74	63	TORONTO	19	663	2.87
25	HOWARD	30	167	17.96	64	CINCINNATI	18	240	7.50
26	TENNESSEE	30	286	10.49	65	KENTUCKY	18	281	6.41
27	VIRGINIA	30	374	8.02	66	LOUISVILLE	18	187	9.63
28	WISCONSIN	30	588	5.10	67	NEW MEXICO	18	283	6.36
29	LOUISIANA STATE	29	195	14.87	68	OKLAHOMA	18	220	8.18
30	BOSTON COLLEGE	28	206	13.59	69	NEBRASKA	17	211	8.06
31	CORNELL	28	540	5.19	70	HAWAII	16	202	*
32	BRIGHAM YOUNG	27	380	7.11	71	MONTREAL	16	394	4.06
33	CONNECTICUT	27	220	12.27	72	MCGILL	15	276	5.43
34	DUKE	27	342	7.89	73	OREGON	14	215	6.51
35	SUNY-BUFFALO	27	265	10.19	74	ALBERTA	13	317	4.10
36	TULANE	27	192	14.06	75	QUEEN'S	12	172	6.98
37	NORTH CAROLINA	26	430	6.05	76	SASKATCHEWAN	11	159	6.92
38	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	26	298	8.72	77	WESTERN ONTARIO	8	199	4.02
39	INDIANA	25	442	5.66					

* Did not include a Law Library in the *ARL Statistics 2004-05*

RANK ORDER TABLE 6 – TOTAL ELECTRONIC MATERIALS

INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY E-MATERIAL	TOTAL E- MATERIAL	LAW % OF TOTAL	INSTITUTION		LAW LIBRARY E-MATERIAL	TOTAL E- MATERIAL	LAW % OF TOTAL
1	GEORGIA	533,994	4,920,528	10.85	40	NORTH CAROLINA	138,799	1,716,429	8.09
2	GEORGETOWN	410,975	2,237,579	18.37	41	INDIANA	136,473	4,121,438	3.31
3	VANDERBILT	343,387	4,127,501	8.32	42	MCGILL	133,321	5,844,445	2.28
4	BOSTON COLLEGE	340,927	2,110,452	16.15	43	OKLAHOMA	129,469	2,480,580	5.22
5	ALABAMA	333,478	2,637,709	12.64	44	MINNESOTA	125,577	4,509,110	2.78
6	VIRGINIA	333,352	3,193,088	10.44	45	COLORADO	121,322	4,419,033	*
7	MISSOURI	327,439	2,259,707	14.49	46	IOWA	121,151	4,044,185	3.00
8	TEXAS TECH	288,929	2,183,952	13.23	47	YALE	120,000	4,864,808	2.47
9	FLORIDA	282,768	4,398,168	6.43	48	SOUTH CAROLINA	114,784	2,911,445	3.94
10	NEW MEXICO	258,850	2,004,185	12.92	49	TORONTO	109,520	3,153,805	3.47
11	LOUISIANA STATE	248,961	1,057,160	23.55	50	QUEEN'S	106,853	3,464,480	3.08
12	GEORGE WASHINGTON	232,720	2,206,549	10.55	51	MONTREAL	98,906	4,034,046	2.45
13	COLUMBIA	232,503	6,877,655	3.38	52	TEMPLE	94,579	3,727,567	2.54
14	HARVARD	232,480	4,370,397	5.32	53	RUTGERS LAW-NEWARK	93,673	3,682,157	2.54
15	NEW YORK	230,952	5,407,551	4.27	54	KANSAS	92,073	1,867,884	4.93
16	WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS	229,322	4,315,729	5.31	55	HOWARD	89,923	1,553,660	5.79
17	ALBERTA	228,948	6,324,354	3.62	56	SUNY-BUFFALO	84,301	3,699,962	2.28
18	BOSTON	223,433	1,412,656	15.82	57	BRIGHAM YOUNG	82,027	2,098,655	3.91
19	NORTHWESTERN	215,583	5,550,551	3.88	58	UTAH	80,322	726,637	11.05
20	HOUSTON	205,936	1,526,255	13.49	59	CORNELL	79,152	5,016,414	1.58
21	TEXAS	204,741	4,500,006	4.55	60	CALIFORNIA, DAVIS	78,518	3,144,841	2.50
22	SYRACUSE	200,696	2,595,344	7.73	61	HAWAII	77,199	2,264,524	*
23	FLORIDA STATE	190,119	2,190,436	8.68	62	OREGON	77,043	1,707,286	4.51
24	MICHIGAN STATE	188,901	3,683,654	5.13	63	LOUISVILLE	75,605	2,171,175	3.48
25	NOTRE DAME	187,154	4,014,625	4.66	64	CINCINNATI	75,177	4,774,066	1.57
26	OHIO STATE	182,843	4,577,236	3.99	65	NEBRASKA	67,554	2,343,090	2.88
27	PENNSYLVANIA	180,184	4,088,788	4.41	66	KENTUCKY	62,515	2,725,662	2.29
28	PITTSBURGH	179,585	4,905,252	3.66	67	PENNSYLVANIA STATE	60,121	8,013,755	0.75
29	EMORY	176,976	3,590,667	4.93	68	SOUTHERN ILLINOIS	57,980	2,635,654	2.20
30	MICHIGAN	173,332	UA/NA	UA/NA	69	SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA	57,242	3,774,856	1.52
31	WASHINGTON	160,259	4,282,093	3.74	70	WESTERN ONTARIO	28,475	5,716,109	0.50
32	TENNESSEE	159,811	2,213,433	7.22	71	RUTGERS LAW-CAMDEN	22,107	3,682,157	0.60
33	CONNECTICUT	159,593	3,834,318	4.16	72	MIAMI	0	2,832,175	UA/NA
34	ILLINOIS, URBANA	158,500	3,277,386	4.84	73	CHICAGO	UA/NA	3,755,812	UA/NA
35	ARIZONA STATE	149,825	4,549,116	3.29	74	ARIZONA	UA/NA	5,102,800	UA/NA
36	TULANE	147,000	1,945,541	7.56	74	CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY	UA/NA	UA/NA	UA/NA
37	WISCONSIN	144,756	2,525,686	5.73	74	CALIFORNIA, LOS ANGELES	UA/NA	2,988,834	UA/NA
38	CASE WESTERN RESERVE	144,301	2,590,935	5.57	74	SASKATCHEWAN	UA/NA	2,597,108	UA/NA
39	DUKE	143,409	3,737,332	3.84					

* Did not include a Law Library in the ARL Statistics 2004-05

ARL STATISTICS 2004-05 LAW LIBRARY WORKSHEET

This worksheet is designed to help you plan your submission for the 2004-05 *ARL Statistics*. Include here ONLY those libraries which would appear in the *ARL Academic Law Library Statistics* publication.

Please respond to all questions. If an exact figure is unavailable, use "NA/UA". If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use "0."

Reporting Institution _____ Date Returned to ARL _____

Report Prepared by (name) _____

Title _____

Email address _____ Phone number _____

Contact person (if different) _____

Title _____

Email address _____ Phone number _____

PAGE ONE – VOLUMES

1. Volumes held June 30, 2005

1a. Volumes held June 30, 2004 (1.a) _____

1b. Volumes added during the year

(i) Volumes added – Gross (1.b.i) _____

(ii) Volumes withdrawn during year (1.b.ii) _____

(Net Volumes Added: 1.b.i – 1.b.ii) (1.b) _____

(Volumes held June 30, 2005: 1.a + 1.b) (1) _____

2. Number of monographic volumes purchased (2) _____

3. Basis of volume count is: (3) _____ Physical
_____ Bibliographic

PAGE TWO – OTHER COLLECTIONS

SERIALS

4. Total number of current serials received, including periodicals

4a. Number of current serials purchased (4a) _____

4b. Number of current serials received but not purchased (4b) _____
(Exchanges, gifts, deposits, etc. See instructions.)

(Total serials received: 4.a + 4.b) (4) _____

5. Government documents are included in count of Current Serials? (5) ____ Yes ____ No

OTHER LIBRARY MATERIALS

6. Microform units (6) _____

7. Government documents not counted elsewhere (7) _____

8. Computer files (8) _____

9. Manuscripts and archives (linear ft.) (9) _____

AUDIOVISUAL MATERIALS

10. Cartographic (10) _____

11. Graphic (11) _____

12. Audio (12) _____

13. Film and Video (13) _____

PAGE THREE – EXPENDITURES

14. Are the below figures reported in Canadian dollars? (14) _____ Yes
_____ No

15. Total Library Materials Expenditures

15a. Monographs (15a) _____

15b. Current serials, including periodicals (15b) _____

15c. Other Library Materials (15c) _____

15d. Miscellaneous (15d) _____

(Total library materials: 15.a + 15.b + 15.c + 15.d) (15) _____

16. Contract binding (16) _____

17. Total Salaries and Wages

17a. Professional staff (17a) _____

17b. Support staff (17b) _____

17c. Student assistants (17c) _____

(Total salaries and wages: 17.a + 17.b + 17.c) (17) _____

18. Fringe benefits are included in expenditures for salaries and wages? (18) _____ Yes
_____ No

19. Other operating expenditures (19) _____

20. Total library expenditures (15 + 16 + 17 + 19) (20) _____

ELECTRONIC MATERIALS EXPENDITURES

21. Computer files (One-time/monographic purchases.) (21) _____

22. Electronic serials (22) _____

23. Bibliographic Utilities, Networks, and Consortia

23a. From internal library sources (23a) _____

23b. From external sources (23b) _____

24. Computer hardware and software (24) _____

25. Document Delivery/Interlibrary Loan (25) _____

PAGE FOUR – PERSONNEL AND PUBLIC SERVICES

PERSONNEL (Round figures to nearest whole number.)

26. Total Staff FTE

26a. Professional staff (26a) _____

26b. Support staff (26b) _____

26c. Student assistants (26c) _____

(Total staff FTE: 26.a + 26.b + 26.c) (26) _____

STAFFED SERVICE POINTS AND HOURS

27. Number of staffed library service points (27) _____

28. Number of weekly public service hours (28) _____

INSTRUCTION

29. Number of library presentations to groups (29) _____

29a. Figure based on sampling? (29a) _____ Yes _____ No

30. Number of total participants in group presentations reported in line 29

(30) _____

30a. Figure based on sampling? (30a) _____ Yes _____ No

REFERENCE

31. Number of reference transactions (31) _____

31a. Figure based on sampling? (31a) _____ Yes _____ No

PAGE FIVE – PUBLIC SERVICES AND LOCAL CHARACTERISTICS

CIRCULATION

32. Number of initial circulations (excluding reserves) (32) _____

33. Total circulations (initial and renewals, excluding reserves) (33) _____

INTERLIBRARY LOANS

34. Total number of filled requests provided to other libraries (34) _____

35. Total number of filled requests received from other libraries or providers
(35) _____

Ph.D. DEGREES AND FACULTY

36. Number of Ph.D.s awarded in FY2004-05 (36) _____

37. Number of fields in which Ph.D.s can be awarded (37) _____

38. Number of full-time instructional faculty in FY2004-05 (38) _____

ENROLLMENT – FALL 2004

(Line numbers refer to IPEDS survey form.)

39. Full-time students, undergraduate and graduate (39) _____
(Add line 8, columns 15 & 16, and line 14, columns 15 & 16.)

40. Part-time students, undergraduate and graduate (40) _____
(Add line 22, columns 15 & 16, and line 28, columns 15 & 16.)

41. Full-time graduate students *(Line 14, columns 15 & 16.)* (41) _____

42. Part-time graduate students *(Line 28, columns 15 & 16.)* (42) _____

FOOTNOTES

On the web form, you will be able to add footnotes to individual questions, as well as footnotes that apply to your entire institution. Please provide any information which would clarify the figures submitted, e.g., the inclusion of branch campus libraries or special projects which cause radical increases or decreases from the 2003-04 data. **The form will not be able to provide your institution's 2003-04 footnotes.** Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly.

Submit the completed questionnaire by **December 20, 2005.**

For assistance, please e-mail Martha Kyrillidou (martha@arl.org) or Mark Young (stats-ra@arl.org)
Tel. (202) 296-2296.

ARL STATISTICS QUESTIONNAIRE, 2004-05

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE QUESTIONNAIRE

General Instructions

Definitions of statistical categories can be found in NISO Z39.7-2004, *Information Services and Use: Metrics & statistics for libraries and information providers--Data Dictionary* (<http://www.niso.org/emetrics/current/index.html>). ARL has been modifying the interpretation of the standard definitions to address questions posed by the library staff at various member institutions that complete the survey and with feedback from the ARL Statistics and Assessment Committee (<http://www.arl.org/stats/program/meeting.html>).

Please do not use decimals. All figures should be rounded to the nearest whole number.

Please respond to every question. If an exact figure cannot be provided, use NA/UA to indicate that the figure is either unavailable or not applicable. If the appropriate answer is zero or none, use **0**.

Although the form allows for data to be entered from both main and branch campuses, an effort should be made to report figures for the main campus only. (The U.S. National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) defines a **branch institution** as “a campus or site of an educational institution that is not temporary, is located in a community beyond a reasonable commuting distance from its parent institution, and offers organized programs of study, not just courses.”) If figures for libraries at branch campuses are reported, please specify which branch libraries are included and which ones are excluded in the notes below.

A **branch library** is defined as an auxiliary library service outlet with quarters separate from the central library of an institution, which has a basic collection of books and other materials, a regular staffing level, and an established schedule. A branch library is administered either by the central library or (as in the case of some law and medical libraries) through the administrative structure of other units within the university. Departmental study/reading rooms are not included.

The questionnaire assumes a fiscal year ending **June 30, 2005**. If your fiscal year is different, please indicate this in the notes below by adjusting the reporting period.

Footnotes. Explanatory footnotes will be included with the published statistics. Provide any notes you may have in the footnotes area at the end of the survey. Reporting libraries are urged to record there any information that would clarify the figures submitted in that line, e.g., the inclusion and exclusion of branch campus libraries. Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly.

Specific Instructions

Question 1. Volumes in Library. Use the ANSI/NISO Z39.7-2004 definition for **volume** as follows:

a single physical unit of any printed, typewritten, handwritten, mimeographed, or processed work, distinguished from other units by a separate binding, encasement, portfolio, or other clear distinction, which has been cataloged, classified, and made ready for use, and which is typically the unit used to charge circulation transactions. Either a serial volume is bound, or it comprises the serial issues that would be bound together if the library bound all serials.

Include duplicates and bound volumes of periodicals. For purposes of this questionnaire, unclassified bound serials arranged in alphabetical order are considered classified. Exclude microforms, maps, nonprint materials, and uncataloged items. If any of these items cannot be excluded, please provide an explanatory footnote

Include government document volumes that are accessible through the library's catalogs regardless of whether they are separately shelved. "Classified" includes documents arranged by Superintendent of Documents, CODOC, or similar numbers. "Cataloged" includes documents for which records are provided by the library or downloaded from other sources into the library's card or online catalogs. Documents should, to the extent possible, be counted as they would if they were in bound volumes (e.g., 12 issues of an annual serial would be one or two volumes). Title and piece counts should not be considered the same as volume counts. If a volume count has not been kept, it may be estimated through sampling a representative group of title records and determining the corresponding number of volumes, then extrapolating to the rest of the collection. As an alternative, an estimate may be made using the following formulae:

$$\begin{array}{l} 52 \text{ documents pieces per foot} \\ 10 \text{ "traditional" volumes per foot} \\ 5.2 \text{ documents pieces per volume} \end{array}$$

Include e-book units, as long as these e-books have been purchased and are owned by your library. If you have access to netLibrary titles as a result of participating in various consortia, **do not** report these e-books as your library's property unless the e-books actually belong to your library. If the books were purchased by a consortium, they may belong to the consortium itself and not to the participating libraries. Report only the number of e-books that belong to your library and are cataloged, classified and made ready for use. Provide a footnote explaining how many e-books you are reporting, preferably by specifying the products and the number of titles in a note.

For information on how to count items housed in remote storage, see the Interim Guidelines for Counting Materials Housed in Library Storage Centers, at <http://www.arl.org/stats/arlstat/storage.html> .

If either formulas or sampling are used for deriving your count, please indicate in a footnote.

Question 1b. Volumes Added. Include only volumes cataloged, classified, and made ready for use. Include government documents if they have been included in the count of volumes on line 1a. Do not include as part of Volumes Added Gross any government documents or other collections (such as large gift collections or e-book packages) that were added to the collection as the result of a one time download or addition to the OPAC. Include these items in Volumes Held of the previous year (Line 1a) and provide a footnote explaining the revision of Line 1a.

Include e-book units, as long as these e-books have been purchased and are owned by your library. If you have access to netLibrary titles as a result of participating in various consortia, **do not** report these e-books as your library's property unless the e-books actually belong to your library. If the books were purchased by a consortium, they may belong to the consortium itself and not to the participating libraries. Report only the number of e-books that belong to your library and are cataloged, classified and made ready for use. Provide a footnote explaining how many e-books you are reporting, preferably by specifying the products and the number of titles in a note.

Question 2. Monographic Volumes Purchased. Report number of volumes purchased; do not include volumes received or cataloged. Include all volumes for which an expenditure was made during 2004-05, including volumes paid for in advance but not received during the fiscal year. Include monographs in series and continuations. Include e-books that fit the netLibrary model, i.e., electronic manifestations of physical entities and/or units; provide a footnote explaining how many e-books you are reporting, preferably by specifying the products and the number of titles. If only number of titles purchased can be reported, please report the data and provide an explanatory footnote.

Question 3: Basis of Volume Count. A physical count is a piece count; a bibliographic count is a catalog record count.

Questions 4-5. Serials. Report the total number of subscriptions, not titles. Include duplicate subscriptions and, to the extent possible, all government document serials even if housed in a separate documents collection. Verify the inclusion or exclusion of document serials in Question 5. Exclude unnumbered monographic and publishers' series.

Electronic serials acquired as part of an aggregated package (e.g., Project MUSE, BioOne, ScienceDirect) should be counted by title. A **serial** is

a publication in any medium issued in successive parts bearing numerical or chronological designations and intended to be continued indefinitely. This definition includes periodicals, newspapers, and annuals (reports, yearbooks, etc.); the journals, memoirs, proceedings, transactions, etc. of societies; and numbered monographic series.

In the case of consortial agreements, count under Q4a only those subscriptions to titles for which the library pays directly from its budgeted expenditures reported under Q15b (expenditures for serials). Count under Q4a only those titles and subscriptions for which your library pays. Report other subscriptions that your library receives and does not pay for directly under Q4b (serials received and not purchased). If a purchased subscription includes electronic access to the title, count that subscription twice: once for the print version and once for the electronic version. If serials have been purchased through a consortium whose budget is centrally funded and independent from the library's budget, these serials should be reported under Q4b.

Do not include the full-text serials from such indexing/abstracting products as Wilson Social Sciences Abstracts Full Text, Lexis-Nexis, ABI/INFORM, and other indexes with access to the full text of articles. These full-text titles are counted in in the ARL Supplementary Statistics.

Question 4b. Serials: Not Purchased. Record those serials whose subscriptions were received without purchase for whatever reason. If separate counts of nonpurchased and purchased serials are not available, report only the total number of current serials received on line 4, and report U/A for lines 4a and 4b.

Question 6. Microforms. Report the total number of physical units: reels of microfilm, microcards, and microprint and microfiche sheets. Include all government documents in microform; provide a footnote if documents are excluded.

Question 7. Government documents. Report the total number of physical units (pieces) of government documents in paper format that have not been counted elsewhere. Include local, state, national, and international documents; include documents purchased from a commercial source if shelved with separate documents collections and not counted above. Include serials and monographs. To estimate pieces from a measurement of linear feet, use the formula $1 \text{ foot} = 52 \text{ pieces}$ and indicate in a footnote that the count is based on this estimate. Exclude microforms and nonprint formats such as maps or CD-ROMs. Adjust line 1a, i.e., last year's Volumes Held, and provide a footnote if you are adding records to the OPAC for government documents previously held but not counted as part of Volumes Held (line 1a).

Question 8. Computer files. Include the number of pieces of computer-readable disks, tapes, CD-ROMs, and similar machine-readable files comprising data or programs that are locally held as part of the library's collections available to library clients. Examples are U.S. Census data tapes, sample research software, locally-mounted databases, and reference tools on CD-ROM, tape or disk. Exclude bibliographic records used to manage the collection (i.e., the library's own catalog in machine-readable form), library system software, and microcomputer software used only by the library staff.

Question 9. Manuscripts and archives. Include both manuscripts and archives measured in linear feet.

Question 10. Cartographic materials. Include the numbers of pieces of two- and three-dimensional maps and globes. Include satellite and aerial photographs and images.

Question 11. Graphic materials. Include the number of pieces of prints, pictures, photographs, postcards, slides, transparencies, film strips, and the like.

Question 12. Audio materials. Include the number of pieces of audiocassettes, phonodiscs, audio compact discs, reel-to-reel tapes, and other sound recordings.

Question 13. Film and video materials. Include the number of pieces of motion pictures, videocassettes, video laser discs, and similar visual materials.

Questions 14-20. Expenditures. Report all expenditures of funds that come to the library from the regular institutional budget, and from sources such as research grants, special projects, gifts and endowments, and fees for service. (For question 17, include non-library funds; see instruction Q17.) Do not report encumbrances of funds that have not yet been expended. **Canadian libraries should report expenditures in Canadian dollars.** (For your information, if interested in determining figures in U.S. dollars, divide Canadian dollar amounts by 1.24971, the average monthly noon exchange rate published in the Bank of Canada *Review* for the period July 2004-June 2005.) **Please round figures to the nearest dollar.**

Question 15a. Monographs. Report expenditures for volumes counted on line 2.

Question 15b. Current Serials. Report expenditures for serials counted on line 4a. Exclude unnumbered monographic and publishers' series, and encumbrances.

Question 15c. Other library materials. Include expenditures for all materials not reported in Questions 15a and 15b, e.g., backfiles of serials, charts and maps, audiovisual materials, manuscripts, etc. If expenditures for these materials are included in lines 15a and/or 15b and cannot be disaggregated, please report U/A and provide a footnote. Do not include encumbrances.

Question 15d. Miscellaneous expenditures. Include any other **materials funds expenditures** not included in questions 15a-c, e.g., expenditures for bibliographic utilities, literature searching, security devices, memberships for the purposes of publications, etc. Please list categories, with amounts, in a footnote. **Note:** If your library does not use materials funds for non-materials expenditures—i.e., such expenditures are included in "Other Operating Expenditures"—**report 0, not U/A**, on line 15d.

Question 16. Contract Binding. Include only contract expenditures for binding done outside the library. If all binding is done in-house, state this fact and give in-house expenditures in a footnote; do not include personnel expenditures. (This figure should also be reported in the 2004-05 ARL Preservation Survey, question 7b.)

Questions 17. Salaries and wages. Exclude fringe benefits. If professional and support staff salaries cannot be separated, enter U/A, on lines 17a and 17b and enter total staff on line 17.

Question 17c. Salaries and wages: Student Assistants. Report 100% of student wages regardless of budgetary source of funds. Include federal and local funds for work study students.

Question 19. Other operating expenditures. Exclude expenditures for buildings, maintenance, and fringe benefits.

Questions 21-25. Electronic materials expenditures. *These items are intended to indicate what portion of your institution's total library expenditures are dedicated to electronic resources and services. Please use the Footnotes to indicate any electronic materials expenditures you believe not to be covered by these questions. **Many expenditures recorded in these questions should have been included in Question 20, total library expenditures.***

Question 21. Computer files. *Report expenditures that are not current serials (i.e. are non-subscription, one-time, or monographic in nature) for software and machine-readable materials considered part of the collections. Examples include periodical backfiles, literature collections, one-time costs for JSTOR membership, etc. Expenditures reported here may be derived from any of the following categories: Monographs (Q15a), Other Library Materials (Q15c), Miscellaneous (Q15d), or Other Operating Expenditures (Q19).*

Question 22. Electronic Serials. Report subscription expenditures (or those which are expected to be ongoing commitments) for serial publications whose primary format is electronic and for online searches of remote databases such as OCLC FirstSearch, DIALOG, Lexis-Nexis, etc. Examples include paid subscriptions for electronic journals and indexes/abstracts available via the Internet, CD-ROM serials, and annual access fees for resources purchased on a "one-time" basis, such as literature collections, JSTOR membership, etc. Not all items whose expenditures are counted here will be included in Total Current Serials (Question 4) or Current Serial Expenditures (Question 15b).

Q23. Bibliographic Utilities, Networks, and Consortia. Because it is increasingly common for ARL Libraries to enter into consortial arrangements to purchase access to electronic resources, both “Library” and “External” expenditure blanks and instructions are provided. Please use a footnote to describe expenditures that you believe are not covered by the question, or situations that do not seem to fit the instructions.

Q23a. From internal library sources. Report expenditures paid by the Library for services provided by national, regional, and local bibliographic utilities, networks, and consortia, such as OCLC and RLG, unless for user database access and subscriptions, which should be reported in Questions 21 or 22. Include only expenditures that are part of Other Operating Expenditures (Q19).

Q23b. From external sources. If your library receives access to computer files, electronic serials or search services through one or more centrally-funded system or consortial arrangements for which it does not pay fully and/or directly (for example, funding is provided by the state on behalf of all members), enter the amount paid by external bodies on its behalf. If the specific dollar amount is not known, but the total student FTE for the consortium and amount spent for the academic members are known, divide the overall amount spent by your institution’s share of the total student FTE.

Q24. Computer hardware and software. Report expenditures from the library budget for computer hardware and software used to support library operations, whether purchased or leased, mainframe or microcomputer, and whether for staff or public use. Include expenditures for: maintenance; equipment used to run information service products when those expenditures can be separated from the price of the product; telecommunications infrastructure costs, such as wiring, hubs, routers, etc. Include only expenditures that are part of Other Operating Expenditures (Q19).

Q25. Document Delivery/Interlibrary Loan. Report expenditures for document delivery and interlibrary loan services (both borrowing and lending). Include fees paid for photocopies, costs of telefacsimile transmission, royalties and access fees paid to provide document delivery or interlibrary loan. Include fees paid to bibliographic utilities if the portion paid for interlibrary loan can be separately counted. Include only expenditures that are part of Miscellaneous Materials Expenditures (Q15d) or Other Operating Expenditures (Q19), and only for those ILL/DD programs with data recorded in Questions 34-35.

Questions 26. Personnel. Report the number of staff in filled positions, or positions that are only temporarily vacant. ARL defines temporarily vacant positions as positions that were vacated during the fiscal year for which ARL data were submitted, for which there is a firm intent to refill, and for which there are expenditures for salaries reported on line 17.

Include cost recovery positions and staff hired for special projects and grants, but provide an explanatory footnote indicating the number of such staff. If such staff cannot be included, provide a footnote. To compute full-time equivalents of part-time employees and student assistants, take the total number of hours per week (or year) worked by part-time employees in each category and divide it by the number of hours considered by the reporting library to be a full-time work week (or year). **Round figures to the nearest whole numbers.**

Question 26a. Professional Staff. Since the criteria for determining professional status vary among libraries, there is no attempt to define the term “professional.” Each library should report those staff members it considers professional, including, when appropriate, staff who are not librarians in the strict sense of the term, for example computer experts, systems analysts, or budget officers.

Question 26c. Student Assistants. Report the total FTE (see instruction Q26) of student assistants employed on an hourly basis whose wages are paid from funds under library control or from a budget other than the library’s, including federal work-study programs. Exclude maintenance and custodial staff.

Question 27. Number of staffed library service points. Count the number of staffed public service points in the main library and in all branch libraries reported in this inventory, including reference desks, information desks, circulation, current periodicals, reserve rooms, reprographic services (if staffed as a public facility), etc. Report the number of designated locations, not the number of staff.

Question 28. Number of weekly public service hours. Report an unduplicated count of the total public service hours per typical full-service week (i.e., no holidays or other special accommodations) across both main library and branches using the following method (corresponds to IPEDS): If a library is open from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, it should report 40 hours per week. If several of its branches are also open during these hours, the figure remains 40 hours per week. Should Branch A also be open one evening from 7:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m., the total hours during which users can find service somewhere within the system becomes 42 hours per week. If Branch B is open the same hours on the same evening, the count is still 42, but if Branch B is open two hours on another evening, or remains open two hours later, the total is then 44 hours per week. **Exclude 24-hour unstaffed reserve or similar reading rooms.** The maximum total is 168 (i.e., a staffed reading room open 7 days per week, 24 hours per day).

Questions 29-30. Instruction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Questions 29 and 30. Please indicate if responses are based on sampling.

Question 29. Presentations to Groups. Report the total number of sessions during the year of presentations made as part of formal bibliographic instruction programs and through other planned class presentations, orientation sessions, and tours. If the library sponsors multi-session or credit courses that meet several times over the course of a semester, each session should be counted. Presentations to groups may be for either bibliographic instruction, cultural, recreational, or educational purposes. Presentations both on and off the premises should be included as long as they are sponsored by the library. Do not include meetings sponsored by other groups using library meeting rooms. Do not include training for library staff; the purpose of this question is to capture information about the services the library provides for its clientele. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling.

Question 30. Participants in Group Presentations. Report the total number of participants in the presentations reported on line 29. For multi-session classes with a constant enrollment, count each person only once. Personal, one-to-one instruction in the use of sources should be counted as reference transactions on line 31. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling. Use a footnote to describe any special situations.

Question 31. Reference Transactions. Report the total number of reference transactions. A **reference transaction** is

an information contact that involves the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use of one or more information sources by a member of the library staff. The term includes information and referral service. Information sources include (a) printed and nonprinted material; (b) machine-readable databases (including computer-assisted instruction); (c) the library's own catalogs and other holdings records; (d) other libraries and institutions through communication or referral; and (e) persons both inside and outside the library. When a staff member uses information gained from previous use of information sources to answer a question, the transaction is reported as a reference transaction even if the source is not consulted again.

If a contact includes both reference and directional services, it should be reported as one reference transaction. Duration should not be an element in determining whether a transaction is a reference transaction. Sampling based on a typical week may be used to extrapolate TO A FULL YEAR for Question 31. Please indicate if the figure is based on sampling.

EXCLUDE SIMPLE DIRECTIONAL QUESTIONS. A directional transaction is an information contact that facilitates the logistical use of the library and that does not involve the knowledge, use, recommendations, interpretation, or instruction in the use of any information sources other than those that describe the library, such as schedules, floor plans, and handbooks.

Questions 32-33. Circulation. For Question 32, count the number of initial circulations during the fiscal year from the general collection for use usually (although not always) outside the library. Do not count renewals. Include circulations to and from remote storage facilities for library users (i.e., do not include transactions reflecting transfers or stages of technical processing). Count the total number of items lent, not the number of borrowers. For

Question 33, report total circulation for the fiscal year including initial transactions reported on line 32 and renewal transactions. Exclude reserve circulations; these are no longer reported.

Questions 34-35. Interlibrary Loans. Report the number of requests for material (both returnables and non-returnables) provided to other libraries on line 34 and the number of filled requests received from other libraries or providers on line 35. On both lines, include originals, photocopies, and materials sent by telefacsimile or other forms of electronic transmission. Include patron-initiated transactions. Exclude requests for materials locally owned and available on the shelves or electronically. Do not include transactions between libraries covered by this questionnaire.

Questions 36. Ph.D. Degrees. Report the number awarded during the 2004-05 fiscal year. Please note that only the number of Ph.D. degrees are to be counted. Statistics on all other advanced degrees (e.g., D.Ed., D.P.A., M.D., J.D.) should not be reported in this survey. If you are unable to provide a figure for Ph.D.s only, please add a footnote.

Question 37. Ph.D. Fields. For the purposes of this report, Ph.D. fields are defined as the specific discipline specialties enumerated in the U.S. Department of Education's Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) "Completions" Survey. Although the IPEDS form requests figures for all doctoral degrees, only fields in which Ph.D.s are awarded should be reported on the ARL questionnaire. Any exceptions should be footnoted.

Question 38. Instructional Faculty. Instructional faculty are defined by the U.S. Dept. of Education as

members of the instruction/research staff who are employed full-time as defined by the institution, including faculty with released time for research and faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time counts generally exclude faculty who are employed to teach fewer than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions; replacements for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave without pay; faculty for preclinical and clinical medicine; faculty who are donating their services; faculty who are members of military organizations and paid on a different pay scale from civilian employees; academic officers, whose primary duties are administrative; and graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses. Please be sure the number reported, and the basis for counting, are consistent with those for 2003-04 (unless in previous years faculty were counted who should have been excluded according to the above definition). Please footnote any discrepancies.

Questions 39-42. Enrollment. U.S. libraries should use the Fall 2004 enrollment figures reported to the Department of Education on the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System survey. Please check these figures against the enrollment figures reported to ARL last year to ensure consistency and accuracy. **Note:** In the past, the number of part-time students reported was FTE; the number now reported to IPEDS is a head count of part-time students. Canadian libraries should note that the category "graduate students" as reported here includes all post-baccalaureate students.

FOOTNOTES

Please consult the printed copy of the *ARL Statistics 2003-04* for a copy of last year's footnotes. A pdf version is available at: <http://www.arl.org/stats/arlstat/>. Explanatory footnotes will be included with the published statistics. Reporting libraries are urged to record in the footnote section any information that would clarify the figures submitted, e.g., the inclusion and exclusion of branch campus libraries (see the "General Instructions" for definition of branch campus libraries). Please make an effort to word your footnotes in a manner consistent with notes appearing in the published report, so that the ARL Office can interpret your footnotes correctly.

Submit the completed questionnaire
by **December 20, 2005.**

For assistance, please e-mail Martha Kyriallidou (martha@arl.org) or Mark Young (stats-ra@arl.org)
Tel. (202) 296-2296.

FOOTNOTES TO THE ARL ACADEMIC LAW LIBRARY STATISTICS, 2004-05

Footnotes may also include errata and corrections to data not previously reported from prior years. Numbers in parentheses refer to columns in Library Data Tables and to Questionnaire numbers.

QUESTION

NUMBER

NOTES

ALABAMA

All figures are as of September 30, 2005.

15c The library does not separate expenditures for microforms and audiovisual materials; these costs are included with monographs expenditures.

19 Includes bibliographic utilities, memberships, and literature searching.

ALBERTA

All figures are as of March 31, 2005.

1, 6 As there is no way to include the large amount of material sent to the remote storage facility, this would result in an inaccurate count of Law Library material.

2 Precise number of monographs purchased from 2000-01 onward is unavailable; all monographs purchased are included in gross volumes added (1bi).

12 This is a title count. 2003-04 figure was inaccurate.

15-25 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15a) \$324,460; (15b) \$1,006,164; (15c) UA/NA; (15d) UA/NA; (15) \$1,330,624; (16) \$7,125; (17a) \$205,790; (17b) \$446,525; (17c) \$16,681; (17) \$668,996; (19) UA/NA; (20) \$2,006,745; (21) UA/NA; (22) \$286,120; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) UA/NA; (25) UA/NA.

32 Initial circulations cannot be separated from renewals.

34 Due to use of Relais for collecting statistics, all requests funnel through one search queue which makes it difficult to provide breakdown for the Law Library.

ARIZONA STATE

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 267,737.

BRIGHAM YOUNG

All figures reflect the status of collections and expenditures as of December 31, 2004.

8 Figure reflects the Hunter Law Library only. The Lee Library no longer tracks this figure.

CALIFORNIA, BERKELEY

15d Data are included in monograph expenditures (15a).

CALIFORNIA, DAVIS

1b Increase due to fewer volumes withdrawn.

15a Increase due to an increase in number of volumes purchased, as well as in cost per volume.

29 Number of presentations for 2004-05 increased.

34 Decrease due to RLG ILL online system malfunctions; requests were not received for several weeks.

CHICAGO

29 Increase was the result of changing to small-group presentations.

34, 35 Figures represent items, not requests.

CINCINNATI

4 Figure is lower than in 2003-04, as a high number of OhioLINK journals were credited to the law library in 2003-04. With the current submission model, it is not possible to credit the law library with its access to

QUESTION
NUMBER

NOTES

OhioLINK journals separately. The OhioLINK component, therefore, is counted in the raw data only once, under the main library stats. That figure for 2004-05 is 4,663.

COLORADO

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 273,973.

CORNELL

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 509,948 to reflect the addition of 122 Manas Media E-books.

- 4 Includes some unnumbered monographic series. Estimate of e-serials includes non-current titles packaged with current titles.

17a-b, 26 In past years, exempt staff was counted as support staff. In 2004-05 they are counted as professional staff.

22 Figure is an estimate.

31 Increase due at least in part to greater outreach efforts.

32, 33 Includes Annex material charges made at Law, which were mistakenly excluded from 2001-02 to 2003-04. As in the past, includes ILL and some staff transactions.

EMORY

All figures are as of August 31, 2005.

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 213,585 to reflect the results of a physical recount, which included some actual shelf counts and some sampling.

6, 7, 12, 13 The Law Library did a physical recount this year which resulted in substantive changes to these data.

FLORIDA

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 323,030 to reflect a corrected count.

FLORIDA STATE

23b Estimate based on per student cost.

GEORGE WASHINGTON

1bii Decrease due to the completion of a major weeding project in 2003-04.

15 The Law School allocated additional funding in 2003-04 to develop the historical collection. 2004-05 funding remains consistent with previous years' allocations.

HARVARD

1bi Decrease due to fiscal constraints.

1bii Change in data due to large projects in past years that reviewed segments of the collection and removed items as needed. 2004-05 did not include such a project, only routine deaccessions.

19, 20 2003-04 figures were incorrect; data were correctly accounted for in 2004-05.

21 Increase due to costs associated with digital resources.

24 Decrease due to reduced expenditures for equipment replacement and maintenance.

26b Increase attributed to changes in accounting.

HOUSTON

All figures are as of August 30, 2005.

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 377,561. In addition, the Law Library had a significant decrease in the number of volumes added.

QUESTION
NUMBER

NOTES

HOWARD

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 193,639.

IOWA

2 Figure is estimated.

17a Excludes a 1/2 time Associate Dean of Research.

17c Includes government portion.

19 The library integrated system is paid for by Central Administration.

20 Excludes \$520,024 in fringe benefits.

33 Excludes 7,332 reserves.

KANSAS

4 It was determined that some serials had been double-counted in the past.

31 Fewer prisoner requests in 2004-05.

LOUISVILLE

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 243,881.

MCGILL

All figures are as of April 30, 2005.

15-25 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15a) \$351,358; (15b) \$455,906; (15c) \$73,374; (15d) \$14,969; (15) \$895,607; (16) \$23,600; (17a) \$363,187; (17b) \$313,200; (17c) \$10,539; (17) \$686,926; (19) \$102,125; (20) \$1,708,258; (21) \$68,251; (22) \$98,362; (23a) \$0; (23b) \$0; (24) \$59,606; (25) \$2,230.

MIAMI

All figures are as of May 31, 2005.

26a Excludes law library director's salary.

MICHIGAN

15d Includes ILL and preservation.

32 Includes reserves.

MICHIGAN STATE

15, 19 Expenditures reported here in 2003-04 are reported in Other Operating Expenditures (19) in 2004-05.

23b It should be noted that the MSU Libraries have access to a large number of electronic resources from several vendors through the Michigan eLibrary. These resources are provided to all residents of the State of Michigan through academic, school, and public libraries. Thus, meaningful figures on MSU's financial share of the total expenditure are unavailable.

MINNESOTA

11-13 Aggregated AV data unavailable; total AV holdings for Law Library are 576.

MONTREAL

All figures are as of May 31, 2005.

6 Decrease due to a recounting operation.

15-25 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15a) \$143,964; (15b) \$659,822; (15c) \$0; (15d) \$0; (15) \$803,786; (16) \$19,879; (17a) \$361,934; (17b) \$384,821; (17c) \$0; (17) \$746,755; (19) \$8,444; (20) \$1,578,864; (21) UA/NA; (22) \$123,605; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) UA/NA; (25) UA/NA.

<u>QUESTION NUMBER</u>	<u>NOTES</u>
----------------------------	--------------

NEW MEXICO

17a	Total differs from that reported for the 2005-06 <i>ARL Annual Salary Survey</i> , due to mid-year salary adjustments for two librarians.

NEW YORK

All figures are as of August 31, 2005.

NORTHWESTERN

All figures are as of August 31, 2005.

OREGON

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 175,165.

15c	These data included with expenditures for monographs (15a) and serials (15b).
25, 34-35	Excludes those ILL data for the Law Library that were included in the main library statistics and could not be separated out.

QUEEN'S

All figures are as of April 30, 2005.

15-25	Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15a) \$105,743; (15b) \$643,747; (15c) UA/NA; (15d) UA/NA; (15) \$749,490; (16) \$3,779; (17a) \$195,154; (17b) \$267,239; (17c) \$40,668; (17) \$503,061; (19) \$34,628; (20) \$1,290,958; (21) UA/NA; (22) \$133,536; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) UA/NA; (25) UA/NA.

RUTGERS-CAMDEN

10-13	Audiovisual Materials figures cannot be disaggregated. Total audiovisual is 122.

RUTGERS-NEWARK

10-13	Audiovisual Materials figures cannot be disaggregated. Total audiovisual is 1,164.

SASKATCHEWAN

All figures are as of April 30, 2005.

4	1,497 current serials could not be disaggregated from Main Library data.
15-25	Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15a) \$106,316; (15b) \$635,829; (15c) UA/NA; (15d) UA/NA; (15) \$742,145; (16) \$6,294; (17a) \$202,564; (17b) \$219,920; (17c) \$22,208; (17) \$444,692; (19) UA/NA; (20) \$1,193,131; (21) UA/NA; (22) UA/NA; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) UA/NA; (25) UA/NA.
27	Includes a reference desk, created in the Law Library in August 2005.

TEXAS

All figures are as of August 31, 2005.

TEXAS TECH

All figures are as of August 31, 2005.

2	Includes gift volumes. Separate counts for "purchased" and "not purchased" are not available.

TORONTO

All figures are as of April 30, 2005.

15-25	Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15a) \$102,194; (15b) \$716,969; (15c) \$29,286; (15d) UA/NA; (15) \$848,449; (16) \$13,714; (17a) \$483,238; (17b) \$334,807; (17c) \$60,009; (19) \$161,168; (20) \$1,901,385; (21) UA/NA; (22) \$136,869; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) \$81,192; (25) UA/NA.
15d	\$165,691 was spent on library materials under trust funds, and is included in (15a), (15b), and (15c).

QUESTION
NUMBER

NOTES

TULANE

Due to damage inflicted by Hurricane Katrina, Tulane University was unable to submit data for 2004-05. The 2003-04 data have been used instead, with the library's permission.

VANDERBILT

Volumes held June 30, 2004 revised to 448,961 to reflect the addition of records for an existing 22,973 e-book collection.

1bi Includes 9,111 e-books in new collection for Law Library, Eighteenth Century Collections Online.

2 E-book collection not counted as individual volumes.

VIRGINIA

35 Figure cannot be disaggregated from University Library data.

WASHINGTON U.-ST. LOUIS

4a Serials purchased cannot be disaggregated from those not purchased.

WESTERN ONTARIO

All figures are as of April 30, 2005.

15-25 Expenditures as reported in Canadian dollars: (15a) \$72,381; (15b) \$584,852; (15c) UA/NA; (15d) UA/NA; (15) \$657,233; (16) \$20,695; (17a) \$195,195; (17b) \$106,893; (17c) \$18,582; (17) \$320,670; (19) \$21,235; (20) \$1,019,833; (21) UA/NA; (22) \$35,587; (23a) UA/NA; (23b) UA/NA; (24) UA/NA; (25) UA/NA.

35 These data are handled centrally, not at the Law Library.

APPENDIX –ARL MEMBER LIBRARIES AS OF JUNE 1, 2006

The Association of Research Libraries (ARL) represents 123 libraries that serve major North American research institutions. The ARL Statistics and Assessment program identifies, collects, analyzes, distributes, and describes the characteristics of these libraries.

<u>Institution</u>	<u>Category</u>	<u>Full Name of Institution</u>	<u>Location</u>
Alabama	S	University of Alabama	Tuscaloosa, Alabama
Alberta	C	University of Alberta	Edmonton, Alberta
Arizona	S	University of Arizona	Tucson, Arizona
Arizona State	S	Arizona State University	Tempe, Arizona
Auburn	S	Auburn University	Auburn, Alabama
Boston	P	Boston University	Boston, Massachusetts
Boston College	P	Boston College	Boston, Massachusetts
Brigham Young	P	Brigham Young University	Provo, Utah
British Columbia	C	University of British Columbia	Vancouver, British Columbia
Brown	P	Brown University	Providence, Rhode Island
Berkeley, California	S	University of California, Berkeley	California, Berkeley
California, Davis	S	University of California, Davis	Davis, California
California, Irvine	S	University of California, Irvine	Irvine, California
California, Los Angeles	S	University of California, Los Angeles	Los Angeles, California
California, Riverside	S	University of California, Riverside	Riverside, California
California, San Diego	S	University of California, San Diego	La Jolla, California
California, Santa Barbara	S	University of California, Santa Barbara	Santa Barbara, California
Case Western Reserve	P	Case Western Reserve University	Cleveland, Ohio
Chicago	P	University of Chicago	Chicago, Illinois
Cincinnati	S	University of Cincinnati	Cincinnati, Ohio
Colorado	S	University of Colorado	Boulder, Colorado
Colorado State	S	Colorado State University	Fort Collins, Colorado
Columbia	P	Columbia University	New York, New York
Connecticut	S	University of Connecticut	Storrs, Connecticut
Cornell	P	Cornell University	Ithaca, New York
Dartmouth	P	Dartmouth College	Hanover, New Hampshire
Delaware	S	University of Delaware	Newark, Delaware
Duke	P	Duke University	Durham, North Carolina
Emory	P	Emory University	Atlanta, Georgia
Florida	S	University of Florida	Gainesville, Florida
Florida State	S	Florida State University	Tallahassee, Florida
George Washington	P	George Washington University	Washington, D.C.
Georgetown	P	Georgetown University	Washington, D.C.
Georgia	S	University of Georgia	Athens, Georgia
Georgia Tech	S	Georgia Institute of Technology	Atlanta, Georgia
Guelph	C	University of Guelph	Guelph, Ontario
Harvard	P	Harvard University	Cambridge, Massachusetts
Hawaii	S	University of Hawaii	Honolulu, Hawaii
Houston	S	University of Houston	Houston, Texas
Howard	P	Howard University	Washington, D.C.
Illinois, Chicago	S	University of Illinois at Chicago	Chicago, Illinois
Illinois, Urbana	S	University of Illinois at Urbana	Urbana, Illinois
Indiana	S	Indiana University	Bloomington, Indiana
Iowa	S	University of Iowa	Iowa City, Iowa
Iowa State	S	Iowa State University	Ames, Iowa
Johns Hopkins	P	Johns Hopkins University	Baltimore, Maryland
Kansas	S	University of Kansas	Lawrence, Kansas
Kent State	S	Kent State University	Kent, Ohio
Kentucky	S	University of Kentucky	Lexington, Kentucky
Laval	C	Laval University	Quebec, Quebec
Louisiana State	S	Louisiana State University	Baton Rouge, Louisiana
Louisville	S	University of Louisville	Louisville, Kentucky
McGill	C	McGill University	Montreal, Quebec
McMaster	C	McMaster University	Hamilton, Ontario
Manitoba	C	University of Manitoba	Winnipeg, Manitoba
Maryland	S	University of Maryland	College Park, Maryland
Massachusetts	S	University of Massachusetts	Amherst, Massachusetts
MIT	P	Massachusetts Institute of Technology	Cambridge, Massachusetts
Miami	P	University of Miami	Coral Gables, Florida
Michigan	S	University of Michigan	Ann Arbor, Michigan

S: U.S. public univ.; P: U.S. private univ.; C: Canadian univ.; N: U.S. non-univ.; X: Canadian non-univ.

<u>Institution</u>	<u>Category</u>	<u>Full Name of Institution</u>	<u>Location</u>
Michigan State	S	Michigan State University	East Lansing, Michigan
Minnesota	S	University of Minnesota	Minneapolis, Minnesota
Missouri	S	University of Missouri	Columbia, Missouri
Montreal	C	University of Montreal	Montreal, Quebec
Nebraska	S	University of Nebraska-Lincoln	Lincoln, Nebraska
New Mexico	S	University of New Mexico	Albuquerque, New Mexico
New York	P	New York University	New York, New York
North Carolina	S	University of North Carolina	Chapel Hill, North Carolina
North Carolina State	S	North Carolina State University	Raleigh, North Carolina
Northwestern	P	Northwestern University	Evanston, Illinois
Notre Dame	P	University of Notre Dame	Notre Dame, Indiana
Ohio	S	Ohio University	Athens, Ohio
Ohio State	S	Ohio State University	Columbus, Ohio
Oklahoma	S	University of Oklahoma	Norman, Oklahoma
Oklahoma State	S	Oklahoma State University	Stillwater, Oklahoma
Oregon	S	University of Oregon	Eugene, Oregon
Pennsylvania	P	University of Pennsylvania	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Pennsylvania State	S	Pennsylvania State University	University Park, Pennsylvania
Pittsburgh	S	University of Pittsburgh	Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
Princeton	P	Princeton University	Princeton, New Jersey
Purdue	S	Purdue University	West Lafayette, Indiana
Queen's	C	Queen's University	Kingston, Ontario
Rice	P	Rice University	Houston, Texas
Rochester	P	University of Rochester	Rochester, New York
Rutgers	S	Rutgers University	New Brunswick, New Jersey
Saskatchewan	C	University of Saskatchewan	Saskatoon, Saskatchewan
South Carolina	S	University of South Carolina	Columbia, South Carolina
Southern California	P	University of Southern California	Los Angeles, California
Southern Illinois	S	Southern Illinois University	Carbondale, Illinois
SUNY-Albany	S	University at Albany, State Univ. of New York	Albany, New York
SUNY-Buffalo	S	University at Buffalo, State Univ. of New York	Buffalo, New York
SUNY-Stony Brook	S	State University of New York at Stony Brook	Stony Brook, New York
Syracuse	P	Syracuse University	Syracuse, New York
Temple	S	Temple University	Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
Tennessee	S	University of Tennessee	Knoxville, Tennessee
Texas	S	University of Texas	Austin, Texas
Texas A&M	S	Texas A&M University	College Station, Texas
Texas Tech	S	Texas Tech University	Lubbock, Texas
Toronto	C	University of Toronto	Toronto, Ontario
Tulane	P	Tulane University	New Orleans, Louisiana
Utah	S	University of Utah	Salt Lake City, Utah
Vanderbilt	P	Vanderbilt University	Nashville, Tennessee
Virginia	S	University of Virginia	Charlottesville, Virginia
Virginia Tech	S	Virginia Polytechnic Institute & State University	Blacksburg, Virginia
Washington	S	University of Washington	Seattle, Washington
Washington State	S	Washington State University	Pullman, Washington
Washington U.-St. Louis	P	Washington University	St. Louis, Missouri
Waterloo	C	University of Waterloo	Waterloo, Ontario
Wayne State	S	Wayne State University	Detroit, Michigan
Western Ontario	C	University of Western Ontario	London, Ontario
Wisconsin	S	University of Wisconsin	Madison, Wisconsin
Yale	P	Yale University	New Haven, Connecticut
York	C	York University	North York, Ontario
Boston Public Library	N	Boston Public Library	Boston, Massachusetts
CISTI	X	Canada Inst. for Scientific & Technical Info.	Ottawa, Ontario
Ctr. for Research Libs.	N	Center for Research Libraries	Chicago, Illinois
Library of Congress	N	Library of Congress	Washington, D.C.
Natl. Agricultural Lib.	N	National Agricultural Library	Beltsville, Maryland
Natl. Library of Canada	X	National Library of Canada	Ottawa, Ontario
Natl. Library of Medicine	N	National Library of Medicine	Bethesda, Maryland
New York Public Library	N	New York Public Library	New York, New York
New York State Library	N	New York State Library	Albany, New York
Smithsonian Institution	N	Smithsonian Institution	Washington, D.C.

S: U.S. public univ.; P: U.S. private univ.; C: Canadian univ.; N: U.S. non-univ.; X: Canadian non-univ.